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World News

nine in Nicaragua attack

central Matagaipa province, Ni- and develop products in the US caraguan government radio re- Page 19 ported.

15

11.1

STRALIA

GAPORE

rights activist Lino Hernandez, jailed five months ago over an anti-Government demonstration, and a new alliance to oppose aid to the Contras was formed in the US.

Peres abandons push Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-mon Peres's Labour Party said it was abandoning efforts to bring about early elections over proposals for a Middle East peace conference.

Mercedes strikers fired Mercedes-Benz fired 2,000 black workers who defied an ultima-tum to end a five-week strike which has haited the company's South African production. Page

Single-union deal Leaders of Britain's biggest union, the Transport and General Workers', signed one of the controversial single-union agreements it has been attacking at the annual congress of the labour movement, the TUC.
TUC report, Page 8

New Caledonia rally Thousands of French loyalists

staged a mass rally in the New-Caledonian capital ahead of Sunday's referendum on inde-pendence Patriotic line, Page 2

Bukharin defended Soviet historian Yury Afana-

syev published a strong defence of Nikolai Bukharin, the Bol-shevik leader executed by Josef

Austria cuts spending Austria's ruling coalition agged to make heavy cuts in state spending Page 2

Chirac backtracks

Prime Minister Jacques Chirac 'said that a controversial reform of French nationality laws would probably be shelved un-til after next year's presidential

Heysel fans arrive

Twenty-five British soccer fans arrived under armed guard in Belgium for trial in connection with the 1985 Heysel riot.

Malaysia jailing

Malaysian assistant social services minister Adib Said Besar Sing was jailed for four months by a religious court for having illicit sex with a young woman.

China grain proposal Official newspaper Economic Information proposed that Chi-na should change to a free market in grain.

Zimbabwe killings Six people, including three nurses, were shot dead in an ambush in western Zimbabwe,

police in Harare said. **US fires contained**

Fires that have burned more than 240,000ha of forest in the western US were being contained. Forest Service officials

Tripoli bomb blast Fifteen people were injured in a bomb explosion in a shopping street in the northern Lebanese

port of Tripoli. Chad Stinger plea

The US Government was considering a request from Chad-for Stinger anti-aircraft mis-siles for use in its conflict with

Manhattan spoked

New York's recent restrictions on bicycles in Manhattan were issued improperly and may not be invoked, a state Supreme Court judge ruled.

Ецгоре

Overseas ...

Companies.

Companies.

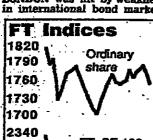
Business Summary

Contras kill Volvo GM Truck in \$100m US expansion

US-backed Contra rebels killed VOLVO GM Truck Corporation nine people in an attack on a of Sweden is to spend \$100m to peasant farm co-operative in expand US production capacity

Earlier the Sandinista Gov. NATIONAL Westminster, UK's ernment freed leading human largest clearing bank, has delargest clearing bank, has de-cided to give independent advice on financial services through its 3,200 bank branches and 80 trust branches rather than selling its own products.

LONDON was hit by weakness in international bond markets



FT~SE 100 2300 2260 2220 2180

> and the unsettled US and Japanese stock markets. The FT-SE 100 index fell 25.9 at 2,249.1 and the FT Ordinary index lost 19.1 to 1,756.1. Details, Page 38 WALL STREET: The Dow Jone

> industrial average closed 4.15 up at 2,549.27. Page 42 TOKYO: Profit-taking hit telephone and telecommunications stocks and the Nikkei market average slid 266.16 to 24.937.93. Page 48

GOLD fell \$0.50 on the London bullion market to close at \$457.50. In Zurich it rose to \$458.25 (\$456.50). Page 30

DOLLAR closed in New York at. DMI 80225, Y141.975, FFr6.0275 and SFr1.4925. It rose in London and SF1:4925. It rose in London to DM1.7965 (DM1.7925); to FF16.0125 (FF75-9950); to SF11.4870 (SF71.4840); but fell to Y141.55 (Y141.70). On Bank of England figures the dollar's exchange rate Index rose 0.3 to 100.4. Page 31

at \$1.6465. It fell in London to \$1.610 (\$1.6595); to DM2.9650 (DM2.9750); to FFr9.9275 (FFr9.9475); to SFr2.4550 (SF₁2.4825); to Y233.75 (Y235.25). Pound's exchange rate index fell 0.3 to 72.9. Page 31

GULF + WESTERN, diversified US services group, boosted third-quarter earnings by 25 per cent to \$102.6m or \$1.66 a share.

SEAGRAM, Canadian drinks group, reported a sharp rise in second-quarter earnings to \$139.4m or \$1.46 a share from Paris bourse regulations, due to be debated in the French Paris and the second parish of the second paris

BENETTON, Italian clothing group which has embarked on ambitious diversification into financial services, is to buy 35 per cent of Euromobiliare Gestione, fund management company owned by Milan-based Euromobiliare, leading investment bank Page 19

NEWMONT MINING, US gold and energy group facing a \$3.3bn bid from Mr T Boone Pickens, has asked its shareholders to defer a decision on the \$95 per share a tender offer.

RADA, New Zealand invest-ment group, has achieved its target of obtaining 44 per cent shares in New Zealand Forest Products and will continue buy-ing at its offer price of 500 cents a share until tomorrow to give small investors the chance to accept the offer. Page 19

ENSERCH, Dallas-based energy group, plans to restructure its loss-making oilfield services segment, sell 20 per cent of the reorganised assets, and file a registration with the US Securi-ties & Exchange Commission over the proposed sale. Page 19

OPPENHEIMER and Co, US investment bank, is suspending operations at its small London Eurobond subsidiary following resignation of the unit's manag-ing director, Mr Alexis Dogi-

Moscow may back call for Iran arms embargo

THE SOVIET Union is likely to back a UN Security Council res-olution imposing an Iranian arms embargo if Iran fails to implement an earlier UN call for a ceasefire in the Gulf war, a nor-

mally well informed Soviet commentator said yesterday.
Soviet support, which had been considered uncertain, would significantly boost the been considered uncertain, implementing the ceasefire rest would significantly boost the olution agreed in July, although for an arms ban.

likelihood that the UN will impose a mandatory ban on weapons sales to Iran if Mr Javier day that Moscow regarded it as days by new Iraqi attacks on land and at lar's mission, immediately press the US will immediately press for Iranian missile attacks on Iraq's ally, Kuwait, last week.

Iran, which had previously overshadowed in the last two days by new Iraqi attacks on straint during Mr Perez de Cuellar, the UN "extremely important" that Mr Iranian targets on land and at

Secretary-General, fails in his Perez de Cuellar should leave

The Soviet commentator expressed strong scepticism about agreement are considered slim-the chances of Iran voluntarily If he comes away empty handed,

peace mission to Tehran and for Tehran.

Baghdad, due to start tomorrow. Mr Perez de Cuellar's chances

BY PATRICK COCKBURN AND EDWARD MORTIMER IN MOSCOW AND ANDREW GOWERS IN LONDON

sea. Yesterday, the Baghdad Government reported that air-craft raided dozens of targets in Iran, including factories, communications sites and an off-shore oil terminal, in revenge for Iranian missile attacks on

Iraq's ally, Kuwait, last week.
Iran, which had previously said it would exercise self-restraint during Mr Perez de Cuel-

prisal strikes and called on Ira-qis to evacuate areas around economic, military and indus-

trial centres.

Tehran confirmed that Iraqi bombing of western Iranian towns had caused damage but no reported casualties, and claimed to have shot down an Iraqi fighter-bomber over a town not far from Tehran. It also became clear yester day that the two large naval tar-

Continued on Page 18

US launches second largest bank rescue in country's history

THE US Government yesterday man and other senior appointmounted the second biggest ments being subject to FDIC approval.

In the country's proval.

In the country's proval.

In the country's proval.

In William Seidman, chair will have the right to transfer will have the right to transfer. of a \$1.5bn takeover of First City Bancorp, the biggest indepen-dent bank in Houston, Texas, and, ranked by assets, the 39th bank in the US.

In a complex transaction or-chestrated by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, First City, which has been spotrist City, which has been spot-lighted since the collapse of oil prices as probably the most unstable major bank in the US, is to be taken over by a private investor group led by Mr Robert Abboud, a leading banker from Chicago Chicago.
First City had total assets of

quarter and its non-performing loans of \$1.1bn were far in exloans of \$1.1bn were far in excess of its \$430m of shareholders' funds. The FDIC will inject \$970m of government money into the deal and Mr Abboud, backed by the Wall Street firm of Donaldson & Lafkin has undertaken to provide \$500m of new equity and preferred stock. First City's existing common shareholders will lose essentially the whole of their investments. Their present 100 present per cent ownership will be diluted to less than 3 per cent. The bank's top management

some banks are too large to be allowed to fail. For all practi-cal purposes in terms of the stockholders and the management, the bank has failed, ' he-

However, by contrast to the biggest bank rescue in US histo-ry - the \$4.5bn bailout of Continental Illinois of Chicago in 1984 - the FDIC will not take over direct control of First City and the Federal Reserve Board will not need to provide any emergency money-market assis-\$12.5bn at the end of the second

emergency money-market assistance to the failing bank.

Instead the FDIC will effectively buy up First City's bad and doubtful loans and segregate them in a new specially formed company whose sole purpose will be to liquidate the loan postfolio. With its belonger loan portfolio. With its balance sheet strengthened by the re-moval of the bad loans and the gest independent banks in Tex-

proval.

Mr William Seidman, chairman of the FDIC, went out of his way to stress yesterday that the rescue operation was not an illustration of the theory that spin-off bank are liquidated, the proceeds will so first to rethe proceeds will go first to re-pay the FDIC and then to the current shareholders of First

In addition, the FDIC will receive warrants which could be convertible into up to 15 per cent of the common equity of the restructured First City. Most of the rest of the equity will be owned by public share-holders who subscribe to the capital offerings on Wall Street to be arranged by Mr Abboud and DLJ.

Mr Abboud is a controversial and aggressive figure, who was chiarman of First Chicago until 1980 when he was forced out by the board, partly as a result of his conservative management of the bank. Mr Abboud was wide-ly blamed at the time for allowmoval of the bad loans and the spool of the bad loans and the spool of the bad loans and the spool of the bar ing First Chicago to be overtaken as the city's leading bank by ranged by Mr Abboud and his syndicate, First City will continue operations as one of the largest independent banks in Texport of the continue of the bar of the will also be replaced, with Mr
Abbond taking over as chair—

as.

Initially \$1.79bn of loans, ments with that company's manmostly in the energy and propagement.

entire Cabinet handed in their resignations yesterday to enable her to try to mend the deep divisions that have grown with-in the Philippines Government and the military since the failed coup attempt 13 days ago.

A spokesman for Mrs Aquino said she would decide soon, perhaps as early as today, which of her 24 Cabinet ministers to reappoint. She has called a meeting of a newly formed Council of State for today rather than convening the National Security Council, which has much heavier military representation.

Manila cabinet

quits in effort

to heal rifts

BY RICHARD GOURLAY IN MANILA

Senior politicians suggested that Mr Jaime Ongpin, the Fi-nance Minister, might be forced out as part of a trade-off for the removal of Mrs Aquino's two top advisers who have attracted most criticism since the coup, Mr Joker Arroyo, the powerful Executive Secretary, and Mr Teodoro Locsin, the special presidential adviser.

However, Mr Ongpin is widely respected in international fi-nancial circles and has been an instrumental figure in renego-tiating the Philippines debt and persuading world bankers of his country's intention to hon-our its commitments. His loss would be a major blow to Mrs

One difficulty in sacking Mr Arroyo and Mr Locsin would be that the dissident military leaders of the failed coup had de-manded their removal, and this rebel victory over a weak president. However, Mr Arroyo has been particularly controversial and has been accused by a wide range of critics within the military, business and church of being a left-wing extremist and an exceptionally inefficient administrator of the presidential

Yesterday's resignations are closely tied to a battle over the direction that government poli-



net, most of whose members remained until yesterday, was made up of a coalition of people topposed to former President Ferdinand Marcos but with widely varying ideas of how the country should develop. Mrs Aquino has often appeared indecisive and unsure about which way to go, but the issnes which way to go, but the issues are now coming to a head.

The resignations came a day after Mr Arroyo attacked three after Mr Arroyo attacked three senior businessmen in a speech to the House of Representaives, accusing them of "high treason" and trying to destabilise the Government.

Mr Arroyo also strongly at-

Mr Arroyo also strongly at-tacked Mr Ongpin for his part in persuading Mrs Aquino to give a government guarantee covering \$56m of debt owed by a private company, Planters Prod-ucts. Some of the country's creditor banks had demanded this guarantee, which they claim the previous government had promised them two years ago, before they would agree to reschedule \$10.3bn of the councy should take. When Mrs Aqui- try's official debt.

Capitalism toasts Germany's leading **Communist**

MR ERICH HONECKER, leader of Communist East Germany.

yesterday made a foray into the yesterday made a foray into the lion's den of West German capitalism. In doing so he raised hopes of new impetus in trade between the two countries.

'For me, Essen was not the town of the Krupps, but of the battling working class,' wrote Mr Honecker a few years ago of the time in 1933-34 when he led political agitation against the

political agitation against the Nazis in the Ruhr steel town. Mr Honecker did not see much of the workers yesterday when he made his first visit to Essen for more than half a century. Surrounded by nervous security men he was given a glittering welcome in the Villa Hugel, the home of the Krupp corporate empire labelled by Mr Honecker in previous writters.

Mr Honecker in previous writings as Imperial Germany's weapons profiteers.

Times have changed. Mr Honecker, on the third day of his landmark visit to the Federal Republic, spent a hectic time toasting and ceremonising with the cream of West German in-dustry. He was welcomed in the 19th century villa by Mr Ber-thold Beitz, the long-time Krupp supervisory board chair-man and the man mainly re-repossible for restoring the corpsponsible for restoring the company's fortunes and image after World War II.

Portraits of the Krupp dynasty glowered down from tapestry strewn walls as Mr Honecker mingled among a select group of company chairmen, top functionaries and political chiefs

Mr Honecker told a respectful West German TV interviewer civilian backed military revolt in February last year, her cabinet, most of whose members reproduced a 'good result' which two Germanys is expected to to-tal about DM 14bn (\$7.8bn) this year against more than DM 15bn in 1985

> being whisked to Essen yester day, Mr Beitz joked about the weather and the Pope, whose visit to Essen in May caused even greater traffic chaos.
> Mr Rudolf von Bennigsen-

Foerder, chairman of Veba, the energy conglomerate which is West Germany's biggest trade partner with the East, said that the political rapprochement that produced a 'signal' for im-proved trade. 'The work is now beginning,' he said.

ames Capel takes over French stockbroker

FRENCH financial markets opened up to the outside world yesterday with the takeover of a Paris stockbroker by James Ca-

liament this autumn, which al-low gradual entry of outside capital into the agents de capital into the agents de change", or brokers.

James Capel, taken over in London's Big Bang deregulation by Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, is the first foreign financial institution to announce the purchase of a French broker. But a number of American and European banks and securities houses, including Barclays and

negotiations with other "agents de change".

At the same time as Capel's announcement, Mr Xavier Du-pont, the Paris Stock Exchange chairman, announced that he is

Shearson Lehman, have been in

to sell control of his broking firm, Dupont Denant, to Credit National, the state-controlled industrial financing institution. Credit National will raise its

stake to 51 per cent by 1990, and the new partnership plans to seek another foreign sharehold-er to take a stake of up to a The new alliances take the radical restructuring of the Paris financial markets a stage fur-

ther. This will end in 1992 with the abolition of the 180-year-old closed shop of "agents de change" set up under Napoleon. The reforms are in part aimed at stemming the increasing number of large transactions in French shares which have

moved offshore to the less regulated London market. The French Treasury has tried to encourage links with a number of foreign banks, partly with the aim of improving the distribution of French securidistribution of French securities to overseas investors. It promoted co-operation, for ex-

ample, between the big state financing institution, Caisse des Depots, and three foreign banks Standard Chartered, Shearson and Daiwa - over the overseas placing of French government

Capel had held talks with some eight firms, but waited to see if the prices asked would come down. It was keen not to move too late, however, in case the French authorities decided to limit the number of "agents de change" which they would al-low to fall into foreign hands. While Dufour is not one of the

largest brokerages in Paris, it is active in block trading with foreign institutions.

Dupont Depant, meanwhile, is estimated to be the fourth most active broker in the French bond market, and also has a strong presence in the Matif fi-nancial futures market. It has FFr2bn (\$328m) of funds under

Daimler links with Mitsubishi

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT, IN FRANKFURT

DAIMLER-BENZ, West Germany's largest automotive group, and Mitsubishi of Japan are in the final stages of nego-tiating a deal to develop jointly automotive a range of vans of all sizes which they will produce in

Mitsubishi will also open some of its dealer network in Japan to Daimler-Benz's Mercedes cars and commercial ve-

of 124,000 last year, and Mitsubi- Daimler in the US and Latin shi, whose Fuso vehicles have an excellent reputation and which is eighth in the world heavy truck production league with a 1986 output of 39,000.

It marks a further step in the growing Japanese presence in the European van market. Nis-san already assembles commer-cial vehicles in Europe, and Toyota is about to start the as-

America and is certain to be viewed with some alarm by the two companies rivals.

Announcing the discussions with Mitsubishi during the run

up to the Frankfurt Motor Show yesterday, Mr Edzard Reuter, chairman of Daimler, also re-vealed that his company hoped to buy 5 per cent of France's state-owned Matra electronics

Continued on Page 18 Daimler effshoot sacks black workers, Page 4; Volvo-GM boosts US investment, Page 19

and motor components group

hicles. sembly of pickup trucks in collaboration with Volkswagen, gether Daimler, the world's lar-thus avoiding restrictions on gest producer of heavy trucks Japanese vehicle imports. It will also open markets to over six tonnes with an output

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	·: . ·	23	Editorial con
	*******	20	Eurobonds . Euro-option
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Britain Companies. Money Markets Raw Materials - Wall Street 35-35,42



WHY THE RADICAL BRAZILIAN DEBT PLAN FAILED

Finance Minister Bresser Pereira: now publicly committed to conventional approach, Page 18 New Caledonia: Holding the patriotic

Bangladesh: Counting out the grain after more flooding Technology: UK scientists scramble for superconductor funding _______ 12

Perez de Cuellar in Gulf: Hope, if only a

Editorial comment: Merchant banks; Clearer targets for BT; Honecker 16 Economic viewpoint: Some home truths on world money Lex: British Telecom; BTR; P&O 18

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Tough Austrian budget targets pensions, wages

which will involve major reduc-tions in pensions and in social welfare services as well as cutbacks in the bureaucracy and decreases in planned wage

The announcement was made after days of discussions in principle by the coalition between Chancellor Franz government it will be debated the Conservative People's Party led by Dr Alois Mock. In spite of differences on the cutbacks, opposition Freedom Party, has narries agreed that the criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition Freedom Party, has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party, has criticised the budget and how the lowered to the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the lowered to the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the lowered to the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has criticised the budget and how the leader of the right-wing opposition freedom Party has cr Vranitzky's Socialist Party and growing budget deficit had to be brought under control.

The budget deficit will reach Sch 75bn (£3.7bn) this year. Dr Ferdinand Lacina, the Finance Minister, said last month unless the budget deficit was controlled, it could reach Sch 100bn by the end of next year. He insisted that the deficit must be kept at around

BY JOHN WYLES IN ROME

POPE JOHN PAUL II today

begins the second visit of his papacy to the US in a fresh

attempt to still discontent in the American Catholic Church with many of his teachings.

visit in 1979, the Pope referred to Americans as the "distracted

affluent"—a remark which some attribute to a basic anti-

capitalism. A less controversial view is that the Pope regards

the huge number of dissent-ients from Church orthodoxy

among America's 53m Catholics

as a product of excessive materialism.

on this 10-day trip will be given to less fortunate minori-

ties: to blacks in New Orleans, Hispanics in San Antonio.

Texas, American Indians in

Pheonix Arizona and to Eskimos at Fort Simpson in

Canada's north-west territories. Other cities on his tour are Los

Much of the Pope's attention

At the start of his previous

government it will be debated in hospital which will bring in when parliament meets on over Sch 1bn to the government October 20. Dr Joerg Haider, coffers.

Pensions are not managed by Government aims to slow down the government but by an recruitment and cut back on independent social services overtime.

Pope seeks to still US dissent

Pope John Paul will be listen-

heterodox positions on matters

such as divorce (1m US Catholics are reportedly divorced) and sexual morality, artificial insemination and

contraception, and the ordina-

Although the American Church does not lack a strong

orthodox wing, many working priests and rank and file

Catholics are upset at his

attempts to clamp down on "liberal teachings" and behaviour. Last year's suspension from teaching at the Catholic University in

Washington DC of the leading theologian, Mr Charles Curran,

brought widespread protests as did the earlier disciplining of

the Archbishop of Seattle, Rt

A radical of true grit, the Archbishop has refused to pay a proportion of his taxes desig-

Rev Raymond Hunthausen.

tion of women priests.

to explanations of their

hoping that, unlike in 1979, South Carolina.

BY JUDY DEMPSEY IN VIENNA

AUSTRIA'S Socialist-led co- Sch 70bn for next year which, institution. Over the years in the said, would mean looking for has run up a large deficit which the government has been the government had been the government had been the government had been the government h Mr Lacina is also aiming to obliged to meet by allocating reduce the share of the net a percentage of the budget deficit in the budget from 5.1 expenditure to the fund. Under per cent to 4.9 per cent during this year and down to 4.4 per cent by the end of 1988. Now that the budget has been agreed in principle by the coalition Sch 30 and Sch 50 per day while

Government, however, can confidently expect to get the budget through.

The areas which have been affected by next year's austerity budget include:

The large and will now be lowered to the age of 25. The allowance of Sch 15,000 for newly-married couples has been scrapped. Total savings will amount to Sch 1.3bn.

The large and the large

Pensions. A reform of the Austrian bureaucracy will have pension is now on the agenda. to find savings of Sch 2bn. The

Nonetheless, the Pope is not

expected to offer his American

flock any new flexibility on doctrine. "He will clearly

defend Church teachings which are under attack, fully aware of the fact that in the US dissent, protest and pressure groups are part of the American

scene as instruments for the shaping of public opinion in society at large as well as within the Church," said Mgr Jan P. Schotte, the Vatican's secretary general of the Synod of Bishops last week

The extent to which the papal

visit wins more hearts and minds could have a direct influence on the Vatican's finances. A Fortune magazine

survey found that a third of

American Catholics earn an average of more than \$40,000

a year. This underpins Ameri-can gifts of "Peter's Pence" every June 29 which account

of Bishops last week.

South Pacific storm brews among French politicians

FRENCH POLITICIANS have embarked on a new dispute over the future of their South Pacific colony of New Caledonia, four days before the island's inhabitants are due to vote in a referendum on whether they want to remain a French possession. Mr Jacques Chirac, the Prime Minister, said in a

television interview that New Caledonia had no desire to become independent, "at least not in the foreseeable future." The Prime Minister also affacked the Frenck television networks for favouring the independentist Front de Liberation Nationaliste Kanak Socialiste in their reports on the referendum campaign.

Members of Mr Chirac's right-wing government are still smarting from the tele-vision film just before the opening of the referendum campaign showing French-police bludgeoning peaceful

The debate has been fanned by reports that Mr Jean-Marie Tjibaeu, leader of the FINKS, had met Cardinal Bernadin Gautin, the personal representative of the Pope now teuring the South Pacific.

French church officials said that it was no secret that the Pope was "sensitive to minority issues," but insisted that there was no question of

The Government has also been trying to play down the importance of abstentions in Sunday's referendam vota. New Caledonia generally has New Calendary generally has a relatively low turn-out at elections, but the vote is expected to be lower than usual following the FLNE's call for voters to abstain.

in bo

Chris Sherwell in Noumea previews a referendum on a troubled Pacific French colony

Holding the patriotic line in New Caledonia

France is unmistakable. The Place des Cocotiers and the Baie des Citrons. Renaults and Peugeots. Gendarmes and games of petanque. Crossants and cafe

Yet is is Noumea, capital of the South Pacific territory of the South Pacific territory of New Caledonia. The main island may be shaped like a baguette, but the fragrane is of bougain-villeas and flamboyants. Balmy sea breezes rustle eccount palms fringing topless beaches. Coral reefs lie in clear waters

Sounds irresistible? Unfortunately, the romantic images are gravely misleading. As a tourist spot, New Caledonia is heavily over-rated and vastly over-priced. Noumea lacks more than chic: it is shabby and dom-inated by a belching nickel smelter. The far from idyllic mountainous contrayside is lamentably undevedloped.

More significantly, New Caledonia after 135 years of rule from Paris is neither a tranquil nor a contented French outpost. The whites, known as Caldoches, are nervous and worried about the future. The indigenous Melanesian Kanaks are sullen and unhappy. The differences

Indeed, though Paris might heatedly deny it, New Cale-donia bears the classic hall-marks of a typical Third World

run deep.

This Sunday, a referendum nationally. will ask voters whether they wish to remain tied to France for ground 35 per cent of all or would prefer independence. French police and army have such funds flowing into the The result is expected to show been deployed to keep the Vatican treasury and which an overwhelming majority in peace and avoid a repetition of were worth more than LASSM favour of France's continued the s (£22m) in 1985. embrace. Yet it will settle which



Jacques Lafteur (right) arrives at meeting to campaign against independence.

The 54,000 whites, together with 18,000 immigrant islanders from French Polynesia and Wallis and 11,000 Vietnamese and Indonesians, are mostly conservative loyalists who can be counted on to favour the Tricolor because, they believe, the alternative will end

conomic prosperity. The 62,000 Kanaks, though they form the largest popula-tion group, are a minority in their own land. Separatist groups among them are urging voters to boycott the referensettler colony, prized too much for its vast mineral resources, its strategic location and its strategic location and its settler privileges.

This Syndow a reference of all credibility inter-

Underscoring the tensions, some 8,000 members of the serious racial v h erupted in

and 1985, when some 20 people Those troubles followed pro-posals from the then socialist cognised the right of the Kanak people to independence, created regional councils in New Caledonia and promised a The 1986 election in France

of the conservative govern-ment headed by Mr Jacques Chirac brought significant changes. The choice before the voters on Sunday is now far more restrictive, and is being made in conditions being made in conditions strongly favouring the status

have paid high-profile visits to
New Caledonia over the past
few months, and the authorities have launched a major
campaign to limit abstentions.

This is the same stand as the important pro-independence front de Liberation National campaign to limit abstentions.

broadcasts jammed.
As voting day has approached. As voting day has approached, political tensions have sharpened. Yestarday Mr Jacques Lafleur, a powerful businessman, member of the French parliament and leader of the anti-independence BPCR party, was allowed to stage a major political rally in the centre of Nouncea to demonstrate sup-Noumea to demonstrate sup-port for continued ties with

Backing his stand is another right-wing group, the Front National. On the other side is the small Liberation Kanak Socialiste (LKS) party, which is using the opportunity of the referendum to urge its sup-

Last month, 300 FLNKS supporters defled a ban on demon-strations and staged a sit-down protest in the Place des Cocotiers. After refusing to

they were set upon by riot police carrying truncheons and Filmed by television cameras and broadcast around the world, it was a major blunder by the hamfisted authorities and a public relations coup at a critical moment for the FLNKS. Two further media-oriented

demonstrations have since gone off peacefully. The idea that the referendam will resolve anything, however believe—is a chimera. The FNLKS, which has already formed its own "provisional government" and has its own flag of "Kanaky," is committed banned, and one pro-Kanak to its campaign for indepen-radio station has found its news dence.

Internationally, France bound to face continued criticism from New Caledonia's neighbours in the South Pacific, The Chirac government will also have to decide when to introduce the relevant legislation to confirm the status of the territory. The big complication here is next year's presidential election, and it could be even bigger if the socialist Mr Francois Mitterrand is returned

Holding the line in New Caledonia meanwhile seems likely to grow more difficult. and more expensive. Many settlers are armed, while radical elements within the FLNKSone of which has links with Libya—want a reversal in the non-violent path followed since Mr Jean-Marie Tjibaou, a violence At the same time certain forms coalition of several separatist former cleric, became its in 1984 of political activity have been Kanak groups which will have It is a recipe for trouble former cleric, became its leader.

he will meet AIDS victims— a proportion of his taxes desig-and Columbia, South Carolina. nated for military spending

to leaders of other churches, of a railway convoy carrying Catholic church workers are nuclear weapons to bases in

While he will also be talking and has taken part in blocking

NOTICE OF NAME CHANGE OF THE

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EUROPEAN NEWS

Bonn borrowing likely to rise 11.5% next year

WEST GERMAN Government borrowing is set to climb a sharp 11.5 per cent to DM 29bn (£9.7bn) next year as Bonn battles to meet higher subsidy payments to the country's coal, aerospace and farm industries. Opening a three-day budget

Opening a three-day budget debate in Bonn yesterday, Mr Gerhard Stoltenberg, the Finance Minister, also warned that Government income in 1988 was going to be hit by a further fall in Bundesbank profits and by the second leg of a DM 195n tax cut.

Mr Stoltenberg introduced a DM 275bn federal budget for next year, a 24 per cent rise

next year, a 2.4 per cent rise on 1987 which, he declared, proved that the Government's efforts to reign in spending had not been derailed.

He predicted economic growth next year of "around" 2.5 per cent and said the Government expected gross national product to grow between 15 and 2 per cent this

Stoltenberg's borrowing projec-tions are fulfilled next year. After it came to power in late 1982, the Government managed to cut new debt from DM 37.2bn to less than DM 23bn in the 1985 budget.

Mr Stoltenberg said the strength of the D-mark against the US dollar—which forced the profits turned over to Bonn by the Bundesbank down to DM 7.3bn from DM 12.7bn—meant-these profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits would fall to Perhaps as a measure of the profits turned over the profits turned over to Bonn for the 1990s, though he profits turned over to Bonn for the 1990s, though he profits turned over to Bonn for the 1990s, though he profits turned over to Bonn for the 1990s, though he profits turned over to Bonn for the 1990s, though he profits turned over the profits turne

The continuing wide differ which he finds himself, Mr ence between the international price of coal and the higher be using reduced figures to price of domestic coal—which describe the reform.

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(Jacobs)



Stoltenburg: predicts economic growth of around 2.5 per cent.

aircraft—the A-330 and A-340—had been included in the budget and that in view of this "considerable" increase in between 1.5 and 2 per cent this year.

Bonn's Neuvershuldung (new debt), though, will have turned around dramatically if Mr. Stoltenberg's borrowing projections are fulfilled next year.

After it came to power in late we will be paying the bill for the continuing pressure on our farmers from falling incomes, surpluses and changes in EC agricultural policies," he said. He was deliberately vague on

Bonn partly pays—meant the subsidy next year would rise to DM 2.4bn from DM 2.3bn. In 1982 this subsidy cost Bonn only DM 500,000.

He said new money to help launch a new family of Airbus describe the reform. When it was announced this year, the Government spoke of a DM 2.4bn total, of which cut. Yesterday Mr Stoltenberg put the total at DM 39bn and the net cut at DM 20bn.

Fiat to sign accord for small-car plant in Poland

BY CHRISTOPHER BÖBINSKI IN WARSAW SENIOR OFFICIALS from Fiat a new model.

of Italy yesterday signed an It is planned that output of agreement here with the Polish the new small car should reach Polish the new small car should reach production capacity at the FSM would be marketed by Fiat in small-car plant in the south of Italy and Western Europe. the country. At the same time Dailatsu, the Japanese car steps were being taken to do the same for FSO, in Warsaw, the FSO modernisation and is offercountry's other car makers.

The agreement signed yester. to start operations in 1991 with ment loans

FINANCIAL TIMES

ing this year's latest Charade as the car to be made there. Much depends on the financing of the deal. Both the Japanese and the day in the presence of Mr. depends on the financing of the Giovanni Agnelli, Fiat's chief, deal Both the Japanese and the is for Fiat and other West European companies to provide guarantee credits for the promachinery and equipment jects until Poland pays its arrears on rescheduled government loans.

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SCHLUETER LIKELY TO HEAD MINORITY GOVERNMENT

Election strengthens extremes in Denmark

A SMALL but decisive shift to Democrats and the Christian allowing too many Asian in support for the more moder, the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes in Tuesday's People's Party—lost seven seats refugees to enter the country, ate Social Democratic Party—the extremes the country party—the extremes parliamentary elections has cast Danish politics into a period of uncertainty. The four-party coalition under Prime Minister Poul Schlueter, which has ruled for five years, lost its working majority, but the socialist opposition failed to

This means that there is no longer a discernable majority for the right or the left, but the most likely outcome is that Mr Poul Schlueter will return again as the head of a new minority government, and face an almost impossible parliamen-

Although the six non-socialist parties have 90 seats in a 179-seat Folketing, or parliament, this slim majority appears to be unusable, because of the Radical Liberals inability to serve in a conservative severnserve in a conservative govern-ment which includes the Pro-gress Party, or a coalition of the left which includes the Socialist
People's Party.
The coalition parties—Conservatives, Liberals, Centre

Hart of the last parliament.
But the party had a dual appeal to the voters this time.
It has played the radical card, criticising the Folketing for

bringing its total to 70—and the Radical Liberals, which had supported the coalition in the last parliament, only gained one The election's most fateful

development was a three-seat gain for the anti-tax Progress Party, bringing it to nine seats. This makes the moderate right dependent on the votes of the Progress Party. But the Radi-cals regard the Progress Party as parliamentary untouchables and say they will not support a government which depends on its votes.

The Progress Party was founded in 1972 by Mr Morgens Glistrup, a lawyer, and bounced

into the Folketing in 1973 with 16 per cent of the vote. Its fortunes have declined together with those of Mr Glistrup, who had to serve a four-year sen-tence for tax fraud, which kept him out of the last parliament.

and it has attracted the votes of those who have become dis-illusioned with Mr Schlueter, especially as the tax burden has risen from 44 to 51 per cent of gross domestic product since 1982.

Folketing again, but his influence in the party is on the wane. Mrs Pia Kaersgaard, the party's front-person in the election campaign, and Mr Heige Dohrmann, the party's parliamentary leader, want the party to drop the protest label and co-operate in the Folketing with the other non-socialist parties. This apparent change of heart is the best chance the country appears to have of muddling through at least in

Mr Glistrup is back in

The other notable development was a further gain for the Socialist People's Party, which went ahead from 11.55 per cent and from 21 to 27 seats, and the complementary reduction

the short-term.

which saw its support slide from 31.6 per cent to 21.3 per cent. In its heyday it could count on up to 44 per cent of the vote.

The party is an unequivocal supporter of raising more taxes and strengthening the resources of the welfare sector, which gives it a strong hold on public sector employees. Its opposition to Nato and European Community membership is an attraction for younger voters especially.

The Danish voter's taste for the bizarre found expression in the election of four members of Faelleskurs, or Common Cause, a party formed recently by the chairman of the Sea-man's Union, Mr Preben Moeller Hansen. He, or his union, gained notoriety last year when they exposed shipments of arms from Israel to Iran in a Danish ship, even earning the union a mention in a speech by Presidet Reagan. Mr Moeller Hansen shares with Mr Glistrup Goria to tour European capitals for Gulf talks

BY JOHN WYLES IN ROME MR GIOVANNI GORIA, Italy's

will argue the need for a more co-ordinated European ap-proach towards ensuring the safety of navigation through the

The 44-year-old Christian Democrat will be flying out of Rome within hours of a Senate vote of confidence in his government which was expected in the early hours of this morning. In the face of strong Communist and other left-wing opposition to the coalition's decision to send an eight-ship task force to protect Gulf ship-ping, the Government decided yesterday to demand its first vote of confidence since coming into office at the beginning of August. All the indications last night were that it should win comfortably.

Accompanied by Mr Giulio
Andreotti, his foreign minister,
who has manifested only tepid
enthusiasm for the Gulf misa distaste for Asiatic refugees. I sion, Mr Goria will first call at cies

The Hague this morning and new prime minister, embarks then move on to Madrid this today on a taxing tour of European capitals during which he Brussels, Dublin and London Brussels, Dublin and London next week, Bonn 10 days later, and then Paris and Copenhagen on October 2.

The public explanation for these peregrinations is Mr Goria's desire "to reaffirm Italy's European commitment." Since this has not been in doubt for the past 30 years, the real reasons have more to do with his desire to build up a badly-needed domestic image of authority and statesmanship.

Such an exploitation of foreign travel has been tried and tested the world over. In fact, Mr Goria has rather more experience of diplomacy than many of his 18 post-war predecessors, having participated in many international gatherings

as Treasury Minister
Nevertheless, he will take the
opportunity to discuss the Gulf
war with other heads of government and, perhaps, to regret the failure of European govern-ments to co-ordinate their poli-

Madrid seeks public Swedish help against ETA

ior attack in the run-up to a Basque trial, yesterday urged people to help police spot separatist guerrillas be-lieved to be at large in the capital,

Reuter reports from Madrid. Police will man two special tele-phone lines round the clock to receive confidential tips, the office of the government representative in

the region said. "The government delegation in Madrid, faced with the possibility that some members of the terrorist gang ETA could be in the Spanish capital to commit a criminal act, asks citizens to collaborate in preventing such actions," it said. Six alleged guerrillas of the se-paratist group ETA (Basque Home-

Turks may

election law

TURKEY'S RULING Mother-

and Party yesterday presenten draft legislation to parliament to enable elections to be held on November 1.

In addition to the existing rule requiring a party to win 10 per cent of votes before it can hold seats in parliament, a new barrier in each elec-

toral district could mean that parties which do not get around 23 per cent of the

mediately criticised by oppo-sition parties who claimed that the Motherland Party was interfering with the electoral system in order to guarantee

itself a large majority. The three main opposition parties last night held caucus meet-ings to discuss a possible boy-

Turkey's election law has

been changed several times in the 1980s and since 1986 has

appeared to guarantee an out-right majority to any party winning around 35 per cent

Meanwhile, Mr Muammer Elein, the President of Turkey's electoral council, said he had serious worries about holding elections in

such a short space of time. He said 2.4m Turks could

he said 2.4m Turks could be disenfranchised unnecessarily. They were banned from voting for five years in 1982 by the military because they did not participate in a referendum held that year. The ban is due to expire on

cott of the election.

change

nary are due to stand trial on September 30. Police said the six confessed they planned to blow up the capital's biggest shopping centre. ETA carried out Spain's wors

modern guerrilla attack in June

killing 21 shoppers with a car-bomb

in a Barcelona supermarket. ETA said the death toll in Barce lona was due to a mistake, but officials believed the attack was a deliberate departure from its usual attacks on security forces in order to force the government to discuss demands for Basque self-determina-

Civil Guard officer through the holm's public transport company bead in Bilbao on Tuesday.

graffitists face fines

TRAVELLERS on the Stockholm underground will be banned from carrying marker pens and spray-paint to try to put a stop to graffiti, public transport officials said yes-

hibited items and suspected of malicious intent risk a SKr1,000 (\$160) fine when the ban takes effect on

"It is up to the police to judge the intent of those carrying markers, but they usually know the kids who are responsible for the graffiti," Mr Suspected ETA guerrillas shot a Hans Oden, legal counsel of Stock-

Carlsson and Reagan agree to disagree on foreign policy

resuming the dialogue between the official. two countries disrupted nearly 30 years ago, US officials said yesterday, AP reports from Washington.

Mr Carlsson and Mr Reagan presented opposing views after a 50-minute meeting on US support for the contra rebels in Nicaragua and Carlsson praised Mr Reagan for the

on the proposed US Star Wars nu-Sweden views US support for the

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan of the Us and Mr Ingvar Carlsson, the Sweden was "sceptical" that the US year. Swedish Prime Minister, agreed to Strategic Defence Initiative would disagree on major foreign policy is- eventually lead to a global eliminasues, but stressed the importance of ton of nuclear weapons, said a US

> The Prime Minister referred to Swedish fears that the space-based anti-missile system would only lead

progress that he had made on reaching a pact with Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, for contras as interference in Nicara- the elimination of intermediategua's internal affairs and has given range nuclear missiles from Eualmost \$30m in humanitarian aid to rope.

Carlsson to the White House Mr Reagan said the two countries should ask Moscow to reveal the fate of a Swedish diplomat who saved thousands from the Nazis in

the Second World War.
Mr Reagan noted that Swedisl diplomat Mr Raoul Wallenberg had been made an honorary US citizen for his work in rescuing hundreds of thousands of Jews

Mr Wallenberg is believed to have vanished while in Soviet custody. His fate has never been deter-

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THE first signs of friction between Sri Lanka's rebel Tamil leaders and the Indian peace-keeping force on the island have surfaced following bitter fighting between rival

A memorandum listing Tamil complaints including partisan actions by the Indian military has been sent to the comman-der of the Indian peacekeeping force, Major-General Harkirat Singh, by the Tamil liberation "Tigers," the key separatist

"We hope this does not mean that the peace accord has started to fray at the edges," a Sri Lankan government pokesman said yesterday.

The letter followed a spate of incidents in the northern and eastern provinces, the areas which are accorded semiautonomous status under the July peace agreement designed to end years of ethnic strife In the northern Jaffua penin-sula and the eastern areas of Vavuniya, Mannar and Trianco-malee, at least 13 people have died in the past few days, mostly in internecine fighting

between rival rebel groups.
The Tigers say they lost seven "comrades" and accuse seven "comrades" and accuse the rival PLOTE group of having ambushed and killed them. But more seriously they also accuse the Indian troops of being "partisan" and in some cases of having "connived" with the rival groups. In a stiff reply, Mr J. N. Dixit, the Indian High Commissioner in Colombo, said the peace-keeping force was "an absolutely impartial body" fulfilling its obligations under the filling its obligations under the

peace accord
The Tigers have also protested that Sri Lankan Sinha lese police are returning to the north and east, in the company of Indian troops and allege they have instigated clashes between

the Tamil groups,
A spokesman for the Tigers
in Jaffna claimed the Indian authorities were angry because the Tamil leaders had not accepted "Indian directives" on sensitive issues such as representation in the interim administrative council which will run the affairs of the north and east until provincial council elections are held by DecemSayed Kamaluddin reports on relief programmes and political fallout after the worst disaster in 40 years

Bangladesh counts out the grain as more floods strike

carrying reporters around one of the areas devastated by the country's worst flood in 40 years: "Shelter, fuel, food," he

These basic needs were mul-tiplied hundreds of thousands of times in the past two weeks after the Ganges and Brahmaputra rivers gave way to mon-soon storms last month.

The man had been left behind by younger family members who had gone to a flood relief centre. His task was to ensure that their cattle and those of their possessions that had not been lost to the elements were not in turn lost to thieves.

Army and civil officials had evacuated thousands of mar-

ooned people, but thousands like the old man have been living in flooded, make shift dwellings on bamboo platforms which they share with their cattle. Many of the dwellings do not have a roof to protect the victims from the continuing rains.

A further 50,000 people were

forced to seek refuge in tem-porary camps in the past two days after heavy rains caused a second wave of floods in the north of the country.

The worst-affected by the new deluge were Siraiganj and

Pabna districts where the Padma, Brahmaputra, Mahananda and other rivers again swelled above their danger



Officials in Sirajgauj said the new flooding would set back efforts to rehabilitate millions of people ravaged by the earlier floods. Many would be cut off from relief supplies, they said. The first wave killed more than 700 people and destroyed crops and property worth \$1.3bn, according to official

Another 200 people had died of diarrhoea and dysentery because they drank contaminated water and ate rotten

Bangladesh's Health Mini-ster, Mr Salahuddin Quader Chowdhury, said more than 2,500 medical teams were fighting to save nearly 170,000 people infected by the diseases. TI BELLIEFE

heets for building shelters and

Bangladesh is a country which, even at the best of times. is unable to feed itself. Many of the stranded people The government's target for foodgrain production for 1987-88 is a record 17.5m tonnes. It were unable to find a dry patch to cook nor could they reach the gruel kitchens run by the recently announced a pro-gramme for importing 2m tonnes of foodgrain, nearly two-thirds under grants from donor administration. Such conditions are common in huge areas of the south-western district of Jessore and the northern district of Rang-

However, even if its efforts to recoup between 300,000 and 400,000 tonnes. by quickly replanting the rice crop after the flood waters recede are successful the total food gap would still be around 3.2m tonnes, the biggest ever. estimated 1.6m tonnes of food-grains and more than 2m houses, about half of them be-yond repair. Some officials fear that the crop losses could reach Major-General Sadequr Rahman Chowdbury, chief re-lief co-ordinator and principal staff officer to the president, said the redict services des-

The presence of the army in the relief operations, together with the government's decision not to involve local politician in relief distribution, ha perately needed corrugated iron minimised corruption.

There have, however, been a are expected to create a large number of demonstrations to number of jobs in the rural protest at what some see as areas in the next three months. From December 1 through to protest at what some see as areas in the next three interestable inadequate relief operations. From December 1 through to Opposition political parties the end of March those in need have organised marches to would be provided with 500 demand more and speedy relief grams of foodgrain per head

President Hossain Mohamm flood, had to face one such demonstration in Sirajganj late last month.

Local newspapers reported programme. that thousands of flood-survivors demonstrated in the southern port city of Chittagong on Tuesday demanding food, clothes and jobs. Similar marches were held earlier in Dhaka and other places amid fears that the floods might in-

vite a famine. The country's planning commission is diverting some of its resources under the annual development programme for creating rural employment and the rehabilitation of rural in-frastructure. Emphasis would be given to projects in transport, water resources, agriculture, health, education and communi-cation sectors which were hit

hard, officials said. Just more than half the cur-rent-year's annual development programme funds of £980m would be made available in the form of project assistance.

Reconstruction and rehabilitation works under the revised aumai desejobment biokramme

each day. Maj-Gen Sadequr said that for Ershad, who has visited a this purpose a special allocation number of areas affected by the flood, had to face one such would be made, in addition to demonstration in Sirajganj late an earlier allocation of 38,000 under the annual development

> Meanwhile, the eight-party and seven-party opposition alliances led by Mrs Sheikh Hasina Wajed and Begum Khaleda Zia respectively and the orthodox right-wing Jamaate-Islami are going ahead with their programme to "siege the capital" on October 7. They plan to demand the president's resignation for his "failure to headly the flood signation." handle the flood situation."

President Ershad, addressing resident Ershan, addressing a rally in the floodswept northern town of Debigani on Tuesday dismissed charges by opposition leaders that many people had starved to death after the floods.

"No one has died from the properties as a possible of mich."

starvation as a result of quick and timely supplies of food and

to disrupt relief supplies or make political gains out of people's sufferings would be severely punished.

Mercedes sacks black workforce in S Africa

oshi ores

MERCEDES BENZ Africa, the wholly-owned subsidiary of West Germany's Daimler Benz yesterday sacked its entire 2,800 black labour which assembles Mercedes trucks and cars as well as Honda cars has been strikebound since August 4.

The dismissals follow weeks of negotiations over unload demands for a minimum bourly rate of Rand 5. The company originally offered a 20 cents an as part of an industrial council award for the industry which was then invalidated by the a provision making May Day a paid holiday.

The company subsequently raised its offer to R3.96 and added another 8 cents to comworking week from 44 to 43 hours bringing the minimum monthly wage to R750. It also undertook to reduce the working week to 40 hours without loss of pay within the next two

last signt blamed the dison for intransigence, pointing out that the company had made three revised pay offers, twice extended return to work deadlines and held back on dismissals for six weeks

Mr Viwe Grarisa, local secretary of the National Union of Mathempiers of Senti Africa.

Metalworkers of South Africa (NUMSA), said workers re-fused to accept less than Rand 5 an hour minimum or its equivalent through bonns or

other payments.

Reuter aids: About 300 black orkers at Colgate-Palmolive, South Africa's biggest manufac-turer of toiletries, have voted to strike in support of wage demands.

pany would meet the union to-day to try to settle the dispute. The workers are demanding a 25 per cent wage increase. Meanwhile, two black men were stabbed to death, a teenager was saved from necklace burning a security forces came under entsck in a flare-up or South African township violence,

Eleven killed in

Philippines revenge ambush

MEN BELIEVED to be members of a government-backed militia in the Philippines blasted houses in a remote village with hand grenades and antomatic rifles at dawn yester day, killing at least 11 people, AP reports from Zambeanga City. Police said they believed the attack on the village of Simanta was in retaliation for an ambush there last Saturday in which two militiamen were killed and two others wounded.

Balaaka Pitan, 62, who sur vived Wednesday's attack, told investigators the victims, mostly children, were asleep when the armed men tossed grenades into their homes and opened

Storm grows over Australia's ID card

RY CHRIS SHERWELL

fronts even wider opposition on another major issue — the planned introduction of an dentity card.

With astonishing rapidity, criticism of the proposed "Australia Card" has spread from opposition political parties to newly-formed pressure groups, the union movement and state

The government wants to troduce the card by 1990 to help stamp out tax fraud and welfare chesting, and says the move would bring in an extra A\$900m in government revenue in the Erst year.

and all opponents are concerned guards against abuse.

The shifting trend in public opinion was indicated in the resuits of a telephone poli con-ducted for the Sydney Morning Herald and the Melbourne Age

The poll showed a dramatic drop in popular support for the card. Compared to a similar survey carried out 15 months ago, the poll of 1,000 people pointed to a drop from 65 per cent to 39 per cent in the num-bers wanting the card and a rise in those against from 27

Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister, yesterday addressed the biennial congress of the trade union movement, reiterating the government's position on the ID card. Specifically, he declared that the Government would not be diverted from its commitment to introduce the card and gave an undertaking that civil liberties would be

in the counter-offensive. One spoke of an "hysterical com-paign of misinformation" and insisted that the card was both right and in the long-term interests of the country. Mr Hawke has elso reminded people

AUSTRALIA'S Labor Government, which recently ran into a storm of party and union resistance to privatisation of out. In fact many wonder public enterprises, now con-whether it would do the trick, Minister, yesterday addressed that, over the similarly content to 50 per cent. Eleven that the first that those opposed to the card per cent to 50 per cent. Eleven that the first that those opposed to the card per cent to 50 per cent

Already the growing opposi-tion looks embarrassing, par-ticularly when taken with the awkward course of the privatisation debate started by Mr There is no doubt that oppos tion to the card is spreading. Mr John Howard, opposition Liberal leader, has called on

Mr Hawke to hold a referendum State governments may als prove troublesome—Sir Jou Bjelke-Petersen in Queensland

Palestinian children *'tortured'*

PALESTINIAN refugee children living in the Israeli-occupied territories are routinely tortured in Israeli military prisons, it was claimed

yesterusy.

A group of American and
Arab Christians alleged that
children as young as 12 are frequently subject to physical
abuse by their interrogators in
efforts to obtain confessions. Sommenting on the allega-tions, the Isreali army said all such complaints lodged with the authorities had been inves-tigated and would be in future. The reports produced by the group and another civil rights organisation in Ramallah,

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THE JERSEY EVENING POST

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*Figures to	1.8.87. Source	e Opal, offer to b	id, net income reinvested

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AMERICAN NEWS

Toshiba accuses Banks fear Forest Line on export rules

BY STEWART FLEMING, US EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

exports to the US because it violated controls on high technology sales to the Soviet Union, yesterday alleged that a French company, Forest Line, breached the export re-

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COLUMN TO STATE OF STREET

BENEFIC SERVE

1 MARIE POR WALL

THE RESE

gulations in 1975. Toshiba is facing sanctions on grounds that its subsidiary Toshiba Machine breached the Nato countries Cocom export controls.

The group also charged that Kongsberg Vaspenfahrikk, a Norwegian company which supplied computer controls for the Toshiba tools was "a full partner to this con-

spiracy."
The machine tools which Toshiba and Kongsberg supplied to the Soviet Union in 1984 allegedly allowed Moscow to reduce the noise made by Soviet submarines, making it to detect them.

In Paris last night, the offices of that Mr Jean-Paul Chamouton, punished. president of the board, was away. But at the company works, Mr Christian Sarret, the secretary of the works committee said: "So far as we know, all the machines produced in our workshops and sold gy. abroad were sanctioned by Cocom."

Western security caused by the company's production facility in sales provoked a storm on Capitol Tennessee, Mr Robert Traeger, who Hill where Japanese trading practices in general have been under posed in the Senate bill would have

to its version of the omnibus Trade plans to export to Japan televisions Bill has approved an amendment and microwave ovens manufactured in the US.

TOSHIBA, the Japanese electronics ports to the US for two to five years. group, facing the prospect of a Con-gressionally mandated ban on its vide for certain exemptions for spare parts and defence equipment designed in part to limit the damage the sanctions could do to the operations of Toshiba's US subsidia-

> In Washington, Toshiba and a terday began a bid to rally support aimed at persuading Congress not to approve the sanctions. The com-pany released both copies of a report on the sales to the Soviet Union prepared by a US law firm and the details of the new programme it has developed to try and ensure that it does not breach Co-

com regulations again.

To butiress its case that further sanctions would be unfair, it pointed out that the investigation shows the Toshiba parent company did more difficult for Western powers not know that its subsidiary was exporting machine tools illegally to the Soviet Union and that in such Forest Line declined to comment on circumstances it would not be northe Toshiba allegations, claiming mal for a parent company to be

The group stressed that those involved in the illegal sales were being punished and that the chairman and president of the parent compa ny had resigned as an act of apolo

Toshiba also brought to Washing The disclosure of the damage to ton the general manager of the re. "a crippling effect on all of Toshi-The US Senate in an amendment," ba's US operations," including its

Liberal Premier likely to tighten hold on Ontario

BY DAVID OWEN IN TORONTO VOTERS in Ontario — the most of the most influential provinwealthy, populous and indusfriaised Canadians province—
go to the polls today in an election expected to consolidate the
position of Mr David Peterson,
the Liberal Premier.

In a disappointingly parochial servative administration of Mr.

r-sharing agreement with shifted the spotlight on

be confirmed as the Liberals' on its role in the last two years man to watch at a time when the federal party in Ottawn under Mr John Turner is at a low ebb.

ton this week, are rivalling ice panies hockey as the national obsession While this approach has

the Liberal Premier.

In a disappointingly parochial servative administration of Mr contest, dominated by subjects such as car insurance, day-care on six conditions. These include centres and beach pollution, the continued protection for the province's vital car industry are all the continued protection for the province's vital car industry are all the continued protection for the province's vital car industry are all the continued protection for the province's vital car industry are all the continued province's vital car industry a stylish Mr Peterson has strolled province's vital car industry through virtually inchallenged, and establishment of a binding As a result, the Liberals, who dispute a settling mechanism ended 42 years of Conservative. Mr Feterson's apparent impregrule in the province by signing nability in the election has

a power-snaring agreement with sources the spottings? On to the the left-of-centre. New Demo-cratic Party in 1985, are expected to gain a majority in opinion polis, it is a race which their own right for the first the NDP, buoyed by the popularity of its national leader, Mr If so, Mr Peterson, 43, will Ed Broadbent, and cashing in be confirmed as the Liberals' on its role in the last two years are to watch at a time when of surprisingly productive pro-

A former philosophy student, a populist campaign, laced with he may also play a pivotal role tilts at the establishment and in shaping an eventual free hard-luck stories, which has trade pact between the US and served the NDP well in its west Canadian heartland. "I didn't Negotiations, which resumed go into politics to fight for the behind closed doors in Washing- banks for the insurance com-

apparently been insufficient to With so many of the Issues dent Mr Peterson in well-heeled under discussion falling under Ontario (unemployment rate provincial jurisdiction. the 5.8 per cent), it has tugged at Ottawa government would prob-sufficient consciences to put Mr ably be unable to implement a Larry Grossman's Conservatives pact without the co-operation on the defensive.

Canada's Loonie saves money for the mint

BY DAVID OWEN IN TORONTO

FEW GOVERNMENT-ordained ac- change. Meanwhile enthusiastic tions offend the sensibilities of the tourists are reported to be visiting public like tinkering with the legal the mint's Ottawa headquarters in

the US Mint's ill-fated Susan B. An., purses that they have already thony dollar is one example of the coined a nickname for it: "the Loonantipathy which such innovations is" - a tender if unflattering refercan generate. Another is the grudg- ence to the Great Northern Diver or ing acceptance in Britain of the Common Loon depicted on its ob-Royal Mint's £1 coin, introduced in . verse face.

Thus the enthusiastic welcome accorded Canada's new C\$1 coin represents something of a coup for ever, during its journey from Ottathe Royal Canadian Mint. The coin wa to Winnipeg to be minted, the seems to have been received with original die mysteriously disap-warmth by Canadians across the peared. The mint was forced to country', puris one satisfied mint

Some 68m of the coins went into Ralph Carmichael. circulation early in July. But as many as 25m or 37 per cent of the mates - at a profit of 88 cents per Loonie's longevity, compared with

unit to the government. measure 26.5mm in diameter and weigh 7 grammes, cost about 12 of more than C\$175m.

cents each to produce. Major retailing outlets, like the department store, Eaton's and the Canadian Tire car accessorieschain, say customers are specificalrequesting the coins in their the end of 1989.

tender, particularly when substituting coinage for banknotes.

The positively hostile reaction to their tion for this new addition to their

Ironically, the coin was originally going to feature not a bird but a band of voyageur canoeists. Howphimp for its second choice; - the Loon - the work of one Robert-

The introduction of a CSI coin in Canada has been discussed in varinitial batch have been scooped up lious quarters, since the mid-1970s by hoarders, according to some esti-. mainly for economic reasons. The the fleeting nine-months life expec-The eleven sided coins, which tancy of the average banknote, spells a potential saving to Ottawa

-About 450m of the bronze-coloured coins, which are made from copper, nickel and scrap tin, are expected to be in use by the time the Canadian dollar bill is phased out at

when you first subscribe to the F.T . 12 FREE issues @Frankfurt (069) 7598-101 now and ask Will Brüssel for details.

FINANCIAL SCANDAL EXPECTED TO SPREAD

Tough times for Texan thrifts

TEXAS SAVINGS associations face a deepening financial crisis which not only threatens to wreak havoc in the Lone Star State and elsewhere but has also become the focus of the largest Federal taskforce ever to investigate white collar crime in the US.

crippled savings and loan industry follows record foreclosures because yesterday. Demands from within his party and from opposition Per-onists to accept the resignation of onists to accept the resignation of of falling oil and property prices.

Mr Juan Sourouille, Economy Min- Trouble in the oil patch has already ister, and change economic policy claimed the fortunes of scores of once prosperous Texas busihave been counterbalanced by fornessmen, such as former governor eign bankers who fear a hardening of Argentina's stance on foreign John Connally and the Hunt brothers of Dallas, who filed for bankruptcy this summer.

The lack of definition of the Government's economic policy has con-tinued to upset local financial markets. The austral dropped a further 4 per cent against the dollar on the parallel market, making a total fall of almost 10 per cent since the re-verse suffered by the ruling Radical party in Sunday's mid-term elec-

ficial exchange rates is now 44 per cent, the highest since the introduction of the Austral Plan in 1985. Unregulated interest rates con-

Argentina's

debt stance

may harden

By Tim Coone in Buenos Aires

POLITICAL and economic pres-

sures continued to mount on Presi-

dent Raul Alfonsin of Argentina

debt negotiations.

tinued to rise in an attempt by banks to prevent deposits being attracted to operations in foreign ex-change and dollar-linked bonds, while local stock market values also said Mr Anthony Adamski, chief of clude insider abuse, loan fraud and loans to institutions around the fell at the beginning of the week.

ations, property sales and development, and investment. Many

The scandal in the state's already

Federal plans for a restructuring of the state's beleaguered thrift in-dustry come at a time when bankcruptcies and bank failures in Texas are also at an all time high.

Grand jury subpoenas have been issued to 400 people in Texas involved in savings and loan operations, property sales and development, and investment. Many prominent businessmen and officials. such as Mr Linton L. Bowman III, the state savings and loan commissioner, and Mr Connally, are included in the investigation.

"What we have here are allegations or indications of criminality," Grand jury subpoenss have been of people. issued to 400 people in Texas in-volved in savings and loan oper-

cials are included in the investigation, which comes at a time when bankruptcies and bank failures in the state are at an all

eral Bureau of Investigation. Six Justice Department lawyers, 19 special FBI agents, a supervisory agent and an 18-person support staff will investigate Savings and Loans (S&Ls), executives and customers.

Federal investigators are to search bank records for evidence of land sales and other deals that may reveal "a network" of thrift officials and borrowers who violated Federal banking laws by conspiring to make illegal profits.

Officials in Washington expect the investigation to take two or three years and extend beyond the state's horders. In recent weeks a Federal grand jury has issued subpoenas involving 30 S&Ls and seeking the financial records of about 290 past and present thrift managers and borrowers.

The Texas investigation will in-

multiple sales among a small circle

Meanwhile, other Federal regulators are scrambling to halt the haemorrhaging of losses at savingsassociations that are beyond rescue. The Federal Home Lone Bank Board estimates that 400 to 500 of the nation's 3,200 S&Ls will require financial assistance from the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, and that 25 per cent of the depleted institutions are in Texas.

Remarks by Mr William Clements, the Texas governor, accusing the Federal government of committing "an absolute fraud on the general public" and questioning the government's commitment to fully backed deposits touched off a run of withdrawals at some Texas thrifts last month.

The financial crisis in Texas is causing problems for thrifts in other states which were enticed into heavy loan participation during the state's property boom.

Data from Ferguson & Co, a Dallas consulting firm, shows that Texas S&Ls issued about \$25bn in loan participations to thrifts in other states between 1984 and 1986.

The impact will be deeply felt outside Texas," said Mr Roy Green, outgoing president of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas. There were a lot of secondary sales of

brings setback for **Brazil land reform**

Death of minister

BY OUR SAO PAULO CORRESPONDENT

Mr Freire had spent the day visiting an agro-industrial project in Northern Para and a private agrarian settlement developed by Andrade Gutierrez, a major construction company, that is negotiating its sale to the Government. The president of Incra, the Government's land reform agency, and other ministerial officials accompanied the minister and are also presumed dead. .

Mr Marcos Freire, 56, who left the presidency of the Caixa Economica Federal, a federal savings institution, just three months ago to resume the ministerial position, had managed to establish a reputation for willingness to talk with landowners, rural workers and the Catholic Church over the contentions issue of agrarian making some headway in a making some headway in a tentious issue of agrarian

BRAZIL'S Minister of Agrarian Since President Jose Sarney Reform and Development. Mr took office two and a half years Marcos Freire, died late on ago, three ministers of Tuesday when a Brazilian Air agrarian reform have tried to Force Hawker Siddeley HS125/ tackle the ambitious goal to 100 exploded seconds after settle 7.1m families on farms take-off from Carajas, in the by the year 2000. They have all central Amazon region, en had to contend with little fundroute to Brasilia, creating yet ing, slow bureaucratic and another setback for land judicial procedures and have come up against entrenched landowners and invasions by

landless migrants. Father Ricardo Resende, a Catholic priest, working with rural workers and landless farmers in the south of Para, said that more than four times the number of farms had been distributed under the last military president than under this government, whose political priorities lie elsewhere. In this

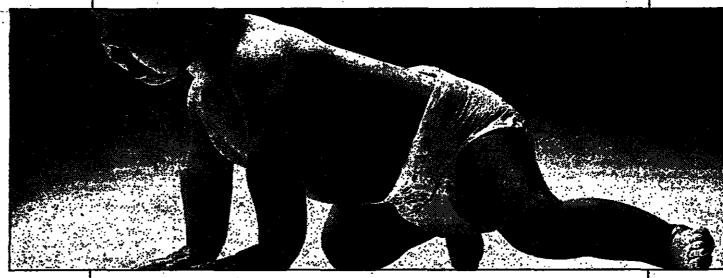
making some headway in a difficult position.

Delieve it or not, but what you're looking at in this picture represents an investment of

That's how much Peaudouce are spending to set up a factory that'll make the product you can see being modelled below.

As for the site for this, their first ever British manufacturing unit, we're proud to say that with the whole country to choose from they eventually decided to build in Telford. Incidentally, once in full swing, the factory's set to produce more nappies than any other in the U.K. So what made the world's third largest producer of "baby bygiene products" plump for

To understand their choice one must first consider the nappy. As a product, its value as compared to its bulk is low. Also, by its very nature, it's a high volume product.





Combine these factors and you can see why, in the nappy world, regular, reliable and economical transport is all important.

Telford, thanks to the M54, and its location close to the heart of Britain's motorway network, admirably meets all these criteria. In fact, two thirds of the entire British consumer market can be reached from Telford by HGV in under four hours.

The French were also impressed with how easy it is to get people to and from the town. Birmingham International Airport is only a forty minute drive away, while just over two hours on a train will get you to the heart of London.

As the new factory is set to create 235 jobs, the ready availability of a skilled, adaptable workforce was another key consideration. Needless to say that in Telford Peaudouce found all the people they needed. Moreover, in the Telford Development Corporation they found the people who could make the whole project go as smooth as, dare we say it, a baby's bottom. Telford Development Corporation not only offered advice and assistance at every stage

of the planning process, but also made sure that the red tape was kept to a minimum. Add all this to the fact that Telford is set amongst some of Britain's most beautiful countryside and you'll begin to understand why the town came top of the French multinational's list.

So if you're thinking about relocating your business perhaps this baby's bottom is just the pointer you've been looking for.

But before you read the rest of the paper we'd like to leave you with one final thought. With £10 million at stake, you can rest assured that when Peaudouce finally chose Telford as the site of their new nappy factory, it wasn't a rash decision.

To find out more ring Chris Mackrell, Commercial Director on 0952 613131.



the Swedish-based institute provides one of the most up-to-date and least politically-motivated monitoring services in this same year, 1986, that French exports fell by nearly half from

Exports of major weapons remained steady last year at the level of the early 1980s, but the US and the Soviet Union at

direction of the flows have be- some disadvantage against sup

The use of private arms dealers, obscure

shipping lines, middlemen and false

end-use certificates have become prevalent

in the world arms market

of deliveries is likely to change Sipri Yearbook 1987: World this year or next, because Armoments and Disarmament, Britain won, on behalf Oxford University Press, £32.50.

STOCKHOLM INTERNATIONAL PEACE RESEARCH INSTITUTE REPORT

Middlemen make arms trade dirtier

19,462 9,881 4,196 1,947 1,208 870 772 327

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because we specialize in looking at bosiness creatively. It took imagination and experience to build a bank with vision. And now that

YARROWS Shipbullding of the UK, part of the General Electric group, was yesterday named as one of three groups shortlisted to design and help build a fleet of 12 new light patrol frigates for Australia

and New Zealand. The other two bidders for the estimated A\$5bn contract, part of a major naval procurement programme, are also European: Blohm and Voss of West Ger-

SALESMANSHIP IN the world

arms trade is getting dirtier as the growing number of weapon producers and exporters chase a stagnating level of business.

This is a key conclusion in

the latest arms yearbook pub-lished today by the Stockholm International Peace Research

Institute (Sipri). It aptly coincides with the latest allega-

tions of scandal in the arms

trade involving a prominent Italian businessman and the clandestine shipment to Iran of mines via a myriad of cover

Illustrating its claim that "the use of private arms dealers, obscure shipping lines, middlemen and false end-use

certificates" have become pre-

valent throughout the arms market, the Sipri report cites

three of the best-known recent

BY DAVID BUCHAN, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

DELIVERIES OF MAJOR WEAPONS

(in \$m at constant 1985 prices)

in the Middle East by Bofors of Sweden.

Sipri says that the bulk of

arms exports--around \$30bn a year in terms of major weapon

systems—are still negotiated by governments. But it believes

commercial aspirations and poli-tical considerations are increas-

China West Germany

cases.

They are the secret White House sale of arms to Iran, the have less money to place orders

apparent transfer by employ with their own domestic arms ees of the HDW shipyard and industries, but remain keen to

ees of the HDW shipyard and industries, but remain keen to protect these industries by promoting their exports.

West Germany of submarine blueprints to South Africa in contravention of a United Nations embargo, and the arms industry as being embued alleged smuggling of arms and explosives to various countries may am moralism. None the less

1985

recognition of the ties between Australian Navy's familiarity the two countries and their armed forces.

Australian Navy's familiarity with the Leander would overcome a technical complication—

armed forces.

Australia is to purchase eight frigates, New Zealand four. Delivery is scheduled to begin in the early 1990s, when the Australian navy is also due to have in service six new dieselectric submarines, worth A\$4bn.

Yesterday's announcement is a bitter disappointment for Vosper Thorneycroft of the UK and Pronav of France, two other favourites among the total

many, and koyal Schelde of the Netherlands.

Netherlands.

The selection was announced in Wellington yesterday by Mr kim Beazley, Australia's Defence Minister, and Mr Bob Tizard, his New Zealand counterpart. The project, they said, would be called the "ANZAC ship project" in the street of the UK and Pronav of France, two other favourites among the total of 19 companies which responses from the ether two groups also involved "substantial modifications of existing standard ships."—the Meko and Vospers was offering a 200 PN in the case of Blohm and Voss, and the M-class defining for Royal Schelde.

and thus last year rates the top exporters as the US, the Soviet Union, France and the UK, in that order. This pattern

now firm up their designs and costings over the next three months. At the same time a list of Australian prime contractors is to be finalised before tenders are called by March next year.
"We are looking for consor

tia which have the technical, managerial and financial skills to complete the detailed design of the New Surface Combatant, and to construct the ships," the two ministers said in a joint

communique.

They said they had also agreed the details under which the two countries would work together to "ensure maximum participation by New Zealand and Australian industry on the

EC begins talks over surge in Turkish acrylic imports BY ALICE RAWSTHORN

THE EUROPEAN Commission kilo compared with a market yesterday began talks with the Turkish Government over the escalation in imports of acrylic yarn from Turkey into Europe.

In the past two years imports of Turkish yarn to Europe have increased dramatically. The intervention of the Commission follows months of lobbying from the European textile industry, which has argued for the imposition of quotas to regulate the influx of acrylic yarn from Turkey.

Until two years ago Turkey produced relatively little acrylic yarn for overseas markets. In Britain, for example, the

lic yarn for overseas markets. In Britain, for example, the total imports of Turkish acrylic yarn amounted to just 45 tonnes in 1984. By last year imports had risen to 3,227 tonnes, or 6.5 per cent of the acrylic yarn market. In the first half of this year 2,219 tonnes of Turkish yarn arrived in Britain. This surge poses a dual problem for British producers, which supply 50 per cent of the market. First, the influx of Turkish imports absorbs much of their growth potential, the of their growth potential, the British acrylic yara market has recovered in recent years following a severe slump at the turn of the decade.

Second, the price of the imports — which sell for 270p a Korea and Mexico.

managing director of Benson Turner, one of the largest British spinners, and vice-president of Interlaine, which represents the European wool textile industry, said that the escalation of cheap Turkish im-ports represented a "severe blow" to acrylic yarn spinners and jeopardised the industry's investment in new plant. In recent years the Turkish textile industry has emerged as an increasingly important force in the world textile market. The surge of acrylic yarn imports is the latest in a line of similar import increases of different textile products.

The European cotton spinning industry is similarly concerned about an increase in imports from Turkey, and from South

Ankara to co-manufacture 700 military helicopters

BY DAYID BARCHARD IN ANKARA

TURKEY is expected soon to initial technical studies for the invite bids for the largest-ever tender in its history, a \$5.5bn contract to communicature an

initial 700 military helicopters.

Models being considered by
the Turkish Government are
said to include Sikorsky's H-76, Bell's B-222, among US manufacturers, and MBB of West Germany's B-109 or B111. gun to change, according to Sipri. The superpowers continue to dominate the business overall, but they have tended to sell relatively more to their allies in Nato and the Warsaw Pact who in turn have sold more to the Third World.

Sipri figures chart actual deliveries rather than orders, and thus last year rates the top exporters as the US, the Soviet Union, France and the Soviet Union, France and the UK, in that order. This pattern The project is likely to de-pend on Turkey receiving a substantial amount of addi-

tional military aid. However, a final go-ahead may now be de-layed until after the Turkish elections in early November. The investment would represent about 10 per cent of Tur-key's GNP and the decision to go ahead with such an expen-sive project is likely to raise

eyebrows in some circles.

The Government says that

delay to EC

dumping inquiry

By William Dawkins in Brussels

FIVE JAPANESE typewriter exporters are to ask the Euro-

pean Commission in the next few days to delay an inquiry into alleged dumping of com-ponents in the EC.

Lawyers representing the

companies involved staged an

emergency meeting in Brussels

earlier this week, where they agreed they had little chance of meeting the Commission's September 23 deadline for put-

ting their side of the argument. They must be at the European

Court of Justice in Luxem-

bourg on the same day, to open a separate appeal against anti-dumping duties already levied

on imports of assembled type-writers—and not even Japanese

The lawyers, representing Brother, Canon, Sharp, TEC Tokyo Electric (a Toshiba subsidiary) and Silver Selko.

however, suspect the Com-mission of trying to make their defence unnecessarily difficult

in what will be an important test case for any non-EC company with manufacturing plants in the Community. They claim the Brussels authorities

have set an unreasonably short time to respond to a case which

was only opened at the begin-ning of this month.

The components inquiry is

has used a tough new trade law intended to stop exporters

from circumventing anti-dumping duties on assembled

products by setting up low-cost assembly plants inside the EC, largely supplied with dumped

All the typewriter companies

are already paying anti-dump-ing levies of 21 to 35 per cent on assembled imports, and may end up paying similar fines on components shapped to EC

plants.

A senior Commission official said the Japanese had not asked for a delay, but that if the request was "well founded" an extension would be granted. The deadline for a response was shorter than in conventional anti-dumping inquiries because the information needed was less elaborate, he added.

the first time the Comm

once, they point out.

awyers can be in two places at

project have been completed and that a site at Murted near Ankara has been earmarked

for it.
This is beside an existing plant where General Dynamics of the United States is comanufacturing F-16 fighter jets in a joint venture with Tusas, Turkey's military aerospace

The contract with General Dynamics, signed in 1983, was for \$4.1bn, much of it coming from United States aid to

Turkey.

Turkey took delivery of an initial half-dozen F-16 fighters this autumn, and work at the plant where others will be assembled and eventually co-manufactured is said to be going much better than sceptics

Japanese request | De Clercq warns of 'dangerous'

protectionist laws Trade protectionism is petentially as dangerous as the wave of restrictive trade laws in the 1930s which con-tributed to the start of World

War Two, Mr Willy De Clercy, European Community external trade chief said yesterday, Reuter reports from Tokyo. "Let me assure you that the fallout from a wave of protectionism would also be a global event," he teld an EC-Japan conference at the

feet of Mount Fuji, near "Do not forget, protectionism and unemployment, which went hand in hand

during the Thirties, contri-buted substantially to the destablisation of Europe, and to the outbreak of the War, Mr De Clercq said the ugly, protectionist mood in the US Congress, directed largely at Japan's trade sur-

pluses, threatened to create a whirlpol of economic and political disasters. However, Mr Shizuma Kojima, Japan's Vice-Mini-ster for International Trade and Industry, citing a falling Shtzoma Japanese trade surplus since May this year, rejected the suggestion that Japan was still dragging its feet as a member of the international

community.
"Japan is undergoing a transformation into a domes-tic demand economy," he

said.

Mr Kojima said opinion in the US and Europe often overlooked the positive side, such as increased Japanese development aid, Japanese development and Japanese development and Japanese torifo melial seat some se the lowest in the world, and

the many success stories of foreign firms in Japan. Mr de Clercq added: "If in the US the camp of the draconian measures they are clamouring for, then quite obviously such measures would fall most heavily on Japan."

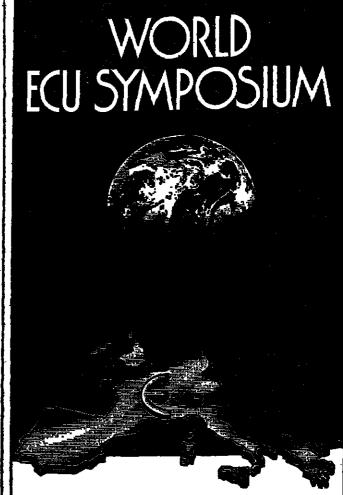
An even higger wave of Japanese exports, blocked out of the US market, would then descend on the Community, and whip up a giorn of protectionism there, he said.

Indonesia acts on piracy

THE INDONESIAN parliament, old law protected only locally facing mounting international pressure, passed tough new laws yesterday to curb the country's huge copyright piracy industry, Renter reports from three to seven years in lail, and gradually the possible production of the protected only locally published works.

sentence for copyright pirates from three to seven years in jall, and quadruples the possible fi \$15,000. The new law provides copyfine to \$60,000 from right protection to foreign films, music, books, computer software, paintings, cultural

films, music, books, computer software, paintings, cultural vasive in Indonesia, and bootperformances, architectural designs and other materials. The



under the auspices of the ECU BANKING ASSOCIATION (EBA)

From Friday 23 October to Sunday 1 November the first World Ecu Symposium will take place in Antwerp (Belgium). During ten days, divided into three sessions of 3 - 3 and 4 days, a large number of stinguished specialists from all over the world will discuss and symmetric to the various associate. will discuss and comment on the various aspects of the European Monetary System and the ECU, i.e. its history, working principles, current uses and future prospects. Lectures will be given by not less than 35 speakers including:

Mr. Valery GISCARD d'ESTAING, Former President of the French Republic, Deputy, Chairman of the Commission of Foreign Affairs of the National Assembly, Grance)

Mr. Leo TINDÉMANS. Minister of External Relations, (Belgium)

Mr. Mark EYSKENS, Minister of Finance, Brussels, (Belgium)

Mr. Willy DE CLERCO, Member of the Commission of the European Communi-ties with Special Responsibi-lity for External Relations and Commercial Policy, Minister of State, (Belgium)

Lord Bruce GARDYNE, Member of the House of Lords, Former Economic Secretary to the Treasury, Director TSB England and Wales pic, London (U.K.)

Mr. Fernand RAU, President of the Finance and President of the Finance an Budget Commission of the Luxemburg Parliament, Managing Director Credit Europeen S.A.(Luxemburg)

Viscount Etienne DAVIGNON. Director of the Societé Généraie de Belgique, Former Vice-Chairman of the Commission of the European Communities, Brussels, (Relativities)

Mr. Martin EDWARDS, Manager Product Develop-ment, National Westminster Bank, London (U.K.)

Chief Economist, Banque Paribas Capital Markets, London (U.K.) Mr. Christopher JOHNSON.

Mr. Gilman GUNN III,

Mr. Alexandre LAMFALUSSY, Director General, Bank for International Settlements Basie (Switzerland)

Dr. honorary Pierre LANGUETIN, President, Swiss National Bank, Zurich (Switzerland).

Dr. Wilhelm NÖLLING, Former Senator of the Free State Hamburg, President of the Federal Reserve Bank Hamburg, Member of the Central Bank Policy Council of the Bundesbank (West-Germany)

Mr. Joseph L O'NEILL, President New York Cotton Exchange, (U.S.A.)

Mr. Dominique RAMBURE, Chairman ECU BANKING ASSOCIATION (EBA), Director area "Europe" istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino,

Mr. Edward J. RAPPA, Managing Director, Bear Steams and Co, N.Y. (USA)

Dr. Diethart B. SIMMERT, Deputy General Manager, Central Division: Economy and Communication, Com-merzbank AG, Frankfurt am Main (West-Germany)

Mr. André A.L. SWINGS, General Manager, Krediet-bank, (Belglum)

Mr. Tasuku TAKAGAKI, Senior Managing Director, Bank of Tokyo, Uapani

Dr. L.M. VAN LEEUWEN Dr. LM. VAN LEEUWEN,
President of the Board of
Directors, Assurantieconcern
Stad Rotterdam anno 1720
NV, Extraordinary Professor,
NV, Extraordinary Professor,
NV, Extraordinary Financial
Institutions, Paculity of
Economic Sciences, Catholic
University of Brabant,
Tilburg (The Netherlands)

Mr. John VAN SCHIL Vice-Chairman, ECU Banking Association, EIB Treasurer, Luxemburg (Luxemburg)

Prof. emer. Dr. John VAN WATERSCHOOT, Chairman Association of Insurance Companies, Brussels (Belgium)

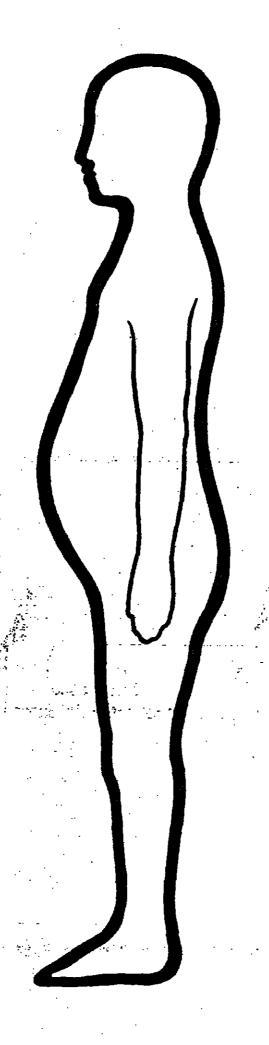
Chairman of the ECU Symposium Mr. André A.L. Swings General Manager Kredietbank Brussels

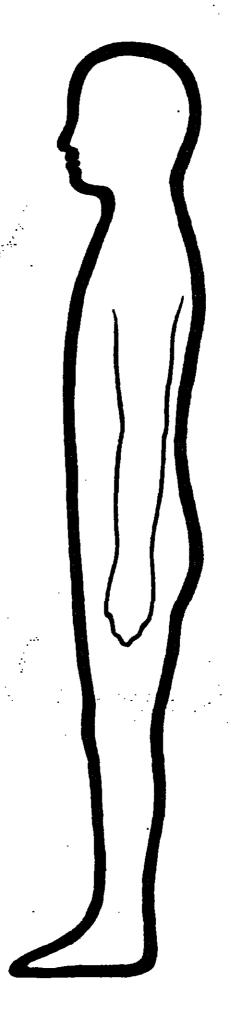
This symposium is primarily and essentially intended for senior executives and managers of financial institutions, insurance companies, major commercial and industrial organisations and stockbrokers.

For further details, please write to: PHOTON SERVICES S.A. WORLD ECU SYMPOSIUM 14, Ave. Jules César, 1150 Brussels - Belgium Phone: 3227620142 Telex: 23101 HELIN B Fax: 3227627078

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THIS YEAR-

- NEXT YEAR

First we examine the figures. Then we help to improve them.

Our auditors have all the virtues you'd expect. Independence. Objectivity. Integrity. (Predictable, but essential.) And a few that might surprise you. Imagination. Flair. Initiative. To us, the audit is not so much a book-keeping exercise, as a business exercise. An opportunity to help management keep the company fit, healthy and in good shape.

Price Waterhouse



TRADE UNIONS yesterday took their first step towards accepting the spread of individual share ownership when the Trades Union Congress at Blackpool voted to seek the extension of new forms of "social ownership."

Although delegates maintained their opposition to the Government's privatisation programme, they also supported a review of policy over the next year which will examine ideas such as employee share ownership schemes.

of the growth in individual and worker share ownership schemes was passed, despite heing opposed by a significant

Two types of share ownership

primarily affect the unions. First, the Government's privatisation programme in which millions of small shareholders

have been rallied behind the dismemberment of many of the

big corporations of the mixed

backed Labour Research de-partment found that the 13

share sales in nine companies had initially attracted about 7.5m small shareholders, declin-

Secondly employee share-ownership has also grown strongly. The Stock Exchange reported in March that about

ing to 5.6m this year.

A recent survey by the union-

Reports by Philip Bassett. David Brindle, Charles Leadbeater, Jimmy Burns and John Gapper Pictures: Alan Harper

review of policy over the next year which will examine ideas such as employee share ownership schemes.

A composite motion "recognising the need" to take account of the growth in individual and worker share ownership schemes was passed, despite being opposed by a significant minority of delegates. the matter is that despite our minority of delegates.

Mr Alan Tuffin, general secretary of the Union of Communication Workers, led the call for a change of thinking, arguing that it was Indicrous to expect new share owners to support a compulsory renationalisation by a future Labour government.

He said such a policy was "unimaginative and unpopular," the matter is that despite our opposition to the sales of public assets, they have continued and, yes, they have been popular." The idea of a review by the



Rodney Bickerstaffe of Nupe and Ken Gill of Tass at the

tually every public service imaginable" was not just a case of "selling the family silver," but of selling the family home and "every stick of furniture." He said the Local Govern-ment Bill's outlawing of contract compliance provision on companies employed to provide services to local authorities would mean benefits only for "cheapskate, safety-cutting, tax-dodging employers."

Delegates unanimously sup-

Delegates unanimously sup-ported a wide-ranging motion which condemned the Govern-ment's privatisation pro-gramme, including sales of publicly owned industries, com-pulsory competitive tendering for local authorities, and the

contracting-out of work
The TUC will launch an antiprivatisation campaign to de-fend services provided by local authorities. A central cam-paign team will commission opinion poll research on privatisation and promote high-quality public services. The motion accepted that there was a need to make public services more responsive and less mono-lithic to win public support.

This may be particularly so in securely profitable companies, in which employees would be happy to have a stake, and in smaller companies where

employees may be one source of growth capital.

The unions are just beginning

to respond, by exploring the opportunities offered by employee shareownership.

The growth of Unity Trust, the trade union bank, will provide unions with financial advice to organise their activi-

ties in this area. The most notable initiative was to

encourage employees of British Airways during the recent privatisation issue, to hand over

Thorough overhaul of economic aims urged

MR RODNEY BICKERSTAFFE, leader of Nupe, the public services union, and chair of the TUC's economic policy committee yesterday signalled the need for a thorough overhaul of the labour movement's economic policies.

Speaking at the opening of a

haul of the labour movement's economic policies.

Speaking at the opening of a debate on economic policy, he said "There is no point in educating and campaigning for the 1990s on outdated policies. We have to develop policies for the 1990s."

He acknowledged that the Government's policies had led to a rise in living standards for those in work, a strengthened economy in parts, and an increase in profitability.

We badly need profitable companies, but the Government does not tell us about the relentless rise in imports, and the pensioners, young people, and others who have not shared in the economic benefits.

The economic growth promoted by the Government was built on shifting sands, he said. In contrast the unions wanted to see economic policies which would provide real foundations for growth based on investment in new technology and skills.

for growth based on investment in new technology and skills.

an amendment on unemployment submitted by the National
Union of Mineworkers, which
called for the elimination of
overtime, cuts in working time,
and early retirement, combined
with the defence of established
working practices, as a stratesy

But we haven't yet convinced
our members."

Labour and the unions
wanted a better health service,
defence of convince first our
members, and then the Government that
and then the Government that
members did not know we are not some motley crowd
our policies genuinely express
the needs and assirations of the

gress chairman. ress charman.

The debate provoked sharp exchanges between Mr Arthur Scargill, NUM president, and Mr Bill Jordan, the moderate leader of the AEU engineering union, which had moved the

union, which had moved the substantive motion.

Mr Scargill, told delegates that "the promised land lay over Jordan." Mr Jordan rebuked thim. "You may be the only one in this hall who can walk on water Arthur but most of us cannot. You are not greater than your members."

Mr Jordan angused Mr Scare. greater than your members."

Mr Jordan accused Mr Scargill of living in history. He added: "But our members cannot afford to because their jobs depend on it." The unions need members with jobs rather than union leaders with medals, he

Mr Jordan said unions had to consider the introduction of flexible working practices to raise competitiveness because without them jobs would be undermined by import penetra-

Mr Bickerstaffe said that in spite of the policy outlined in the moton it would be up to individual unions to co how to approach negotiations over flexible working practices. Congress unanimously approved a motion condemning moves to break up national pay bargaining arrangements.

No palantype link PALANTYPE Reporting Ser-

Edmonds says talk more to members less to ministers

said yesterday.

The GMB wants to see unions

abandoning the pretence of talking to a Government that will not listen to it, and instead to concentrate their resources on areas of work that would be more helpful to union recruitmore neaprns to union recruit-ment. Though the union agreed to remit its resolution to the TUC's review of union organisa-tion, the issues it raises are im-

In a highly-regarded speech,
Mr Edmonds made a strong plea
for union representativeness in
the face of a Government indifferent or hostile to trade unionism. The Conservatives had won the crucial economic debate three times in successive general elections.

He said: "Why should the

Government take us seriously?
We claim to speak for over 9m
but we can't get much more
than 5m to vote for the party
that supports our policies. We try to convince the Government. But we haven't yet convinced

TRADE UNIONS need a change of balance in their operations—talking less to Ministers, and more to their members, Mr yohn Edmonds, general secretary of the GMB general union, said vesterday.

taxes.

He said: "Something strange" has happened to us. For 20 years, general secretaries have walked the corridors of power. walked the corridors or power. But somewhere, in the excitement, we have forgotten the lesson that we teach to every shop steward on their first training course: trade union power is based on the united support of the members. You have to convince the members before you can convince any-

one else."
He called for a change of balance in union work — "less' policy making, and more policy, explaing," less detail and, more concern for the concept, and most of all "less talking to Ministers and more talking to members

He said that after the com, fortable years for the unions, this would be a big change, and would make some people hesi-tate. But he warned: "We don't have much choice. And we don't have much time.

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John Edmands: cancentrate on work to increase union recruitment.

Support for protection of manufacturing industry

Special rise for London

A REPORT by employers on for white-collar staff are about

councils staff opposed BY DAVID BRINDLE, LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

DELEGATES backed a call for Mr Grantham was supported British manufacturing industry general secretary of the after being told that to rely on facturing union Tass. service industry growth was to encourage a "low growth and

Mr Roy Grantham, general secretary of the white collar union Apex, said that if the decline of manufacturing industry was allowed to continue, the country would be unable to generate a sufficiently high level

He said that the unions should press for Government

the protection of all sectors of by Mrs Barbara Switzer, deputy facturing union Tass, who said that congress should press for parts of manufacturing industry to be taken into public owner

The motion—calling for a campaign to ensure protection and to raise public awareness of the crucial role of manufac turing in the economy—was passed overwhelmingly

It reaffirmed congress's commitment to manufacturing as PALANTYPE Reporting Setvices and Palantype Transcription have asked us to point out
they have no responsibility for
the equipment referred to in
Tracedar's report from congress.

Set of the pre-condition for Estimate to
compete effectively in world
markets and blamed the decline
of employment in the sector on
government policy.

Education reform plan attacked

DELEGATES unanimously backed the co-ordination of a campaign of opposition to key aspects of the Government's proposals on education reform. Two proposals were singled out as having the alleged potential to lower standards, undermine teacher morale, and deepen social divisions: the imposition of a national curri-culum and the right of schools to opt out of local authority

Speakers also rounded on plans to test pupils at the ages of 7, 11, and 14. They argued that this would lead, in combination with other government policies, to the reintroduction of selection and a two-tier system of education.

Mr Ian Morgan, National Union of Teachers president, said there was "little wrong" with the notion of a common curriculum. But he claimed the proper consultation and vastly increased resources needed to make it effective were impossible dreams.

He accused the government of manipulating the education service as a "tool for humiliating and disabling" local authorities.

Ms Diana Warwick, general secretary of the Association of University Teachers, criticised attempts by the Government to increase centralised control of control of the print union Sogat '82, gaid the Government was considering felling in the with increase centralised control of higher education. She argued that a "rigid

would undermine

the capacity for originality in educational establishments and lead to a collapse of morale. Opening the separate debate on education and training. Mr Norman Willis, TUC meneral secretary, said that the imposition of VAT would further hinder the interest of the British that education was a vitally important issue to ordinary

But he added: "What the Government is not responding to is that we have to raise standards generally not just to accommodate the better-off and the more pushy," not just the academically gifted and the most concerned parents.

THE UNIONS are only slowly 1.5m people owned shares in coming to terms with the companies they worked for. The extent of share ownership growth on, the political orienta-tion and financial aspirations to gauge. If it matches the tion and financial aspirations to gauge. If it matches the of their members, the political proportion of the workforce in climate and partcularly the unions, the number of trade labour movements plans on social ownership, and increasingly the conduct of collective bargaining.

Their members, the pointest proportion of the workforce in the number of trade unions, the number of trade between three to four millions. More than 90 per cent of the national Communications Union's 130,000 members in British Telecom, for instance, took up free share offers, and 80 per cent took advantages of discounts to boost their

the skilled and unskilled working class, has been the main source for new sbareholders. About 40 per cent of share-holders in privatised companies come from social classes, C2, D, and E. Overall the proportion of shareholders drawn from social classes C2, and C1, has grown from 38 per cent in the early 1980s to 60 per cent this ocial classes C2, and C1, has control most of the same trown from 38 per cent in the capital on the stock exchange. While personal shareownership privatisation issue, to hand over arry 1980s to 60 per cent this. At the grass roots of collective bargaining employee share-tive bar

gress debate, a sign by one exit from the Blackpool Winter Gardens hall beckons encouragingly. "This is your free entrance to the Wonder-

it promises. Dr Peabody's Play Palace

lies on the other side, full of giant inflatables on which

children can bounce around while the adults have fun

bouncing the congress agenda back in the hall. Here too are interesting symbols of the wenderful world of work. This way to the "Peabody

illding site," where the

kiddles can throw coloured building blocks around in

direct contravention of health and safety regulations.

But the site is empty: the job

must have been farmed out to

books VAT

THE TUC is to mount a cam-

European Community policy to

harmonise indirect taxation.
This could lead to printed matter being exempted from VAT, or subjected to a tax of

up to 15 per cent. Books, periodicals, and newspapers are

competitiveness of the British print industry and lead to Job

losses particularly among small companies. A tax of 15 per cent would lead to a 14 per

should veto the proposed har-monisation legislation, she told

cent fall in demand, she said It would amount to a tax on knowledge and the Government

Campaign

against

Scotland, the North, the towards profit, and performance and more companies turning to midlands have played their related pay, often resisted by share options to involve, and unions. Share options are also motivate their employees, indistance started by the share options are also motivate their employees, indistance and more companies turning to relations to involve, and unions. Share options are also motivate their employees, indistance increasingly contribute to the hance commitment to a combackground. son, the public relations pany, company, which found an even Put simply they argue that spread throughout the country, it is sometimes in a share-The growth of individual holder's interest to make shareownership has set up a number of dilemmas for the unions.

Charles Leadbeater looks at the steady growth in employee share ownership

Workers who flock to become little capitalists

initions.

For many union leaders, particularly from the left, share-ownership is a means to incorporate workers more fully into the capitalist enterprise, while real financial power remains outside their hands. While the number of individual share-holders has grown enormously, this has done little to stem the decline in the value of share decline in the value of share shares, they are not so easily this has done little to stem one decline in the value of share capital owned by individuals. Big financial institutions still control most of the share control most of the share that stock exchange.

However much workers made shares, they are not so easily convinced that they can entirely control most of the share while personal shareownership.

self-employed sub-contractors. Here is the Peabody slide

-obviously modelled closely on union membership figures -and just round the corner

is a rather odd machine

welded together from several

others and which everyone is ignoring. Perhaps it is the Peabody composite motion

Over there is a burger bar,

run by a young woman who is the perfect target for the recruitment campaigns everyone is talking about in the hall — female, hourly-paid,

working in catering. No, she

is not in a union. Actually, she has never been approached to join one.
But children are now on

the congress agenda, and Fred Jarvis has taken on the

profits. It is never in a worker's interest to do that. The promotion of worker shareholding

sembly. There has been too

much talking in class, he warms, as the other masters

en the platform nod gravely.

debate is about to begin, and look - someone has kindy

donated a prize for the best

speaker. A highly polished statuette of the kind awarded

to promising funior golfers stands at Fred's right hand, glinting under the lights. A well-informed and rea-

soned discussion proceeds —

taking in such topies as the

"Monty Sorry" schools, the problems of "young tray niece" and the need to offer

"free dums in later life" to youngsters who cannot yet

All speeches continue to

Stern headmaster chides morning assembly

typewriter for the benefit of deaf delegates. On the platform, the headof getting famous characters from literature to contribute their thoughts, and first up is Tom Sawyer to tell us abou "clap sing services." For some reason, he opposes such

a television screen linked to

computer and shorthand

innocent entertainment.
Out side the hall, the fun goes on regardless in the ent areade—where a machine with a yellow flashing light on top is giving free advice to congress. "Change," it says bluntly. That's what they're trying to do. you idiet.

John Gapper Tuesday's report from congress.

OTHER LABOUR NEWS

Unity Trust unveils new range of services

UNITY TRUST, the trade union bank, yesterday launched a series of initiatives aimed at offering a wide range of financial benefits to union members in a move which will be seen as a further step towards more market-based trade unionism. Though many of the services either duplicate or compete directly with those run by or offered to unions currently, the unions as major shareholders in Unity Trust will eventually benefit from its financial The range of services institution and MAI to offer launched yesterday at a special insurance services, aimed at presentation in Blackpool for particular occupational groups

TUC General Council Pensions. Though Unity Trust is advising union mem-bers where possible to remain in occupational schemes, it is offering with Colonial Mutual

A STAFF appointment by Unity Trust has cleared the way for Militant Tendency to strengthen its control over the CPSA civil servants' union, write David Brindle. Ms Jane Hustwit, the CPSA's national organiser, is

to leave the union to take up a senior post with Unity Com-munications, one of Unity Trust's new subsidiarles. Her departure leaves a key

particular occupational groups Epic communications company among union members such as Unity Communications to coorry drivers or farmworkers. Investment management.
 Unity Investment Management.

its supporters. The national organiser instigates and co-ordinates CPSA activities at local level. Ms Hustwit has not been active in any of the union's warring political groups.

The CPSA national executive committee's Broad Left

Ocumunications. The institution is setting up with the

vacancy in the CPSA which

the union's controlling and Militant-led Broad Left faction

is expected to fill with one of

ordinate and conduct union communications, and carry out bers where possible to remain in occupational schemes, it is offering with Colonial Mutual a fully portable personal scheme. No commissions will be paid, allowing maximum benefits.

Insurance. Unity Insurance, a 50-50 venture between the service to unions.

Unity Investment Management, a wholly-owned subsidiary, will advise unions on their portable starting with Colonial Mutual advise unions on their portable personal schemes. Where the folios, probably starting with the Tuc's own staff pension fund.

Trust managing director, said ingly at branch level. The institution said yesterday first step in serving 9m trade unions. Through Security the services would give unions a first-half profit of £350,000, real financial and operational service to unions.

majority recently appointed two leading supporters, Mr Frank Bouner and Mr Eddle Spence, to assistant secretary posts. They will side with Mr

John Macreadie, deputy general secretary, and Mr Terry Adams, another assistant secretary. Opponents of Broad Left fear an exodus of other officials

The institution is likely by the beginning of next year to start calling itself a bank, probably under the name of Unity Trust Bank. Currently, two-thirds of its 58 shareholder unions place their funds with Unity Trust at national, regional and increas-

Controversy at birth of nursing magazine

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risk

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DIRECTORS EDHICES Warranty & Indemnity Insurance Surrey SM1 4DU. Tel: 01-661 1491 Telex: 8951673 EPISL G Regional offices: London, Birmingham, Halifax,

BY OUR LABOUR STAFF THE Royal College of Nursing, run it from offices separate although Mr Trevor Clay, being asked to believe it is an the biggest union not belonging from the union's.

union general secretary, says independent magazine." the TUC, yesterday published the first issue of what it says will be the first union-luanced magazine to be on general sale through news-

But the weekly magazine, Nursing Standard, ran into immediate controversy over the Nursing Standard, ran into From September 30, how-immediate controversy over the degree of independence of its a week for both union members and the general public

editorial stance.

The RCN has invested £1.3m in the magazine and has set plus 44 pages of recruitment advertisements — does not company, Scutari Projects, to

262,000 members.

from the union's.

The magazine, which will compete with the established Nursing Times, replaces the RCN's internal weekly newspaper. The first three issues are being sent free to the union's authough Mr Trevor Clay, union general secretary, says in an insert that it is "our" magazine.

There is a page of "RCN news," but many other news atories and articles also refer to the RCN or carry comment from it. There is no apparent from it. There is no apparent reference in the magazine to any other union.

Ms Judith Carter, nursing and midwives' negotiator for Cohse, the TUC-affiliated health workers' union, said yesterday: September 30 when we go on "This is going to have no credibility with nurses who are our hands tied by the college."

independent magazine."

Conse says it was approached Cohes says it was approached repeatedly to suggest stories. Mr Steve Weaving, the magazine's editor, said it was "unfortunate" that the RCN was the only union mentioned in the first issue. It was the general intention to include nursing stories on their merits. for Nursing Standar Mr Weaving declared: "The real test is going to come on September 30 when we go on

before the end of October.

However, a summary has been prepared in advance of negotiations next week on London and London fringe allowances for local authority white-collar staff. Nalgo, the white-collar union, is seeking large increases.

The summary are allowances in London in an attempt to deal with the difficulties of the few."

At present, allowances in London in an attempt to deal with the difficulties of the few."

The summary says that, on an inner London payment of the basis of returns from 42 per fl.395 a year to £225 a year in cent of councils in England and wales, overall turnover rates Guildford, Surrey

recruitment and retention 15 per cent—17 per cent in problems in local government London and 16 per cent in the santial increase in London sub-stantial increase in London illittle cause for concern." allowances or introduction of a special pay premium for the whole of the south-east.

He cause for concern."

Recruitment problems were found to be concentrated in the south-east affecting in particular in particular in the cause for concern." whole of the south-east.

The report says problems are limited to certain professional occupations and are best dealt with by individual local authorities on a piecemeal basis.

The findings and recommendations are likely to act as a brake on the trend—set by the banks—of large rises in London weighting allowances and payment of a separate allowance for workers in the south-east outside the capital.

The report, prepared for the Local Authorities Conditions of expected to be published in full before the end of October.

However, a summary has such as cancer allowances would be such as car leasing, enhanced relocation packages and mort-gage subsidies. south-east affecting in particu-

Racal in pensions row

BY OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT RACAL, the electronics group, said last night it would not abandon a two-year pension contributions "holiday" in the face of disruptive action at its

The Racal group as a whole is saving an estimated fight Racal Decca subsidiary.

saving an estimated filem through the two-year holiday. Unions representing workers designed to cut fund surpluses at the subsidiary yesterday con-firmed they were calling for an overtime ban to try to press 1986. The Decca fund alone has the company to improve pen- a surplus of almost 27.7m.

UK NEWS

National Westminster to City's view offer independent advice

NATIONAL WESTMINSTER, Brit-ain's largest clearing bank, has de-biased financial advice than ever TSB. cided to give independent advice on before," Mr Charles Green, deputy financial services through its 3,200 group chief executive, said. Selling bank branches and 60 trust branches rather than selling its

As a consequence of this decision, if is looking for a buyer for County Unit Trust Managers, its unit trust business with £400m in funds under

been forced by the polarisation rule outlets for their products. devised by the Securities and Investments Board, the new financial services regulator, is in stark con-trast to that taken by all other lead-ing clearers. They are planning to the interest of the consumer." turn their bank branches into company representiatives, selling only in-house life, unit trust and pension

NatWest's approach, however, is the same as that taken by all leading building societies, apart from bank's products.

crease its share of Britain's person-

only the bank's products "would not, in our view, be in the custom-

NatWest's decision was immediately backed by the Campaign for Independent Financial Advice, a group of life assurance companies letermined to preserve independent intermediaries as marketing

It rushed out a statement saying: "The decision by the other clearers

Other banks defended the routes they had taken. Mr Peter Axten, who runs Midland's personal financial services division, said market research showed most bank cus-

Abbey National.

The bank hopes that, by taking the independent route, it will aptracted a structure of its husiness.

NatWest's decision was intuition too high enced not only by its desire to interest too high crease its number of customers but Many in attracted. also by the structure of its business. It owns an insurance broker and a not too expensive. unit trust business but no life com-

NatWest felt that, if it had taken the alternative route, then the operation of its successful insurance broking business, which made would have been hampered.

By choosing to be an independent intermediary, it will lose the major branches introduce 60 per cent of County's business. But the unit trust business is less of a moneyspinner than the insurance broker.

NatWest said it had approached several institutions who were inter-ested in buying County Unit Trusts, but that the sale would not be concluded for several days.

NatWest refused to name either the price it was looking for or the research showed most bank cus-tomers, felt safe buying their own bank's products.

NatWest's decision was infin-

Many institutions are likely to be attracted to County provided it is

Sacked Hill Samuel directors were negotiating with BZW

group's entire curporate finance description to Barclays' de Zoete Hill Samuel's corporate finance Wedd, it emerged yesterday.

The deal, if it had succeeded, department has ISO people and 17 department has ISO people and ISO people a

would have been unprecedented in 150 companies. the City of London, involving the transfer of several dozen people, as well as department's clients and records as a complete going concern.

The intention was that BZW would by Hill Samuel for conducting the make a navnent to Hill Samuel for make a payment to Hill Samuel for negotiations without informing the

al directors had been agreed, al-duty as directors. though no price tag had yet been set on the business. The deal was conditional on the acceptance by Hill Samuel's board of a formal of the best interests of the bank. BZW, which is the newly formed investfer by BZW, which was to have ment banking arm of Barclays been made on Tuesday. The depart Bank, declined to confirm yesterment had earlier turned down an day that it was the group involved

the business.

Negotiations had reached the Davies, the chief executive, depoint where compensation packages for the department's individuable and a breach of their fiduciary

THE TWO Hill Samuel directors offer from another group because it in the negotiations. However, Barwho were dismissed on Tuesday only "cherrypicked" certain people, clays Bank said that it had made an and was not conditional on Hill approach to Hill Samuel at the time of its merger talks with Union Bank of Switzerland in July about buying parts of its business. But it said the

> News of the dismissals brought a further fall in Hill Samuel's shares yesterday, which closed at 634p. down 28p. However, the fall was ar rested by the announcement that two large Australian shareholders who have been stalking the group

FAI Insurance, controlled by Mr Larry Adler, increased his interest from 14.5 per cent to 14.7 per cent, and Mr Kerry Packer's CP Interna-tional went from 12.5 per cent to 13 per cent. The shares are believed to have been bought before the news

of small investors criticised

By Philip Stephens

nounced preferential treatment for the 185,000 holders of personal equi-ty plans in the forthcoming British Petroleum share issue. At the same time he took a sideswipe at the City of London for not doing enough to

pects for both a widening and a deepening of individual share ownership, the Chancellor said managers of PEP schemes – schemes aimed at encouraging wider share ownership through tax concessions which started in Jamuary this year - who registered with the BP share information office would be able to get the same guaranteed allocation and preferential treatment for their customers being

istering with the office directly.

The £7.5bn sale of the Govern ment's shareholding in BP is due next month and the special arrangements for PEP holders are designed to enhance further the pros-pects of a successful sale. Mr Lawson, who introduced tax conces-

erential treatment in privatisation issues will be an important further

Mr Lawson, speaking in London at a meeting of the Wider Share Ownership Council, was sharply critical of what he called the failure of the City to respond vigorously to the opportunities of wider share

In particular, he regretted the decision by some securities houses to tion taken so far by the Stock Ex-change and Bank of England, but said that others in the City should tion quickly.

The growth of small sharehold ings was not an "irksome problem as some still seem to see it, which will soon go away. It is an exciting aspect of the new Britain which is

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

THE CHARTERHOUSE BUY-OUT FUND

\$100 MILLION

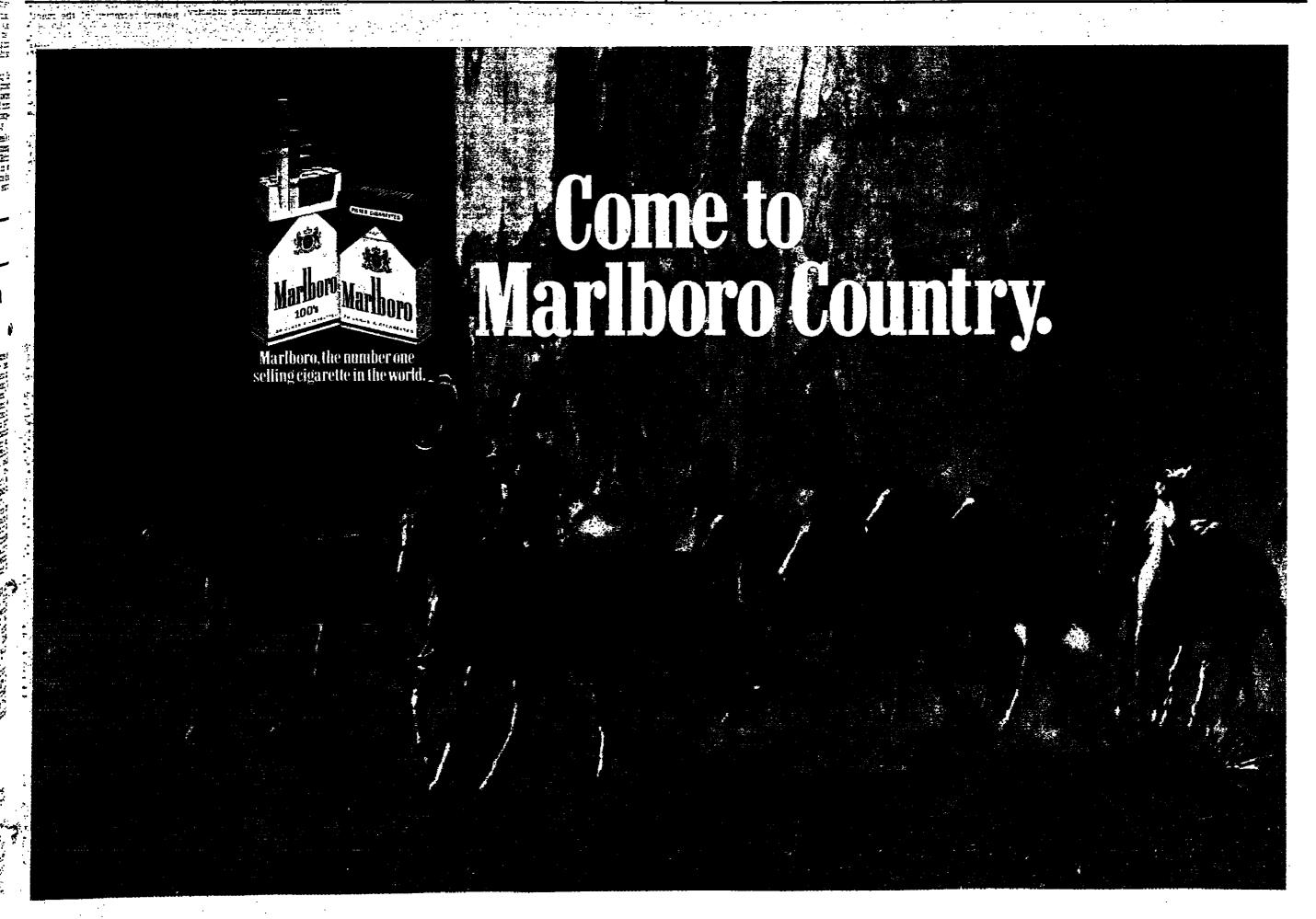
PRIVATE PLACING

The Placing, which has been completed, has raised \$100 million from a number of UK, US and European investors to invest in Buy-outs in the United Kingdom and Continental Europe.

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August 1987



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TION of lustry CIE WED

PM in top-level talks on power industry flotation

THE Prime Minister and senior Cabinet colleagues have agreed to meet on Monday to review the Government's general strategy for privatising the electricity industry. No 10 Downing Street confirmed last night

The meeting, probably at Chequers, is expected to be attended by Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, Lord Whitelaw, and Lord Young as well as by Mr Parkinson.

Mr Cecil Parkinson, the Energy Secretary, will tell his colleagues of his broad general colleagues of his broad general conclusions about the industry after an intensive round of talks between himself, Mr John Guiness, deputy secretary in the Energy Department, Mr Willy Rickett, the Assistant Secretary co-ordinating the project, and senior industry executives. After a detailed presentation from Mr Rickett, discussion by ministers is expected to be open-ended with no agenda for detailed

decisions.

The main questions which ministers are likely to be addressing are the extent to which competition can be introduced into the industry at the time of privatisation. They are also likely to look at the question of how to liberalise the purchase of coal and the extent to which it is feasible to encourage free international to move shead as soon as pos-competition in the market for British power station coal.

It is now widely recognised in the industry that any scheme popular capitalism.

for a radical break-up of the Central Electricity Generating Board would take a considerable Board would take a considerable time to prepare, so full privatisation might not be achievable until the next parliament.

Even if the CEGB were left intact, reorganistion of the 12 area boards, which distribute and market electricity, would probably also take time. Some observers have suggested that the area boards should be formed into companies with an obligation to ensure future supplies of electricity and at least some control over the national grid.

grid.

They might in this case form a counter-weight to the CEGB with the ability to build or order new power stations and to encourage the development of independent competitors in

of independent competitors in the power generating market.

Ministers will probably also consider the long-standing question of how to reorganise the industry in such a way that the bodies responsible for selling and pricing electricity also have more control over its supply.

The recent public anxiety about the performance of British Telecom and British Gas as private sector menopolies may persuade ministers that it is worth taking more time to work out a competitive solution for out a competitive solution for electricity. However, the Prime Minister is known to be anxious

The hydro board's desire for

separate confidential advice put

strain on the arrangement with its counterpart and it decided

electricity industry in Scotland is decided by the Government,

there is, or could be, a need for

hydro board to get a separate

The hydro board's change of

abandon the joint arrange-ment with the southern board stems from its desire to

There have been suggestions

that the hydro board, which has

a good public image and has largely amortised its pre-

dominantly hydro-electric gene-rating plant, could be more attractive to investors than the much bigger southern board.

That board will be 60 per cent dependent on nuclear-generated electricity when the Torness advanced gas-cooled reactor

separate advisers."

Scottish boards split over advisers

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

THE NORTH of Scotland Hydro- under a joint holding company Electric Board has appointed a separate merchant banker to give it financial advice on the privatisation of the Scottish to seek a separate adviser.

Mr Michael Joughin, chairman of the hydro board, said yesterday: "Until the post-privatisation structure of the electricity industry. The move comes only two weeks after it and the South of Scotland Electricity Board had named a team of banks to advise both boards. The hydro board appointed Charterhouse Bank, the merchant banking subsidiary of the Royal Bank of Scotland, to be be advised by the joint team of Noble Grossart, the Edinburgh financial institution, and Samuel continue to serve the southern

The Scottish Office and the two boards are studying the advisers focuses attention on structure that the industry some of the difficulties of should have after privatisation. privatising electricity in Scotshould have after privatisation.
The two boards have different generating and financial structures, although they co-operate closely in power generation through an agreement which entails extensive swapping of

electricity. The hydro board's decision to obtain separate confidential advice about its chances of remaining a largely separate entity after privatisation. This could mean the two boards being privatised separately

BA spends £53m on computer expansion

By Terry Dodsworth, Industrial Editor

BRITISH AIRWAYS is launching the largest computer acquisition in its history with a E53m expansion programme aimed at preparing itself for adoption of the revolutionary Gaileo centralised reservation

system.

The modernisation project will be spread over three years and involve spending £37m on equipment and £16m more on extending the company's com-

puter facilities.

It will mean the group's annual capital budget on its computer activities, running at about £10m in 1982, will rise to about £50m a year over the

Mr John Watson, BA director of information management, said the group was expecting that by 1990 its spending on information technology would rise to 5 per cent of turnover from about 3 per cent today,

A significant part of that spending goes on the group's computerised passenger reservations and travel-information system, where demands on computing gower have been rising by up to 40 per cent a year.

Mr Jones said the expansion was expected to create 250 jobs over the next 12 months, representing acceleration over the recent growth rate. BA employs 1,500 people in its information-technology department.

The programme also empha-

IBM machines are also being used for the Galileo reservations system being set up by several leading airlines. The compatibility of the new BA machines with those being installed for Galileo should ease

Boston votes to privatise docks

shire, are to be privatised by the local council to finance improvement schemes.

Councillors have voted to sell at least 51 per cent of the docks, wholly owned by Boston Council, to private investors. A com-pany is to be formed to begin pany is to be formed to begin operations next April.

The move follows indications from the Government that it would not be prepared to sanction expenditure by the council of £10m needed to secure existing by the council of £10m needed to secure existing by the council to be a council to the business and the first business and the secure existing the secure of the council to the business and the secure existing the council to the council ing business and to attract new traffic. A prospectus is being

installation period.
Mr John Watson, BA director

technology department.

The programme also emphasises the strong position of IBM, the world's largest computer group, in the expanding market for large mainframe machines for the airline industry.

IBM will provide four of its 3090 computers for the project in which the machines will be linked in a high-volume operating system allowing the computers to handle more than 1,000 transactions a second.

IBM machines are also being

the software programming to link up the two networks.

In addition, BA is to buy IBM 3090s to cope with the growth in traffic in its existing growth in traine in its existing work, in areas such as engineering, catering, and airport operations. It will also buy a similar machine supplied by Amdahl, the leading maker of IBM-compatible mainframes.

By Richard Evans

THE DOCKS at Boston, Lincoln-

TWO ENGLISH companies have decided to open new factories in Wales. The investments will create 300 jobs, atthough all of its present 220 capacity should increase by 75 manufacturer is relocation in two of the country's most depressed areas.

Sheer Pride, an office furniture manufacturer is relocating its business from Weybridge in Surrey to the Cynon Valley, near Aberdare, to move into a larger, more modern plant. John Hine, which makes hand-crafted model cottages, is opening an additional manufacturing plant in Wrexham.

The relocation of the Sheer

Pride business from Surrey to capacity should increase by 75 mer cent. Sheer Pride will then develop its systems furniture develop its systems furniture facilities.

The new plant will cost from the weish Office.

The new plant will cost from the weish Office.

The new plant will cost from to open and some of the investing and some of the investing throughout the world, will open a new plant in a former Coursteffective to open such a site in the south-east of England. The new Wrexham factory will intially employ 25 people, but more jobs should be created in the future. comes fully on-stream next year. | prepared to attract investment.

David Lascelles charts the moves that led to a top Hill Samuel executive's dismissal Swete's dreams end in disappointment

expand its corporate finance department a few years ago, it drew up a list of the top ten practitioners in the business. That list featured Mr Trevor Swete, the head of corporate finance at Hill Samuel.

Today, Mr Swete no longer holds that position. He was dismissed on Tuesday morning for negotiating the proposed sale of Hill Samuel's corporate finance department to another company—a deed described by his boss as "reprehensible." But in the fast-moving world of corporate finance, where any-one with a name and talent is in big demand, Mr Swete will not be short of job offers. Many not be snort of 100 oriers. Many people sympathise with the shock expressed by Mr David Davies, Hill Samuel's chief executive, but in the post-Big Bang City, it is not a blot that will stain Mr Swete's career for life. Some may even applaud him.

him.

He spent yesterday at his Holland Park home returning more than two dozen calls that had piled up on his answering magchine. It was a little early to be enjoying a holiday. He returned with his family from 10 days' wachting off the Turkich 10 days' yachting off the Turkish coast only a week ago.

Like most people who achieve success in his profession, Mr Swete, 42, is ambitious, sociable and well connected in the world of husiness and frame. During a business and finance. During a 15-year career at Hill Samuel, he and his deputy, Christopher



Christopher Roshier (left), David Davies (centre) and Trever Swete.

good at telling other people how to run their businesses, but they are not always very good at running their own," he said in a recent interview.



Christopher Roshier (left), David Davies (centre) and Trever Swete.

group's corporate finance department into one of the City's more successful businesses.

He is also said to have suggest the City. The group met once a month over dinner to discuss the claims never to have sought the job.

One of his wevries at Hill Samuel was that corporate financiers are constantly in danger of being dazzled by good at telling other people how to run their businesses, businesses, he created a department into one of the department more self-securities on a big scale. When Union Bank of Swittender to discuss the City. The group met once along in July with a merger offer that would have corrected all those failment and strategy. Mr Swete and his collegues saw a chance to realise from the academic and business worlds, to join the board and offer advice and criticism.

But while his department more self-securities on a big scale. When Union Bank of Swittender to discuss the City. The group met once a month over dinner to discuss the management of the department of the management of the department into the board and offer advice and criticism.

But while his department more self-securities on a big scale.

When Union Bank of Swittender to discuss the management of the department into the controlled three outsiders.

But while his department more self-securities on a big scale.

When Union Bank of Swittender to discuss the management of the department and startery offer that would have corrected all those failment and business from the academic and business.

But while his department into the collapse of those talks was a bitter disappointment, and it inability to trade debt securities on a big scale.

When Union Bank of Swittender to discuss the management of the department and cane along in July with a merger offer that would have corrected all those failment and cane along in July with a merger offer that would have contained in great provide and criticism.

But while in department in the department and cane along in July with a tively small capital position, its



offers were pouring in.
It is not entirely clear how

the deal with another grand, believed to be BZW, was put together. But it was intended to involve the transfer of the department look, stock and barrel, with some kind of compensation for Hill Samuel.

Mr Swete and Mr Roshier both maintain vehemently that that was better than the destruction of the department as its directors left, and the damage that that would have caused to Hill Samuel. In today's intensely competitive market, it would have been virtually impossible to replace them

They insist that the deal was conditional on Hill Samuel's approval although it is not clear whether Hill Samuel would have had much choice: if it said no, most of the department would have absconded anyway.

It was an acutely nncomfortable dilemma. Some people will support Mr Davies's view that the honourable thing for Mr Swete to have done was to Mr Swete to have done was to tell management about the approach at the very first moment. Instead, Mr Swete and his colleagues took negotiations to the point where the compensation for individual directors had been agreed, and then presented Hill Samuel with what amounted to a "take it or leave it" offer. leave it" offer.

Others will argue that there are few points of high principle or loyalty involved: Hill Samuel's future looked increasingly uncertain, and here was a deal that would keep together a successful team.

Kittiwake

approved

THE Government yesterday ap-nounced approval for the de-velopment of the Kittiwake North Sea cilfield at a cost of some £350m.

The development, by Shell and Esso, is expected to provide employment for 2.500 people in the offshore supplies industry while the platform is

The companies announced in

By Max Wilkinson,

oilfield

Scotland 'needs economic power devolved'

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

SCOTLAND REQUIRES that economic rather than political power be devolved to it so that state-owned concerns.

The proposals come a few days after Mr Malcolm Rifkind, Scottish Secretary, indicated that the Government intended during its third term of office to concentrate on reviving in Scotland a spirit of enterprise and on breaking down a cul-ture of dependence on the

suffered in Scotland at the future for a Scotland sucked general election when it lost 11 deeper into parochialism sustained only by a phoney culture the institute says Scotland of a kitsch astionalism." power be devolved to it so that it can regenerate a healthy and self-assertive economy, says the Adam Smith Institute, which today launches proposals concentrating on the separate privatisation in Scotland of the currents of a modern concentration of the currents of a modern concentration.

the currents of a monern economy.

Successful politicians were "perceived to be those who could go down to England, begging-bowl in hand, to secure more crumbs from the rich man's table. This has applied to politicians of all parties."

Welsh investments to create 300 jobs

of a kitsch pationalism."

It lists 20 innevations designed to make scape for Scotish talent and skills and to provide the pasis for industrial and innancial growth "based on the next century instead of the previous one."

It proposes that the Government, in its forthcoming privatisation of the Scottish electricity industry, should give two weeks priority for share applications from Scottish private and institutional applicants.

The Forestry Commission,

and on breaking down a cult spiritus. and institutional applicants. The forestry Commission, state. That is in spite of the severe a call for political devolution. The forests in Scotland, should be setback the Conservative Party It argues: "There is no bright privatised as a Scotlish com-

pany, giving priority to Scottish share applicants. Scottish banks should no longer be restricted by the Bank of England on the amount of currency they can issue on a fiduciary basis, Moves should be made to break up the big epuncil-housing estates. The institute also proposes

the institute also proposes that there should be a separate Scottish passport when the Furopean Community passport is introduced next year. The Prime Minister should have an official residence in Scotland similar to Chequers and there should be a separate Scottish honours list. Initiatives for Scotland; Adam

July that they were prepared to push ahead with the project after a cost-cutting exercise that reduced the initial estimates of about \$500m by 40 per cent. Smith Institute, PO Boz 316, London SW1 3D4.

The field, about 100 miles east of Aberdeen, is one of the smaller North Sea reserves, containing about 70m barrels of oil. The oil will be transported by tankers rather than by pipe-line, and associated gas from the well will be piped to the nearby Fulmar platform.

Three Scottish oil platform yards, Highland Fabricators at Nigg, RGC at Methil and Mc-Dermott at Ardesier, are expected to compete for the order to build the 6,000-tonne jacket on which the platform's super-structure rests. Kittiwake is Shell-Esso's ninth North Sea

LINC In

Partition (a

Government has also The agreed in principle to plans by RTZ to develop the Crosby Warren oilfield near Scunthorpe in South Yorkshire. The company has been given planning permission for the field, which is expected to yield some 370,000 barrels over six years.

Hugo Dixon analyses an institution's unorthodox decision not to sell its own life insurance products

NatWest banks on demand for independent financial advice

NATIONAL WESTMINSTER advice on all the life and unit-Bank has taken a big gamble trust products available in the in deciding not to sell its own life, unit trust and pension of only one company.

The decision appropried vector.

The rule is designed to proproducts through its branches.

The decision, announced yesterday, contrasts starkly with those taken by all other leading clearing banks.

If NatWest is right in its view of how personal financial interest and pension of the product. Ironically, it is likely to result in less independent advice being given on the bigh streat.

If NatWest is right in its view of how personal financial services markets are developing, it will see continued growth in its share of the banking market. If it is wrong, it will find profitability under pressure at a time when other banks are using their branches are using their branches as outlets for a range of finan-

This division in the banking This division in the banking industry has been caused by the the bank's products would not rule called "polarisation" have been in customers best interests.

Investments Board, the new financial services regulator.

It requires all banks and building societies to decide involving 2,000 bank customers, between giving independent showed that many people did

NatWest differs from the other clearing banks in its perception of what the consumer wants. Mr Charles Green, one of the bank's deputy group chief executives, argued that people were more in need of unbiased financial advice than ever before and that a decision to sell only

Bank/Society National Wester Company representative

Royal Bank of Scotland

Halifax Abbey National

Company representative

Company representative

Company representative

selling life insurance. The overwhelming majority of those who did, he said, thought banks were selling their own products anyway and had no objection to this. NatWest which did not carry out market research before by the Campaign for Indepentaking its decision, argues that

not know that their banks were even though people may not

perceive a present need for in-dependent advice, their percep-tions might change. The bank will soon start a marketing campaign emphasising the advan-tages of independent advice.

tion of life companies that sell to their products through indepen-intermediaries. Camifa is planning a high-profile advertising campaign and yesterday backed NatWest's move.

owns an insurance broker and like Barclays, Lloyds and TSB, not a life company.

Even so, Midland and Royal Bank of Scotland, which have a similar business make-up to NatWest, have decided to sell their own products.

to operate branches. NatWest found neither route

attractive. It did not want to sacrifice its insurance broker, which earned £16m pre-tax last A further factor that influ-enced NatWest's decision was that the broker would have the make-up of its business. It been able to work effectively owns an insurance broker and under the restrictions imposed owns an insurance bloker and the sign by the SIB.

Its plan is to dispose of its plan its plan is to dispose of its plan its plan is to dispose of its plan its pl

unit frust company and to con-centrate exclusively on inde-pendent advice. To buttress that strategy, it will be retrain-ing staff and installing viewdata NatWest, have decided to sell only their own products through their branches.

Midland will probably overcome its lack of a life company by cannibalising its insurance broker, thus building a life company internally. Royal Bank, on the other hand, is planning to continue referring require much capital whereas customers to its insurance broking does not planning to continue referring require much capital whereas running a life company does.

Two interlinked questions.

its staff to sufficient standards?
And will it be able to achieve sufficient penetration for its advisory services throughout its customer base?

Training staff to sell one -training stair to sell one range of products is easier than training them to sell the whole range available in the market. NatWest has doubts about the ability of its staff to sell personal pensions, which are expected to become big business next year. ness next year.

If it cannot train staff to give sophisticated financial advice, its strategy for financial services will be severely dented. In that case, those banks which have chosen the simpler route of selling only their own products will be the winners. NatWest's Mr Green admits that it is not possible to predict the result. He said: "The proof of the pudding is in the out-

Glaxo licensed to sell Zinnat oral antibiotic

GLAXO, Britain's biggest pharmaceutical company and manufacturer of Zantac, one of the world's best-selling drugs, has been granted a UK licence to sell Zinnat, its new oral

Zinnat should prove a useful addition to the company's antibiotics range, which generates annual sales of about £200m, compared with total group sales of £1.4bn in the 1986 financial year. Zinnat, a second-generation

drug of the cephlosporin family, is designed to treat a range of bacterial infection bacterial infections.
Glaxo says worldwide sales of oral antibiotics are about \$5bn (£3bn), of which cephlosporins account for about \$2bn.
The company hopes for approval to sell the drug in the US by the end of the year and in Japan by late 1988, with Zinnat generating annual world. in Japan by late 1968. Will Zinnat generating annual work sales of about \$250m by 1991.

WE'LL PARK YOUR WAGON WHILE YOU HEAD WEST.



PAN AM EXCLUSIVE: FREE VALET PARKING AT HEATHROW FOR TRANSATLANTIC FIRST AND CLIPPER CLASS PASSENGERS.

UK NEWS

David Thomas on the challenges facing the chief of a major telephone group

BT opts for consistency in its chairman

IAIN VALLANCE'S elevation, starting pest month, to the top job at British Telecom is a continuity when Britain's main telephone company is going through its biggest crisis aince privateation. Mr Vallance was born and bred in the business. Not only did he lain the Post Office. BT's predecesser, immediately after studying at Oxford University, but he followed in the footsteps of his father, who was Post Office director in Scotland. Still only 44, Mr Vallance was the highest of high filers in the telecommunications world. He is about to replace Sir George Jefferson as BT's executive squipment inherited from the chairman—a role one eminent described as "the most important job in British industry." Yet he is also inheriting one of the most difficult legative to be found,

BT has been slammed, not institute for calls going astray.

BT has been slammed, not out for calls going astray in quaries being permanently engaged, but also for responding to such criticisms in an over-defensive way—just like the bad old days of state overcome such difficulties. It is clearing the backlog of obsolete squipment inherited from the days of government control and the took last recently as chief the valuance was intermittently involved in shaping that strategy, most recently as chief the provided in the provided in the provided in the provided in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating in the country "— the words of the most loating

cies to be found,

BT was once considered one of the lewels in the grown of the lewels in the first of the big utilities to be sold, it over came considerable scepticism about the City being able to Moreover, it would not be handle a privatisation issue on that scale and it also ushered in the era of wider share ownership.

This year, however, the applause has come to an about BT's a plus or a minus, depending failure to homeover its quality on the view of what BT needs

Wate openan occurs.

My Vallance was intermittently involved in shaping that strategy, most recently as chief executive, the iob he took last year. He is therefore unlikely to deviate from current policies or from his goal of delivering a telephone service second to none in the world by 1990.



Sir George Jefferson (left) outgoing chairman and Iain Vallance, a "high flyer."

t present, a high fiver."

In the present of appeared uncomfortable with the grandiose vision, peddled that the time of privatisation, of at the time of privatisation, of at the time of privatisation, of a prew suggestions on how to improve service.

Yet Mr Vallance may not be suggestion, on how to improve service.

Yet Mr Vallance may not be improve suggestions on how to improve service.

Yet Mr Vallance is immensely that that BT's everwhelming artisulate in explaining BT's tasks and strategies, which should help improve BT's distant to make dramatic forays internationally or into the last year before the latest row realm of equipment manufacturing.

That should please BT's when the Government is due to make decisions on the frame-

work of telecommunications in the 1990s. Those decisions are more likely to go against BT if the company has not got its act together in the meantime. Mr Vallance is also likely to argue for continuity in that arena. The spate of other announcements made yesterday only served to reinforce the

view that the company has opted for continuity at the top. Mr Vallance took the top job over the head of Mr Graeme Odgers, who yesterday became managing director. Mr Odger's background is outside BT — most recently as managing director of Tarmac, the con-struction group — becoming a BT full-timer only last year

when he was made deputy chairman.

When Mr Odgers took that job, it was widely seen as setting off a struggle between Mr Vallance and Mr Odgers, with Mr Odgers representing those forces which believed BT needed a new vision — although some insiders dismiss this view. some insiders dismiss this view as oversimplified.

There were remours—never confirmed—that the company had been considering importing an eminent outsider with no telecommunications background as non-executive chairwan to shake up the company.
Whatever the truth, Mr
Vallance is now set to occupy
the top job at BT for a long

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Labour to consider taking public's view

BY JOHN HUNT.

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aro ke sell Zie al andiv A PROPOSAL that the Labour Party should take widespread from pensioners, an attempt to improve the appeal of its policies is to be appeal of its policies is to be and young people. It suffered a bad satback in southern policy committee on Monday.

The plan is being put forward in a report drawn up by My Tom Sawyer, chairman of the committee and deputy of public meetings to be held in such areas in an attempt to find out why support for the party has fallen off.

Hard-left members of the committee, such as Mr Tony would oppose any move they saw as an attempt to filinte socialist policies in order to capture the middle-class vote.

The intention is to find out why support for the party has fallen off.

It is envisaged that that would oppose any move they review groups headed by members of the Shadow Cabinet or National Executive, appointing result among trade unionity voters in the general slection, particularly among skilled workers. There was also to the groups it aseds to attract.

LBC launches campaign for 1m more listeners

BY RATMOND SHODDY

LONDON Company, Britain's first legitimate commercial radio station, yesterday launched a campaign to increase its audience and turnever with new programmes, a new logo and its largest

advertising campaign.

Mr Bill Coppen Gardner, managing director of LBC, said the aim was to push the regular weekly listenership up from 2m to at least 3m and annual turn-over from £7m to £10m.

over from £7m to £10m.

The company had pre-tax profits of £139,000 on turnover of £7m in the year to September 1986, but the station has had a good year and profits £78 expected to rise.

LBC, which will be increasingly marketed as the information station for London, will be putting a lot of effort into increasing its number of listeners in the 25.44 age group.

Mr Coppen-Gardner said the campaign would strengthen the station's commitment to "all aspects of news, information and community service designed to meet the needs of an increasingly sophisticated

sophisticated

It will include "lighter listen-ng" at the weekend with

"We're the Motor Industry's Worst-Kept Secret," K.E. Luivigsen MSAE Managing Director

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with quality support and counsi, have revealed the equipment of a itented tolely to the motor dottry, delivering high value for somey with custom-built services that are tallowed to lead directly

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BRIGADCASTING television presenters Michael Britain's first legitimestal radio station, launched a campaign on its new look and more than se its audience and helf as much again on a telewith new programmes, vision, press and poster campaign.

Coppen Gardner, mandatur of LBC, said the story of LBC, said the to push the regular itenership up from 2m t 3m and annual turn afront of 10m.

Figure 1 to 10m.

The control of the voting rights, encouraged a fresh look at the station's performance including detailed research on its audience and what they want.

what they want.

LBC hopes the campaign will strengthen its base for growing competition in British sommercial radio. The Government envisages the creation of up to three national commercial radio plations including probably one devoted to news and speech.

Warning of VAT threat to 10,000 printing jobs

AS MANY as 10,000 print workers might lose their jobs if value-added tax is imposed on publications, the director-general of the British Frinting Industries Federation (BPIF), Mr Stanley Bradley, has warned. He says in an interview in the Sogat Journal that VAT on publications would not only east publications would not only cost jobs but would worsen Britain's improving international competitiveness in princing and publishing.

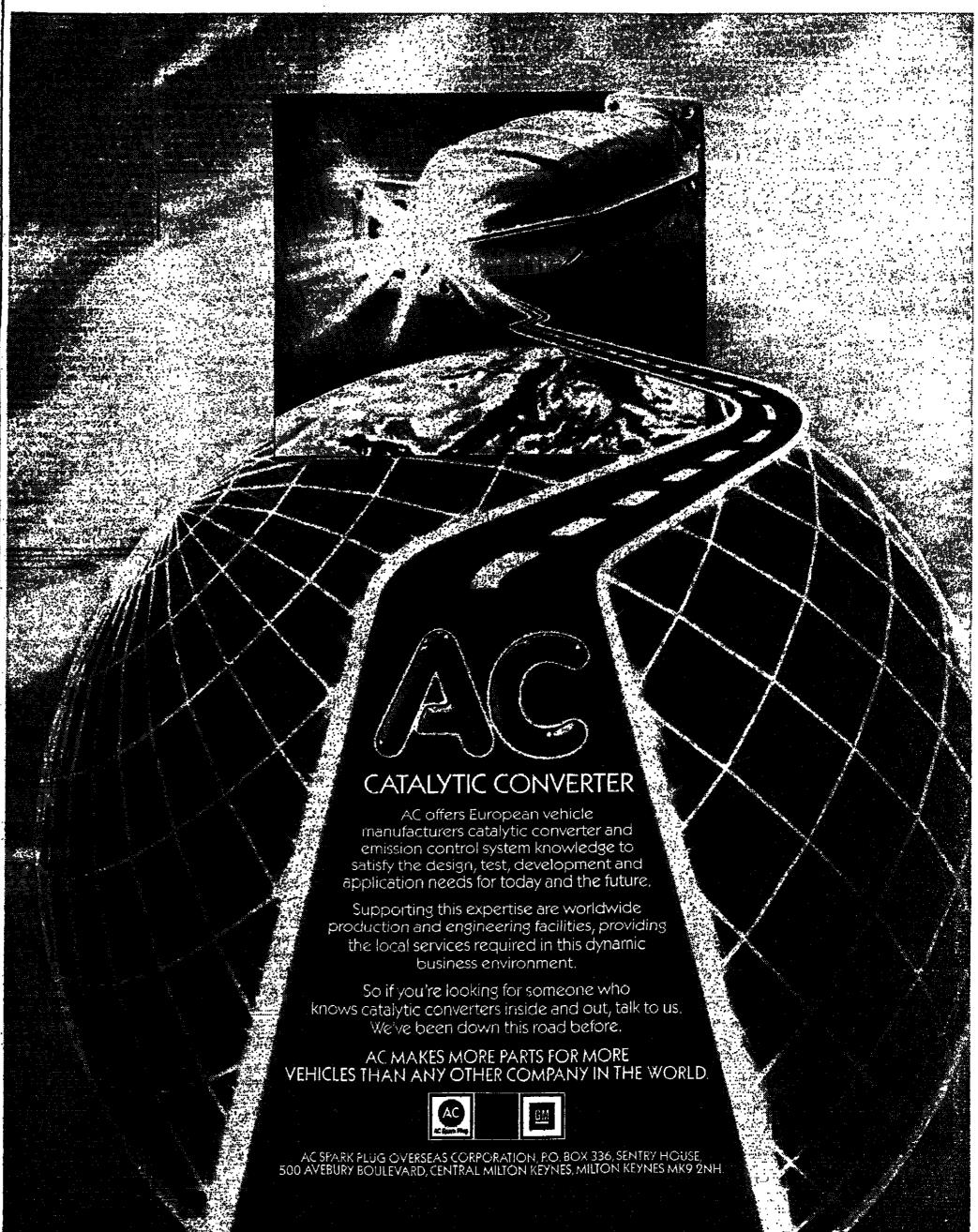
publishing.
The BPJF employers' federation believes that productivity in the British printing industry has increased by 7 per cent a year since 1980.

Printing unions and employers have been joining together to lobby against VAT being imposed on publications—at present zero-rated—either the British Government or by the British Government or the EC.

Bristol calls off port sale talks

BRISTOL CITY Council has withdrawn from talks with Associated British Ports about the possibility of ABP acquiring an interest in the Port of Bristol.

At a meeting hald at the council's request, ABP said no takeover of the port could pro-ceed unless there were an in-vestigation to all aspects of the port by accountants, and if terms could be agreed.



UK scientists scramble for superconductor funding - but is it enough?

BY JANE RIPPETEAU

would break if you tried to push something through it, you can imagine the heart of a problem

research is being done on or be-ing considered for the problem one aspect of research in the field of 'warm' superconduc-tors, materials that transmit electricity with almost no pow-

But in the race to unravel the secrets of this new technology-and to patent findings that could result in lucrative commercial deals - British academics are worried that their country is trailing far behind its principal competitors in the US

We have to compete with Bell anese companies which put a large proportion of profits into research and development," research and development,' says Colin Gough, senior lecturer at Birmingham's Department of Physics, and co-ordinator of the university's 45-strong inter-departmental programme in the technology. 'UK universities are seriously underfunded.'

IF YOU CAN imagine two bub-bles stuck together, with a boundary between them that round herebid for with a says, most spending goes to ba-sic research. The British are still not funding research for

imagine the heart of a problem perplexing scientists world-wide.

Atom-seeing 'eyes' made up of beams of electrons are peering at the boundary. Thousands of specialists are pondering it. And millions of dollars worth of research is being done on or beams of the percentage of the pe achieve than those required by conventional superconductors already in limited use.

Enthusiasts see in the new technology something as profound as another electronics revolution. They project such applications as far cheaper power transmission, faster com-puters, low-cost medical scanners, even high-speed trains that levitate above their tracks. For the moment, though, work on grant applications and industrial liasion to get needed funding is interfering with ba-sic research, says Christopher

Muirhead, lecturer in physics at Gough says it took him three to four weeks to prepared Birmingham's grant application for the British Science and Engineering Research Council's planned superconductivity received the su Birmingham. search centre. Birmingham is filing jointly with Warwick Uni-



Top-level US initiative favours development of commercial applications

THE US Government's plans for superconductivity research came from the highest level. In Washington this summer, President Renald Reagan ad-dressed a major superconductivity conference - controver-sial because foreign scientists were bunned - and said US-funded research would proceed under an eleven-part ini-tiative favouring development of commercial applications of

vited to apply for this plum, and

scientists are now scrambling to

get ready their proposals by SERC's September 15 deadline.

"There's no way one can drop everything just for this,' says Mi-chael H. Loretto, professor at Birmingham's Department of Metallurgy & Materials, as he pores over documents on a dif-

ferent technology. But we can't ignore it. Scientifically, it's very

interesting Economically, it's

potential dynamite. There's big money in it.'

The promise the materials hold, however, seems matched by the limitations of their brittle ceramic form and serious promise the materials

performance faults. One of the keys to their operation and per-formance, for instance, is be-

The US Government is currently spending \$55m on superconductivity research, with half the amount allocated in the last seven months.

Under the President's initiative, the US Department of Defense alone is slated to spend \$150m over the next three years in ensure use of superyears 'to ensure use of super-conductivity technologies in

ailitary systems as soon as

The Administration is also lieved to lie in understanding the boundaries between crys-

tals of the materials, which in-terfere with the flow of electric-

The costs of such daunting research are high. Japan's to spend on the centres, but pell-mell Government-industry some university dons expect earch funding is mirrored in the US. There. dozens of companies are already paying for their own work. And nearly two dozen Government laborato-ries, including the Naval Re-search Laboratory, and the Argonne, Los Alamos and Oak Ridge national laboratories have programmes under way (see accompanying story).

The British Government has decided to consolidate its superconductor research spending in two University Research. to buy and set up in proper

tection for manufacturing pro-cess patents, and that he boped to limit the Freedom of Infor-mation Act so that Government agencies could withhold 'com-mercially valuable scientific and technical information' generated in Government labs.
In other legislative changes, Centres, one to focus on elec-tronic and electrical engineering applications of the technology, and one looking into power applications. The Government has not said how much it plans

keen to protect proprietary in-formation. President Reagan said he would seek patent law amendments to improve pro-tection for manufacturing pro-

tion SERC says it has scheduled £2m for additional research grants, on top of £0.75m it has already handed out. The thinking in the UK is that it is better to consolidate more money in one to two spots than disperse funds to many schools.

flm to fl5m in current expen-

diture money and perhaps £2m to £4m for capital costs. In addi-

'clean room' surroundings, says

gets, adds Christopher man-head. He says that attending two key industry conferences in Tokyo, from which he returned last week, cost about \$2,000.

Not all UK academics agree with the funding plan. One, who asked not to be named, feels it

omewhere in a small lab who

makes the discovery.'
It is unlikely that UK univer-It is unlikely that the sity researchers will have to resity researchers will have to rely solely on the Government for their research funding, however. The commercial potential of the new superconductor technology has lured industry to their side; researchers seem increasingly able to make up funding shortfalls through such aid as direct funding, supply of aid as direct funding, supply of the diseased tissue in its entirety - 'its molecular stransdermal patches, like sticking steadily through the skin. Some 15 per cent of Ciba-Geingy's pharmaceutical sales come in its entirety - 'its molecular patches, logical and pathological assignment.

cludes a researcher seconded by the Lucas Research Centre to work full-time at the univer-

the university scientists.
Says Gough: "It's absolutely essential to have university-in-dustry co-operation.

subject to antitrust littigation.
Unlike Britain's plan to set up two superconductivity research centres, the US Administration plans a number of such bodies, as well as data base operations, to cope with different aspects of the technology.

amend the National Coopera-tive Research Act to permit more kinds of joint ventures that might at present be deemed anti-competitive and subject to antitrust litigation.

According to Eckardt Salji. lecturer in earth sciences, and chairman of the High Tempera-ture Superconductivity Group at Cambridge, the university has already spent £3.5m on equipment for research in the field. Even attending confer-ences strains academics' bud-gets, adds Christopher Muir-gets, adds Christopher Muir-

"This is not the best way to get the most out of limited re-sources," says the don. 'One cen-tre will become parchial, and it's an argument for the big gnys. You must have the ability to fund a small gny with a crary idea because that's the way innovation comes out. There could be somebody tucked away

personnel or loan of equipment.
At Birmingham, for instance,
aid from Lucas Industries, Air
Products and British Oxygen in-

sity on superconductor fabrica-tion and analysis. The researcher helps manufacture superconducting powder, then takes it to Lucas where the material is fabricated using pro-prietary techniques and equip-ment not otherwise available to

Ciba-Geigy sharpens its drugs focus

THE BODY does not recognise disciplines', says Professor Eric Tomlinson, director of an inter-Tomlinson, director of an inter-disciplinary research centre at Horsham in Sussex. The princi-pal aim of his three-year-old flaboratory - which is owned by the Swiss multinational, Ciba-Geigy - is, therefore, to break down traditional boundaries between sciences and to draw in whichever disciplines are

between sciences and to draw in whichever disciplines are relevant to that goal.

In Tomlinson's case, the goal is how to deliver drugs against some particularly intractable kinds of disease more safely and efficaciously than can be done today.

His advanced drug delivery

His advanced drug delivery research unit is just a minuscule part of a \$350m-a-year worldwide pharmaceutical R and D effort by Ciba-Geigy. It is a highly autonomous team of 45 people - 60 per cent PhDs - with a budget of about \$2m, and a goal that has largely been fashioned by Tomlinson and his staff.

Indeed, his laboratory could be a model for the kind of inter-disciplinary research centre which Britain's research counwhich british set up at universi-ties. Several dozen such centres are a vital part of the British Government's plans to free Brit-ish academic science of some of its time-honoured constraints -and costs - and to reorganise along lines more relevant to na-

tional needs. by Tomlinson, is really part of the drug discovery phase of pharmaceutical research, when science is still trying to undersearch when a therapeutic system' - a package which includes not just the place a heavy burden on the pa-tient to rid himself of excess

delivering female steroids. About 100 different drugs are being investigated for delivery this way, Tomlinson says.

The transdermal patch asses the alimentary route taken by pills, where much of a drug's efficacy can be lost to the chemical reactions of the gut. Instead, it delivers the drug di-Ciba-Geigy recognised the im-

portance of Alza-type inven-ions in drug delivery and wanted a research team in Britain that looked beyond the trans-

Bre



dermal patch. In 1984 it invited dermal patch. In 1969 it invited Eric Tomlinson to leave his post as head of the department of pharmacy at Amsterdam University, and to set up a new research centre in the UK.

When subsequently invited by the company to write a brief for

when subsequently invited by the company to write a brief for a new research programme, Tomlinson argued that the key lay in spatial rather than temporal aspects of drug delivery; how to get the drug right to the seat of the sickness without loss of efficacy and without laying a trail of toxicity. He persuaded the company to back his intuition, that it required a much more fundamental understanding than drip-feed delivery, ing than drip-feed delivery, with a \$10m investment in new buildings, research tools and a

buildings, research tools and a team of young graduates, fresh from university.

Tomlinson believes firmly that the solution must lie in understanding the pathways of disease at a molecular level, particularly diseases which are proving so intractable to conventional drug treatments, including some bacterial and par-



by David Fishlock

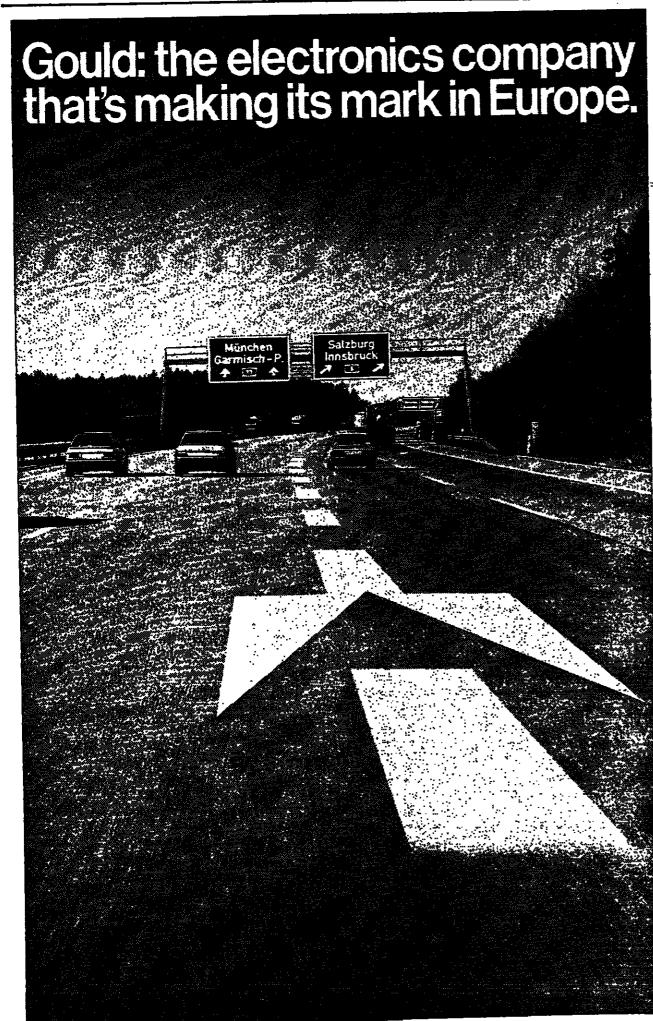
asitic infections, and of course

stand the disease itself. Fifty age which includes not just the years of intense pharmaceutical research have focused almost sulates it from its bio-environment until it reaches its target, exclusively on the efficacy of ment until it reaches its target, drugs in treating the symptoms a sensor which steers it to the of disease. The approach has been highly successful but can place a heavy burden on the sensor which are lease mechanism which are place a heavy burden on the sensor which are lease mechanism which

right moment.
Through genetic engineering In the mid-1970s Gibs-Geigy and the associated biotechnolobought into Alza, a Californian gy, it is already proving possible biotechnology team specialisto make mimics of natural proling in novel drug delivery. It teins and polypeptides, the low as inventing systems that molecular weight drugs of the spoils or injections by drip-feedons and granulocyte colony stimulating factor. 'A whole host of different conditions ing the drug at a constant rate to the patient through membranes. Such systems could avoid harm-ful peaks in concentration of dangerous drugs in the body, as well as the troughs when the patient simply failed to take the level's ava Tomlingon This allows the drug at a constant rate to stimulating factor. 'A whole thost of different conditions - AIDS, disorders of lysosome and enzyme storage, haemoglo-bin disorders - can now be mapped out in terms of what the stimulations. This allowed is a constant rate to stimulating factor. 'A whole thost of different conditions - AIDS, disorders of lysosome and granulocyte colony stimulating factor. 'A whole thost of different conditions - AIDS, disorders of lysosome and enzyme storage, haemoglo-bin disorders - can now be mapped out in terms of what

> nature, its anatomical, physiological and pathological aspects. In his integrated team he has marshalled the skills he believes are needed to study both the disease and potential delivery systems to treat it.

> The advanced drug delivery unit brings together cells biologists, polymer chemists, biotechnologists and many more disciplines in what he believes is a unique team. Tomlinson says frankly he has made many mistakes in the first three years of building an interdisciplinary research programme. Even for me it's been difficult to learn all



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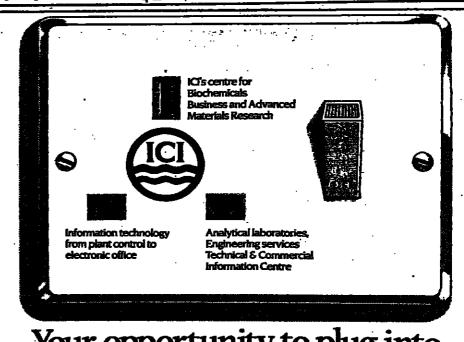
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Joining the new wave

Breaking out of the Saatchi fold

Jennifer Laing talks to Feona McEwan about her surprise move

WHAT makes the joint chair-man of the biggest, and argu-ably starriest, advertising agency in London, want to swop her perch for a struggling shop down on its luck that few people have ever heard of?

When asked this question for about the 100th time," Jennifer Laing - who has just revealed to an astonished adworld that she is to exchange the chairman-ship of Saatchi and Saatchi Compton for that at Aspect Hill Holliday - says she realised there was some explaining to do. "It obviously looks very dif-ferent from the outside."

Well, no, she says, it's not the money. That was pientiful where she was. And no, it was not a falling out of personali-ties. I adore the Saatchis; it's got nothing to do with them at

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... 252. 1832 1625 (1524 16. 600 (1534) It is simply that at 40 years old the need for good old-fashioned challenge was ultimately irre-

Odo it in five years' time."

Certainly, no one doubts the challenge. Aspect Hill Holliday is the hotchpotch result of Boston (Mass)-based Hill Holliday son earlier this year; and Jack Connors Cosmopulos's third at-tempt to establish a British builder who devoted his life to presence. As if to prove that in Saatchi-sequired agency Dorternational expansion can be a lands and, as chairman, develocky route, the agency's recent oped it into one of the country's past has been scarred by man-largest agencies. agement blunders following a Why can't such an all-singing disastrous merger, which even all-dancing company of Saatch-the owners do not deny. And i's calibre ultimately accommothere has been some sheer bad

Among departing clients were preneurial breast to call a com-Mary Quant, Abbey Life, Alberpany one's own.

in that it points up some current of a partnership than any relatrends in the industry. These intionship I could have at Saatch-clude the creation of the next is." wave of breakaway agencies, the rise and rise of female exec-utives in this still male-domi-hated industry, and the problems of big agencies in hanging

on to key personnel.

After, 15 years with Saatchi,
where she had established herself as one of the most able
"suits" (account managers)
around, she had an enviable
portfolio of accounts, including
Wimpey Homes, Trusthouse Wimpey Homes, Trusthouse Forte, WH Smith and Tesco.

Forte, WH Smith and Tesco.

All." Nor, she insists, was it the fact, as has been reported, that she was miffed at a change in reporting procedures which resulted in agency managing directors bypassing the joint-chairmen to international board level.

The Sastchis are not the only has witnessed a stream of so-ones asking themselves that called "third wave" agencies setting up - Butterfield Day Devito Sastchi watchers will want answers to and one which is likely to have implications for service industries in general.

Holliday Connors Cosmopulos.

In the last year the industry has witnessed a stream of so-ones asking themselves that called "third wave" agencies setting up - Butterfield Day Devito Sastchi watchers will want answers to and one which is likely to have implications for service industries in general.

industries in general.

For Laing is not the first pivotal executive to leave the fold in the late 1970s/early 1980s inwillingly. There was Tim Bell, jected the industry with a much was going to leave a big corporate structure and play a greater influence in a company I had to do it now. I wasn't going to

date those whose sweat helped build it? Some say lack of auton-At its peak, the agency - which also has public relations and marketing divisions - had advertising billings of £16.5m. It lost some £4.2m of this business and a raft of key management had to desire the burns in the entredesire that burns in the entre-

of \$350m and known for intelliar a hotel room, a creative team and a telephone. For her, the itself laurels by scooping the equity offer, which she coyly refused to discuss, was doubtless a awarded by Advertising Age, the US trade magazine. But Laing's move is interest owners of this private company. ing beyond the merely personal "The new relationship is more

> Asked what she has not yet achieved in what she calls her charmed life, Laing says with characteristic diplomacy that she has yet to run an agency which she partly owns. This is a reference to the fact that in ad-dition to the chairmanship of Aspect Hill Holliday, which she views as nearly a new agency, she also has a shareholding in the US parent company, Hill Holliday Connors Cosmopulos.

Wight Collins

Matthews Marcantonio) and see Lowe Howard-Spink. What the contribution of the new wave k will be and whether perhaps a Laing-led Aspect Hill Holliday can contribute - remains to be seen.

This time round, they will be testing the Saatchi assertion hat only mega-agencies, offering a total communication of the new will be testing the Saatchi assertion hat only mega-agencies, offering a total communication. The contribution of the new wave k will be testing the Saatchi assertion hat only mega-agencies, offering a total communication. The contribute is a contribute of the new wave keeping posts and she applied showing no dispense that would now trained schemes that would now quick to point out and resists into the regarded as blue-chip marketing posts. Marks and Spencer, Procter & Gamble, ICI and advertising with Garland-Compton agency.

Ultimately lit seems that would now chairman line.

This time round, they will be testing the Saatchi assertion hat only mega-agencies, offering a total communication. The contribute of the new wave keeping posts a Marks and Spencer, Procter & Gamble, ICI and advertising with Garland-Compton agency.

Ultimately lit seems the contribute of the new wave keeping posts and she applied showing no dispense on thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low though she does not thank anyone for making the and she applied showing no dispense on thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low though she does not thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low though she does not thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low though she does not thank anyone for making the and she applied showing no dispense on thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low though she does not thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low thank anyone for making the executive status, her profile was never low thank anyone for making the executive st sistible. It was simply to do with the charismatic people motivanced creative shot in the arm me. The timing was right. If I tor, credited with being a key and have contributed much to

why can't such an all-singing that only mega-agencies, offering a total communications service on a global scale, will dominate the market.

Reviewing her career to date, Jennifer Laing puts much down to luck and timing. It was timing, in the way of divorce at 30, which she reckons enabled her which she reckons enabled her to march up the ladder while men her age were busy building families. Not that I am happy to have been divorced but I was able to work weekends and all hours of the day and night.

Jennifer Laine: "It's alf about timine"

and now heads the Govern-ment's newly formed Health Education Authority) who im-pressed her the most and took her on at Garland-Compton just before its takeover by Saatchi. Her career since then has tak-

en in all the major advertising sectors. From fast moving-con-sumer goods (Rowntree, Schweppes, Nivea) to non-packable to work weekends and all aged goods (like Wimpey Homes bours of the day and night." and Trusthouse Forte, which it was timing that first took she was instrumental in winto Culver and Pontins. Meantime, however, the 19-year-old
Boston-based main agency, 35th
biggest in the US with billings to setting up her own companybi

women were considering that ing the Guinness takeover or route. She comes from Salisbu-ry from a medical family; her fa-over of Distillers, United Newsther was a plastic surgeon, her papers' takeover of Express brother is training to be one, Newspapers) and, more recent-her grandfather was a general ly, to the newly buoyant sector practitioner and she always assumed that she would be one or was largely inspired by the that she would marry a doctor. merger mania seen in recent

think I can help clients distil their strategy, by making them ask the right questions of their business. Then she quickly re-tracts such claims, concerned she sounds too pompous. "At the end of the day we are after all a

Brand definition

Piling into the fray again

Alice Rawsthorn on UK carpet-makers' raised profile

A TELEVISION STAR of vesteryear is poised to stage a come-back. The white Chinchilla cat which strolled across Kosset carpets in the television com-mercials of the 1960s and 1970s is returning to the screen.

The Chinchilla's comeback -courtesy of the John Crowther Group, the fast growing textiles concern which now owns Kosset carpets - marks a revival of interest in marketing within the carpet industry. During the cat's hey-day Britain's carpet manufacturers invested in ex-pensive advertising campaigns but in the 1980s carpet market-ing fell by the wayside as the industry battled against reces-

Kosset was the last carpet brand to retreat from television advertising in the late 1970s, and is the first to return in the 1980s. The multinational fibre groups - such as the International Wool Secretariat, ICI and Du pont - invest millions of pounds every year in advertising their carpet fibres. Yet last year carnet manufacturers mustered litle more than £1m for advertis-

ing. This resistance to advertising is a reflection of the structure of the carpet market in Britain. In the 1980s the multiples have emerged as the dominant force within carpet retailing. Harris Carpets accounted for 12 per cent of the £1.5bn retail market last year, according to Verdict Research, while Allied claimed 8 per cent.

8 per cent.

Above all else both Harris and Allied sell on price. This emphasis on price - combined with an influx of cheap tufted carpets from Belgium - has not only imposed intense pressure on manufacturers' profit margins, but has depressed the overall price of carpets. More-over, if price is the only selling point of a product - why bother

to market brands? But the carpet market is changing. In the past year or so consumers have become much nore discerning about design and have been prepared to pay more for it. Volume sales rose service industry, working with some of the best names in the country. I don't want to sound arrogant."

more for it. Volume sales lost by just 2 per cent to 189m sq metres last year, compared with a 9 per cent increase in value. Another indicator of the trend is other indicator of the trend is



The Kosset cat has returned to press ads and will soon reappear on TV. Kosset was the last carpet-maker to leave the small screen and will be

brand within the middle market. The group, which became the second largest carpet manu-facturer in Britain when it bought CI and Weavercraft, has pent the past two years rationalising and restructuring the

It experimented with press advertising last autumn and has invested £1m in a television campaign created by the adver-tising agency, Bartle Bogle He-garty. If all goes well then Crowthers intends to invest in a more ambitious programme next year. It may also start to advertise its more expensive Crossley brand.

Other carpet companies are also polishing up their strategies to exploit the changes within the market. Tomkinson has spent the past five years positioning the strategies are companies are also positive to the strategies. tioning its Mr Tomkinson's range as a middle to upper market brand sold through inde-pendent retailers. Two years ago it began to advertise Mr Tomkinson's in design maga-zines. Tintawn, a manufacturer in the Irish Republic, has adopted a similar strategy for

its eponymous brand. Coloroll, which diversifed into carpets with the acquisition of Wallbridge Holdings earlier this year, has just unveiled the first Coloroll Carpets collec-tion. Coloroll has flourished in other indicator of this trend is that the decline of the specialist on. Coloroll has flourished in carpet retailers - which tend to sell on quality and service - has confident of the core team now in place at Aspect. She seems far more concerned at her Kosset when it acquired Carmother's alarm that she's gone pets International two years to work for a travel agency.

other indicator of this trend is first Coloroll Carpets collection. Coloroll has flourished in the home furnishings field by ecombining stylish design with efficient service and intends to apply the same formula to carpets. The carpets range will be advertised under its £6m 'umbrella' campaign through the

Bowden Dyble Hayes advertis-

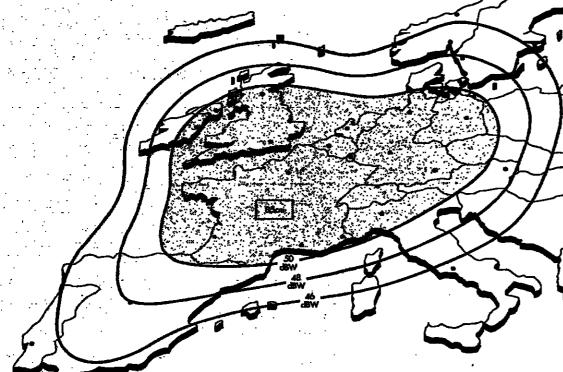
ing agency. Yet Coats Viyella, which became the colossus of the carpets industry when it added Lancaster Carpets to its Donaghadee business with the takeover of Nottingham Manufacturing in 1985, still favours the tradition-

al carpet marketing strategy of offering retail incentives. Like Crowthers, Coats has spent the past two years res-tructuring its carpet interests, now rechristened CV Carpets. Earlier this year it began an ex-tensive research programme. including consumer clinics and market analyses. The findings were used in the restyling of its Lancaster and Donaghadee brands and the company is now working on schemes to improve sumers. One project will be the installation of computer screens in stores next spring, which will illustrate how the carpet will look when fitted.

Once the first phase of the research programme is completed, at the end of this year, CV Carpets will consider the feasibility of advertising its brands.

Crowthers, meanwhile, is ploughing ahead with its marketing programme. But there is a hitch. Huggy, which has starred as the Kosset Cat for the past decade, is on the eve of retirement. Crowthers needs to cast a replacement. The beauty contest begins at the forthcom-ing Chinchilla Society show, with the finals billed for No-





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NOTICE TO WARRANTHOLDERS OF

EBARA CORPORATION

U.S.\$70,000,000 3% per cent. Guaranteed Notes due 1991

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the Instrument by way of deed poli dated 23rd October, 1986 made by Ebera Corporation (the Company) in examection with its issue of bearer warrants (Warrants') to subscribe up to \$10,987,500,000 for shares of common stock of the Company bat the Company has resolved, by its resolution at the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 23rd July, 1987, to change its financial year end from 30th April to 31st March. As a transitional meeting, 1986 and thereafter its financial year will be from 1st April until 31st March of each following year.

Accordingly, the record dates for the payment by the Company of annual cash dividends and interim dividends (being a cash distribution pursuant to Article 298-60 its Commercial Code of Japan) will become Slat March and 30th September, respectively, in each year except for 30th September, 1987. (No interim dividends may be paid during the 11-month financial period pursuant to the Commercial Code of Japan.

The dividend accural period will become for Japan.

The dividend accural period will become for the barrest each 6-month period ending on 31st March and 30th September in each year. Except for the change in the dividend accural period, the Terms and Conditions of the Warrants shall remain unmodified and with respect to any annual cash dividend or interim dividend psyable on the shares issued upon exercise of Warrants, such succious shall bedeemed to have taken effect at the beginning of the dividend accural period in which it occurs.

EBARA CORPORATION Seiji Hatakeyuma President and Representative Director

Dated: 10th September, 1987

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> Application, in English, should be directed to: McDonald's System of Europe, Inc., Attn. Mr A. Bryant, Kennedyallee 109, 6000 Frankfurt/Main 70, W. Germany.

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The holders of books and the holders of warrants listed above are advised that the proposed partial transfer of assets from MQET-HENNESSY to MOCHE PARTICIPATIONS was affected pursuant to a decision of the Board of Directors laten on 7 July 1987, in accordance with Article 321.1 of the Law of 24 July 1966, because having laiked to obtain the required sporass, the extraordinary special meetings of the aforementioned holders could not validly act on either the first or the second ratio.

general meetings of the aforementations of the contracts of issuance, the equices of the livia call of Parsonal, to terms and conditions of the contracts of issuance, the equices of the livia call of Parsonal, to terms and conditions openeral meetings were published on 16 July 1967 in the Final

GOLD FIELDS

OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED incorporated in the Republic of South Amo N MEMBER OF THE GOLD FIELDS GROUP

(Registration No. 05/04181/06)

DECLARATION OF FINAL DIVIDEND (No. UNITED KINGDOM CURRENCY EQUIVALENT

is accordance with the Standard Conditions relating to the payment of dividend No. 7 declared on 18 August 1967, payments from the office of the United Kingdom Registrar will be made in United Kingdom carrency at the rate of exchange of R 3.3532359 South Africa currency to £1 United Kingdom carrency, this being the first available rate of exchange for remittances between the Republic of South Africa and the United Kingdom on 7 Septembri 1967, as advised by the Company's South Africa and the United Kingdom on 7 Septembri 1967, as advised by the Company's South Africa between.

The United Kingdom currency equivalent of Final Dividend (No. 79) of 120 cents per Ordinar share is therefore 35.786328 pence per share.

REMY FINANCE B,V

FRF 300.000.000

GUARANTEED

FLOATING RATE

NOTES DUE 1993

September 4, 1987 to

December 3, 1987, the rate

of interest has been fixed at

8,1875 % P.A.

The interest due on December 4, 1987 against coupon or 4 will be FRF 206,96 and

has been computed on the

actual number of days elapsed (91) divided by 360.

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NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS OF NIKKO GROWTH PACKAGE FUND NOTICE 15 HEREBY GIVEN to holders of chares in Militio Growth Package Fund that a meeting of all shareholders of this class of shares shall be held at the registered office of the Company at 12, Boutevard Royal, Luterrbourg, commencing at 11,00 hours on Friday, 18th of September 1987 to consider and vote upon the following accepta:

LOBAL ALPHA STRATEGY FURD

tollowing agenda:

1 that the sub-fund known as fillitio Growth
Package Fund be terminated and that all
assess be realized that net process after
payment of all lawful debts and expenses be
distributed to shareholders in proportion to

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to ho Global Alpha Strategy fund SICAV that a meet-ing of all shareholders shall be held at the registered office of the Company at 16, Boule-ward Royal, Lucentiburg, commencing at 11.30 hours on Friday 18th Septembar 1987 to conoer and vince upon the rollowing against.
That article 26 1 (e) of the stabilies be amended to read "C is the Net Asset Value relation to the original fund (being an amount, per share arrived at by applying the provisions of Article 28) less a charge as determined from time to time, not exceeding the maximum permitted by law."

Art Galleries

Scandinavian Paintings, 43a Duice Street, St. James's, London, SW1, Tel: 01-930 7744, Mon.-Fri. 9.30-5, Sar. 10-1.

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FINANCIAL TIMES, 10 CANHON STREET, LONDON ECAP 48Y

London Galleries/William Packer

Busy start to the new season

of getting older, or merely to change, fallen out of imagination that, just as our fashion and eased to attract summers seem wetter and shorter, our policemen younger and our children altogether more dreadful, so the autumn season in London's galleries now seems to begin much earlier and is far busier than it ever was before. But the ments on my table seems to

ing as an artist, nor showing priated, abstracted surface his work, but the simple imagery of the collage, polarity of this present show The leap to the new work, so does reflect the equally simple profile of his career. He is neither the first nor will he be the last, but merely the latest artist to experience neglect as his work has continued to deto draw from this is never to

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official interest and practical support. What is more remarkable with Irwin is the level at which he enjoyed such support, which reached its apogee with his selection by the British Council to be one of our representatives at the Venice Bienale of 1984.

ments on my table seems to suggest as much; a quick count gives nearly 40 for this week alone and, having been away, there is last week's and the week before to catch; and all leries. I make no complaint, but equally make no claim to cover anything but a fraction of them.

At Gimpel Fils, in Davies Street W1 (until September 26), there is a small retrospective of the work of Gwyther Irwin, an artist who has clearly been out of sight for far too long. It is more a reminder than a full study, with the major part of it given to his large recent paintings and water-colours with only a few of the works of the late 1950s and early 1960s to take us led to the picture plane and sure plane and surery later than a reminder than a full study, with the major part of it given to his large recent paintings and water-colours with only a few of the works of the late 1950s and early 1960s to take us led to the picture plane and cutoff in the terring of each late 1950s and early 1960s to take us led to the picture plane and cutoff in the terring of each late to the picture plane and cutoff interstitized grid that lies parallel to the picture plane and cutoff interstitized grid that lies parallel to the picture plane and cutoff interstitized grid that lies parallel to the picture plane and cutoff interstitized grid that lies parallel to the picture plane and cutoff interstitized grid that lies parallel to the picture plane and cutoff interstitized grid that lies parallel to the picture plane and cutoff in the cotation in the work; the principal interest in the work; the principal interest to us here lies in the relationship to be established to the relationship to be established in the relationship to us here alies in the relationship to the relationship to us here alies in the relationship to the establish in the relationship to the relationship to us here alies in the cetanique, it is all the product of the same hand and sensibility. That early work took as its stimulus the established to the relationship to the relationship to Quite apart from the quality uccess. lel to the picture plane and Irwin has never stopped work-

> brightly coloured and large in scale and with its use of obvious reference and figurative imagery, seems much greater than it is. For behind the immediate ideas and images the same The only lesson for us formal intelligence is at work, w from this is never to teasing and fracturing the pic-

practice and experience of the consummate collagist. Of all these new works the watercolours are the most remarkable, large as water-colours go and yet with all the authority and energy of the largest of

Brendan Nelland, whose latest exhibition is at Fischer Fine Art, in King Street, St James's SW1 (until October 9), shows regularly and his work is familiar, but for me this is as strong and encouraging a show as her hand the latest and services. as he has had. The imagery is much as it has been for some time, working with the facades of modern office blocks and skyscrapers and the reflections they afford of the sky and cloud and afford of the sky and cloud and other buildings. He has refined the technique of masking and spraying by which he treats this material to such a point that his larger canvasses are something of a tour de force. But now he has also chosen to work, as a complementary extreme, upon a very small scale indeed, which immediately brings to his work a concentration of image, a density of surface and an overall quality of face and an overall quality of abstraction, of a most peculiar and intriguing intensity. It remains to be seen whether this smaller arena will lend him to lay down his gun at last in favour of the brush.

At Angela Flowers, 11 Tottenham Mews W1 (until October 3), the space is shared by a painter and a sculptor, Amanda Faulkner and Judith

with structure and again struc- Cowan respectively, in a strong thre with image. Although and generously compatible manifestly paintings, they be show, though the one is a speak nevertheless the long figure painter of sorts while practice and experience of the the other makes strange large vessels that might be pots or boats. Miss Faulkner's works are all on paper and get ever larger, but the quality of her expressionist invention grows more convincing too, and her handling stronger and more confident. Miss Cowan is more a quiet surrealist, with her over-blown bizarre still lifes — her boat sails through the centre of the room holding a bronze branch as though it might be a long dried twig in an old pot. These two artists make an

> Finally, as is now its habit. Sotheby's takes this chance before opening its new season to fill its galleries with someto fill its galleries with some-thing special in the interests of charity. Chanel (until Septem-ber 13) is a celebration of the life's work of the great contraiere by way of more than 70 historic models, the earliest dating from before 1920 and the latest 1970. The con-sistency of such distinctive stylistic authority extended in stylistic authority extended in such variety over so many years is remarkable. And while perhaps the later designs, by virtua of their authority extended in contemporary culture. A recent Cressida was never going to be a slut. Katherina, almost traditionally, numbles the submissional contemporary culture. while perhaps the later designs, by virtue of their familiarity, sion speech through clenched may not be so surprising, the mass of the earlier work is mass of the earlier work is wonderfully seductive. Great design never quite transcends its moment in the way that to do with a wider view of man's place in it. This had to do with a wider view of man's place in the world. In rising to its moment in the way that great art becomes free, but it can define it in the most poignant way, and here this extraordinary collection of women's clothes has to it a decided cultural and historical definition. The only disappointment is that they should be shown on dummies and not on ment is that they should be seriously, Dr Miller invests the shown on dumnies and not on the beautiful women who once it from embarrassing unfunniwore them. The art of fashion. ness and drives a wedge of such as it is, is a lively art or

it is nothing. The charity to benefit by our interest in Chanel is St Mary's Save The Baby Fund, which has grown up around the work of the Departments of Obstetrics and Paediatrics at St Mary's, Paddington. Women at particu-lar risk and their children un-born or premature will all

Glyndebourne's 1988

and for which "surtitles" will be used, also for the first time. Verdi's Folstaff, conducted by Bernard Haitink and directed Osborne opera, The Electifica-tion of the Soviet Union to a libretto by Craig Raine, which will be premiered by Glynde-bourne Touring Opera this autumn, are the two other new

productions.

The revivals are Verdi's La Traviata and the Ravel double L'enfant et les Sortleges — both new in 1987—and the 1980 production of Mozar's Die Entfuhrung aus dem Sertail.

Art for the City Between September 14 and October 2 the Financial Times, in conjunction with Lloyd's of London, is mounting an exhibition of contemporary art in the new Lloyd's building in Lime

The Taming of the Shrew/Stratford-upon-Avon

Michael Coveney



Brian Cox and Floma Shaw

But Miller is no strained Puritan himself so we have genuinely diverting comic play from Bruce Alexander's Transo given a lifetime's opportunity to indulge his superior learning and simultaneously take class revenge in a silly accent and throughout an almost electric sensitivity to master/servant relationships that runs the play straight on to Beaumarchais and Marivaux.

Barrie Rutter's superannuated skinhead of a Grumio does not just goon around playing second fiddle, but dive bombs Petru-chio's domestic staff with sodden socks after the forlorn journey (scoring a delightful direct hit on opening night) and sews a tattered cloak while Kate tries to raise a meal That scene is transposed to a

experience acquired by experi- de Chirico madhouse with why.

ment through the fluttering Griffith Jones's tottering Mr Fiona Shaw amasses a pile of approaches in the sub-plot of Pastry echoing his master's inventive reactions to the edu-

ing a theatrical demonstration chie—in Shakespearian comedy of what it really means to push it is usually the girls who give of what it really means to push your fellow human beings around. The tailor's scene, for once, is a tragedy of abused art in fashion, more painful even to the battered Kate than

wedding like some outlandish Davy Crockett, trailing bits of animal and joining his own re-ception committee to goose it from the rear. His Petruchio is a serious adventurer, bent on wiving it wealthily but responsive to a challenge. Fiona Shaw's pliant, impulsive, gangling and wholly beguiling Kate offers that challenge. You only have to compare her with the prim dalliance of Felicity Dean's

Brian Cox turns up for the

taste for the odd tipple) to see

it is usually the girls who give
the social etiquette lessons—
and comes glowingly through
her ordeal with a golden
acknowledgement of not defeat
—far from it — but of having
found something and someone
worth living with.
Lucentio (Alex Jennings) and

the John Fortune-like Hortensio of James Fleet have not enor James Fiest have not en-joyed a similar success. Per-haps, at the end, it is this won-derful production's greatest achievement to show that the farce is really about the deepening of experience. It cer-tainly seems like that in the beautifully composed

prim dalliance of Felicity Dean's The gorgeous costumes are strongly original Bianca (with a by Martin Chitty and the sumptaste for the odd tipple) to see thous festive pastiche score complayed onstage, in lieu of the Sly crowd, by a band including voice and Brian Cox orchestrat-cative process initiated by Petru-cornetti, shawm, sackbut and

Coco Chanel: photograph by Cecil Beaten

Royal Philharmonic/Albert Hall

David Murray

Daphais and Chlod, is often different lights, enough played for big-orchestra
thrills; André Previn conducted the Royal Philharmonic in a experienced and sympathetic guidance (he is often at his performance that missed none guidance (he is often at his performance that missed none of the dramatic heights, but dwelt to lovely effect upon the

Chiaroscure subtleties are not is nothing forceful for the with an indeterminate rustling. what the Albert Hall seems to virginal here himself—is a sus-invite, let alone accommodate, but Tuesday's Prom was rich in them. The main was Ravel's key phrases revolved through scure is part and parcel of the different lights.

best in this stretch of the French repertoire). If his relaxed tempi sometimes denied Ravel's stacrepertoire). H his relaxed tempt tender half-lights of the score.

Neither of Ravel's principal inspirations, the late-classical tended brilliance, the orchestral the passages that have Walton's onwards there will be a private view for FT readers. Anyone wishing to attend should send a sace. (minimum 4 x 9 ins) to the press office, Bracken the mine-episodes and unusually colours in delicate order, otherwise, his Dophnis music— who standardly have to make do time.

conception—the viola naturally invites it. In fact Kennedy brought his more insistently pointed violinstyle to the instrament, with less of the viola's introverted mildness than regu-lar players cultivate. It served

Antony and Cleopatra (Clivier): Peter Hall's best production for the Na-tional Theatre he leaves in 1968

brings this great but notoriously dif-

ficult play to thrilling life, with Judi Dench and Anthony Hopkins as bat-tle scarred lovers on the brink of old

age. Dench is angry, withy and ulti-mately moving. Best of the rest at the NT is Michael Gambon giving

his finest ever performance as Ar-

thur Miller's douned longshoreman in A View from the Bridge, Insiet Stevenson in a fine revival of Lor-ca's Yerma; and David Hare's pro-

massive gnaried tak, which gathers force and more friends as it contin-

ues in the repertoire (928 2252).
The Phentom of the Opera (Her Majesty's): Spectacular but emotionally nutritional new musical by Andrew Lioyd Webber emphasising the romance in Lerour's 1911 novel Hap-

pens in a wonderful Paris Opera

ambience designed by Maria Bjorn-son, Hal Prince's alert, affectionate

production contains a superb cen-

tral performance by Michael Craw-

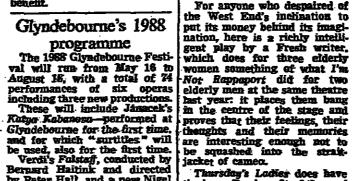
ford. A new, meritorious and pal-pable hit. (839 2244, CC 379 6131/240 7200).

METHERLANDS

English Speaking Theatre of Am-sterdam in Barrie Keeffe's trilogy

Barbarians directed by David Swat-ling (all week except Sun and Mon). (242311).

Thursday's Ladies/Apollo. Claire Armitstead



Bianca's suitors.

ence and stability were Calvinist essentials. His reading

is radical in that it challenges

the predominant RSC philosophy of appropriating Shakespeare, warts and all, to

our most gifted actresses — Dorothy Tutin, Sian Phillips and Eileen Atkins — working together for the first time. But their achievement is not in virtuoso displays of individual brilliance; it is in the orches-tration of three distinct voices into a concerto of love, life and

Les Dames du Jeudi is the work of the leading French actress Lolch Bellon, and is translated by Barbara Bray into an English one step removed from the robustness of everyday usage so that harmless enough insults such as "idiot" or "tart" carry the full weight of schoolgirl cat-tiness. Its mood is elegaic and elegant, concentrating on the friends, whose tea parties in their sixties are fired by the good and bad times they have shared and the ghosts that lie

Sonia (Dorothy Tutin) is a hot-blooded Russian emigrée who has survived the ravages of several divorces to fall prey



Sian Phillips, Dorothy Tutin and Eileen Atkins

to a worthless acromaging son; 12-bour interval-free play, and tion of the old maid that exis-Helene (Sian Phillips) is a if is a mark of Frank Rauser's ted even in the little girl.

wealthy spinster embittered by fine direction and the consumthe loss of her beloved brother mate acting that it holds the

Jean to the bookish, drily humorous Marie (Eileen Atkins), who in turn has never evening as Sonia, curied up like Brundenell) and the cnekoohumorous Marie (Eileen Atkins), who in turn has never quite recovered from his death 15 years earlier.

The chronological shifts are delicately signalled, sometimes bemusingly so, creating a momentary impression that the share suddenly these old ladies have suddenly sexual womanhood. Of the lost their wits and taken to the property of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share in the most may be now the state of the share of the shar

lost their wits and taken to mimicking each other in hal-

sexual womanhood. Of the three, hers is the most magnetic performance, but it depressing evening. Old age, a gathers its strength — in part is Bellon, might be partly about the indignity of breaking one's the indignity of breaking one's the indignity of breaking one's mimicking each other in hallet or tango. Very little of any moment actually happens in the gathers its strength—in part is benow, the indignity of breaking one's gauche childbood of Atkins' bridge on a cream cake, but it Marie and the up-tight decreption is also about the accumulated tude of Phillips' Helene, whose strength of companionship that face seems to retreat from her enables one to laugh about it fiercely jutting chin in vindica-

Arts Guide

Theatre

Fences (46th Street): August Wilson hit a home-run, this year's Pulitzer Prize, with James Earle Jones taking the powerful lead rule of an old baseball player raising a family in an industrial city in the 1950s, try-ing to improve his but dogged by his own failings. (221–1211).

Cuts (Winter Garden): Still a sellout,
Trevor Num's production of T.S. Eiliot's children's poetry set in trendy

music is visually startling and choreographically feline, but classic only in the sense of a rather staid and overblown idea of theatricality. 42nd Street (Majestic): An immodest celebration of the heyday of Broad-way in the '30s incorporates genus from the original film like Shuffle Off To Buffalo with the appropri-ately brash and leggy hoofing by a large chorus line (977 9020).

Though Line (Shubarth The Incompt.

A Chorus Line (Shubert): The longest-running musical ever in America has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage story in which the songs are used as audi-tions rather than emotions.

La Cage aux Folles (Palace): With some toneful Jerry Herman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to cap-ture the feel of the sweet and hilarious original betw and gandy choras numbers. (757 2626).

Pm Not Rappaport (Booth): The Tony's best play of 1986 won on the strength of its word-of-mouth popu-larity for the two oldsters on Central Park benches who bicker unvar-iously about life past, present and intre, with a humy plot to match.

TOKYO

Les Misérables. After London and New York, now Tokyo and the Japa-nese version of the Tony-award winning musical. The cast was hand-picked by the creative team of pro-ducer Cameron Mackintosh (from: an astounding 11,500 hopefuls), then rained for nine months in a special "ecole" and rehearsad by director. John Cabri. Costumes, set, sound, lighting have been supervised by the respective original designer. flown in from London. Toho's Les-Miserables is a triumph. The best production of a Western musical in Japan, it differs little from the original London version. Convincing and moving, this top-quality production shows what can be achieved with proper casting and training. Spon-sored by the committee company, Shiseido. Imperial Theatre, near

Ginza. (2017777). Annie. The Japanese version of the Tony-award winning musical by Charles Strouse and Martin Chamin. Stara Shiori Kanno as Annie with Ichiro Zaitsu, Mitsuko Jun and the shepherd dog Sandy. The Asyama Theatre (Toe, Wed, Thur).

WASHINGTON

Cabarot (Opera House): Hal Prince again directs Joel Grey as the seduc-five master of ceremonies in a Broadway-bound revival of the evoc-

ative musical of Berlin life in the B30s. Embs Oct. 3. Kennedy Center (254 8770).

NETHERLANDS

verholland Museum (Museumplein 4). Roy Lichtenstein retrospective, with 275 drawings from 1961 to 1966, heluding preparatory goosethe and college studies for murals. Enda

WEST GERMANY

Hildesheim, Roemer- und Pelizaeus Museum, Am Steine 1-2. Egypts rise to a World Power: More than 300 pieces loaned by 20 museums in Burope, Africa and America – the first presentation of the most important 150 years 1550-1400 BC of the New Empire in Ecypt. The bust of New Empire in Egypt. The bust of Pherach Thutmosis III, discovered in 1997 without a face, can be seen complete in Hildesheim. The face, found in Egypt only 20 years ago, was loaned by a Cairo Museum. Another highlight is a reconstruction of the 3000 year old burial chamber of Semeter, the former masses of of Semeter, the former mayer of antique Thebes, Clothes, household appliances, tools, cosmetics and je-wellery illustrate the everyday life of Egyptian citizens. Ends Nov 29.

Kessel: Museum Fridericanum Orangerie: Documenta & World exhibiti or contemporary arts: paintings sculptures, thentre performances, architecture and design. The Documents was founded in 1955 by local painter Arnold Bode with Heavy Moore, Alexander Calder, Max Ernst and Joan Mire and is an important venue for modern art. This er director Manfred Schneckenburger presents the works of 150 artists, and for the first time open air sculptures which will be crected in Kaesel's city centre. Artists exhibiting include Ian Hamilton Finlay, Javier Mariscal, Robert Morris, Mark Tansey, Alexander Melamid, Eric Fischl, Leon Gobb, Robert Longa and Losea Roser There is Longo and Joseph Benys. There is also a separate exhibition The Ideal Museum where 12 architects pres-ent their ideas for Museum construction. Ends Sept 20.

Venice: Ala Napoleonica and Museo Correr: Matisse and Italy: over 250 works by one of most poetic of 26th century French Painters. The exhi-bition includes paintings, drawings, and Matisse's entire output of sculp-ture (75 pieces in 19) ture (75 pieces in all), lent by private and public collections in France and America, and the Musée Matisse in Nice. Pierre Schneider, the organ er, has attempted to show how the works of Ralian painters such as Mantegna, Pollaiolo, Giorgione and Veronese may have influenced Ma-Veromese may have influ tisse. Until October 18.

ŜPAN

Madrid, Spanish Pavilion in the inter-national exhibition in Paris, 1937. This show reproduces the space contents and environment of Spain's contribution to the art world Spain's contribution to the art would during the Civil War, a means of propaganda by the republican government in search of international aid and support. Some originals, some copies or reproductions include architecture of the pavilion by Lacasa and Sert, Picasso's studies

on the Guernica and his Dama Ofer ente, North American Alexander Calder's Fountain of Mercury, Miro's El Payes Catalan en Revolueien and many more on loan by pri-vate collections and museums. Cen-tro de Arte Reina Sotia, Santa Isabei 52. Ends Sept 15.

IBM Gallery: Post Modern Architectural Visions includes an international array of designers including Mi-chael Graves, Hans Hollein, and Adolfo Natalini with 200 drawings and models of work from 1960 to 1985, originally organised by Williams College and Deutsches Architekturmuseum in Frankfurt Ends

CHECAGO

Art Institute: Walker Evans photographs of the 1830s showing poverty and despeir in the American South were famous in their time in Life Magazine and preserved in James Ages's moving book, Let Us Now Praise Famous Men. This exhibit is

cago contemporary primitivists whose repeated scenes make evocative images has his first major east coast retrospective with 49 pain-tings and four painted constructions. Ends Oct. 18.

The Royal Opera House may facing a shortfall of £1.3m this

Covent Garden chorus rejects offer

remain dark this season, followseason, and this year's Arts
ing news that its first two perCouncil grant standing at only
formances have been cancelled 1 per cent, a substantial new
because of continuing industrial effer is unlikely. Pay rises for ection by the chorus. The chorus has rejected a 5

per cent pay offer, forcing the Covent Garden management to cancel the first and second night of Wagner's Tanhauser this Saturday, September 12, and next Wednesday, September 16. The future of the company's productions of Faistaff and La Boheme, due to open later next week, are also in the balance. A spokesman for the manage-

the rest of Covent Garden's 1,000 employees have been restricted to 4 per cent and the orchestra recently settled at that figure. The 5 per cent offer made separately for dancing, would bring the weekly salary of a chorus member to £184. The cancellation of the opening nights of Tannhauser is a bitter blow to the opera house.

The production, featuring the German tenor Rene Kollo, promised to be one of the best seen ment said yesterday that they at Covent Garden for some were continuing to search for a time. Ticket bolders can claim solution to the problem. But no refunds in person at the Royal furher formal meetings were Opera House box office or by planned. With the opera house post.

Sotheby's sales up 77 per cent

Praise Famous Men. This representing an user of the scope and depth of Evans' work originally done for the Farm Security Administration. Ends Nov 8.

The company's auction houses in Britzin and the US all reported significant increases but the best performer was Sotheby's International, coverrepresenting an increase of 77 the auction world as a whole. In dollars, the company made ing activities in continental Europe and Asia, which showed a 135 per cent growth in sales over 1985-86.

Commenting on the company's results, Mr Michael L. Ainslie, auctions.

Sotheby's have aunounced president and chief executive record figures of £837m world- of Sotheby's holdings, said: wide for the £986-87 season. "This was a historic season for the first auction house to reach and exceed the billion dollar

mark. Apart from several outstanding sales, including 86 works of art sold for more than \$1m, Mr Ainslie put the increase down to strong international stock markets and the increased pre-

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Thursday September 10 1987

The ethos of merchant banks

The idea that a central part of a leading merchant bank's business could be whisked away to a competitor by the people who run it was certainly not in many people's minds when the Big Bang was first mooted.

Hill Samuel, admittedly, is in an invidious position following the unexpected collapse of merger talks with Union Bank of Switzerland three weeks ago. Having argued that it was not big enough to make a mark as an independent group in today's an independent group in today's increasingly international financial markets (and lost a chief executive who dissented on this score), its credibility has been severely dented—not least in the eyes of some of its own staff. The fact that this nearly precipitated a large scale exodus none the less raises wider questions about how City ethics and management practice are standing up to increased

The potential defections at Hill Samuel, together with other less eye-catching departures elsewhere in the City, are as much as anything a reflec-tion of a shift in the balance of power in capital markets from corporations to individuals. In this London is simply following Wall Street, where deregulation took place much earlier. The underlying forces at work are increased simply following Wall Street, where deregulation took place much earlier. The underlying forces at work are increased competition and the frenetic pursuit of market share, which together cause a high premium to be placed on the ability of individuals to create innovative securities products or attract surely be those whose corporate contents. new corporate finance clients.

THERE was never much doubt ample, is largely due to a single that London's Big Bang would man, Mr Michael Milken, who have uncomfortable consequences for some prominent At Salomon Brothers, Mr Lewis financial institutions. Yet it Rainieri achieved star status still comes as a shock that two through his successful pioneering of mortuges backed securing of mortuges backed securing at the City merchant banking group Hill Samuel have been dismissed after discussion at the City merchant banking grudging in their admiration. at the City merchant banking ties. The British are more group Hill Samuel have been grudging in their admiration of dismissed after discussing the financial entrepreneurship. But transfer of their department to another bank without the knownotably Morgan Grenfell, ledge of the Hill Samuel board. allowed their top corporate financiers to operate on a very long rein as the takeover boom accelerated earlier in the

The trouble with this development is that the individual-concerned are not always amenable to orthodox mana-gerial disciplines. They may command more loyalty from their staff than the firm itself does. And as Merrill Lynch found out earlier this year, when it ran up enormous losses in mortgage backed securities trading, stars have the poten-tial to break firms as well as

Management has never been the securities industry's strong suit either in London or New York. Yet it faces a huge challenge as a result of deregulation and the growth of global securi-ties trading. The need to impose management systems to cope with the consequences no doubt helps explain why Salomon recently asked Mr Rainieri to

resign.
Stars are not a prerequisite of success in financial services At S. G. Warburg in London the lingering ethos of a German private bank militates against the cult of personality; it has not suffered enough defections

ate culture lays emphasis on The spectacular recent rise teamwork — a point that invesin the fortunes of Drexel tors, among others, would do Burnham Lambert, for ex-well to bear in mind.

Clearer targets for **British Telecom**

SIR George Jefferson's retirement as chairman of British blame for its poor current
Telecom could hardly come at reputation leads back to the
a more critical point in the government, which set too
company's history, when it many conflicting goals when
faces a storm of public complaints about its service which BT into a vehicle for wider

welcome acknowledgement that promis

are causing obvious embarrass- share ownership and a national ment to the government.

Sir George's admission that serving much of its traditional

there is room for improvement. The top priority now is to It also underlines the scale of improve BT's service to the management challenge customers. This is only likely facing his successor in sharpen to happen if it is exposed to ing up Bt's efficiency and the much greater competition. That restoring of its tarnished public goal must take precedence over

at least some of the recent monopoly, the government has criticisms are justified is a ended up with a messy com-

any plans to sell the govern-whatever BT may ment's remaining stake in BT.

Andrew Gowers assesses Perez de Cuellar's Gulf peace mission

HEN Mr Javier Perez de Cuellar, the United Nations SecretaryGeneral sets out on his peace mission to Tehran and Baghdad today he will not only be in search of a ceasefire in the Gulf war. He will also be seeking to salvage some lignity for the UN out of the wreckage of its efforts to stop the conflict over the last seven the conflict over the last seven

There has been no more obvious test this decade of the world organisation's credibility and effectiveness in performing its central task, which is to maintain international peace.

Mr Perez de Cuellar is going o the Iranian and Iraqi capials with the united backing of the Security Council and is carrying with him an unprece-lented unanimous call for a easefire with the full authority of the world community. He is egarded by both the Iranians and the Iraqis as the only re-naining viable go-between.

He also appears to have an important sanction up his leeve. If he returns empty-handed from the Gulf. Security Council members, including the US and the Soviet Union, seem ready to consider imposing a mandatory arms embargo on

ran. Yet there is a real danger that the trip will none the less sail. Tehran has given no indication that it is prepared to igree to what will be Mr Perez ie Cuellar's central demand the full implementation of Security Council resolution 598, ordering an immediate ceasefire and withdrawal to the pre-war boundary—and continues to insist on international condemnation of Iraq for starting the war as a minimum condition for

war as a minimum condition for a settlement.

Baghdad has made its own acceptance of the resolution conditional on Iran's response. By continuing to attack Iranian shipping this week in defiance of a Security Conncil call for a temporary truce, the Iranis have underlined that they will not stand down while their foes enter a drawn-out process of

enter a drawn-out process of negotiation.

The point is that, impressive as the current display of international unity over the war may be, many believe it has come saveral years too late. several years too late.

While the Iranians have agreed to discuss the latest UN resolution—for the first time not rejecting it out of hand—Mr Perez de Cuellar's dealings with them are bound to be overshadowed by the legacy of mutual mistrust, mistakes and missed opportunities built up over the last seven years

over the last seven years.

Although the UN has not had to deal with two such wayward combatants in recent times, the Secretary-General and his close associates know that the organi-sation's response to the Iran-Iraq war has, up to now, been utterly inadequate. Security surprised if their sudden show of concern has not produced

quick results.

The roots of the problem can be traced to the outbreak of hostilities in September 1980. Iraq's unilateral renunciation of its 1975 treaty with Iran and its invasion of Iranian territory on September 23 were widely seen as flagrant breaches of the UN Charter.

This requires member states to "settle their international

disputes by peaceful means" and refrain from the threat or use of force. Iraq, while lodg-ing several protests with the UN over political threats from



Perez de Cuellar: the only remaining viable go-between.

A hope, if only slim one

Iran, had made little attempt to negotiate with Iran on the central issue dividing the two countries—sovereignty over the Shatt al-Arab waterway dividing the two countries.
Yet the Security Council,

meeting five days after the invasion, could agree only on a relatively bland resolution calling for a ceasefire but containing no reference to Iraqi aggression nor to the with-drawal of its forces.

The outbreak of war found the international community in a state of disarray on several which have always been the principal axis for any con-sensus within the Security Council, were in bad shape as a result of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan the previous December and of US perceptions of a regional "arc of crists."

Equally important, there was no sign of international agreement on what to do about Iran following that country's tumul-tuous revolution in 1979. The US was preoccupied with the continuing siege of its Tehran embassy, while the Soviet Union—traditionally allied with Iraq—was looking forward to

the possibility of improve relations with an Iran in the grip of violent anti-

The Security Council was in no position to deal coherently with a regional war, however dangerous it might at first have seemed and however obvious a prima facie case it presented for UN intervention. As the war continued without provok-ing wider conflagration, coun-cil members sank into a com-placency. After their initial flurry of concern, they did not formally discuss the subject for another, 22 months.

But the damage was done. Iran made clear that it re-garded the Security Council—a body of which it was already intensely suspicious as a result of its support of the US during the American embassy hostage crisis—as hopelessly biased and boycotted all further discussions.
The Iranians subsequently objected to what they saw as the Security Council's reluct-ance to censure Iraq for attack-

ing ships in the Gulf and for using chemical weapons.
The UN secretarist, by contrast, made better progress. Since 1985 Mr Perez de Cuellar

managed to mediate

between Iran and Iraq on a range of limited issues, and also developed an eight-point planinvolving a step-by-step approach to a settlement.

Somewhat earlier Mr Olof Palme, the late Swedish Prime Minister whom the Secretary General appointed as a special representative on the war, came close—perhaps closer than any one—to a breakthrough in 1982 one—to a breakthrough in 1982.
But these efforts never received
the official backing of the
Security Council, and his freedom of manoeuvre was limited.
When the 1982 initative
foundered as a result, Iran
invaded Iraq and added a
demand for the removal of
Iraq's President Saddam Hussein to its conditions for ending
the war.

All this might now seem academic were it not for the fact that this Iranian demand imposed at least in part because of what Tehran saw as international bias against it—remains the principal stumbling-block to

It is arguable that the Security Council deliberations of 1980 and since were a blow to the UN's authority in general Delegates to a recent Ford Foundation seminar on the UN and the Gulf war in New York including several senior UN offi-cials and ambassadors, agreed that: "The members of the Security Council had a clear duty to uphold the principles of the Charter. The Security Council may not be a court, but neither is it simply a deliberation beds. By symposing to continue the charter. neumer is it simply a delibera-tive body. By appearing to con-done Iraq's invasion of Iran, the Security Council. further undermined the Charter's credi-bility."

15 leading

undermined the Charter's creu-bility."

If leading members of the UN have been by turns divided suspicious of each other or apathetic about the war over the past seven years, that seems to be much less true today. The passage of the Security Council ceasefire resolution on July 20 was the first occasion in the organisation's history on which all five permanent members— the US, the Soviet Union Britain, France and China— agreed unanimously on a course of action and then pre sented it to the full body Although Washington and Moscow continue to show dis

Moscow continue to show dis-tinet signs of mutual wariness in their dealings over the Gulf with the Soviet Union calling for the removal of foreign war ships and the Americans main-taining that the Russians de not have vital interests there. it is equally likely that neither side wants such friction to derail their broader rapprochement on such questions as arms

control.

If that consensus holds in the event of failure by Mr Perez de Cuellar—and the indications yesterday were that, on the question of an arms embargo; it probably would—there is a chance of real international pressure on Iran to bring the end.

An arms embargo would, of course, be deeply fiswed and nobody seriously believes that it would completely cut off the flow of weapons to Iran or instantly force the Tehran leadership to the bargaining table.

But as a sign that the permanent members of the Security Council could actually work together on matters of grave international concern—and such co-operation is the only way that the organisation has any genuine hope of becoming more effective—it would be a belated success of sorts for the UN.



If Voting Changed Anything,

By Ken Livingstone Collins; £12

ALL SORTS of people asked Mr Ken Livingstone for a hand-out of public money when he was leader of the Greater London Council. Two women came in one day with a well-produced prospectus making the case for funding an organisation to be called an organisation to be called A Woman's Right to Leg Over. Mr Livingstone explains that "it was intended to provide a commercially available listings guide to men, so that women could know before they went out on know before they went out on a date what the man was like as a lover . ." As far as he and his colleagues could tell, this was not a hoax. Yet he turned it down. It is hard to see why. After all, the GLC did shell out to both Lesbian Line and Gay Switchboard as well as the English Collective of Prostitutes and some 2,000 other voluntary organisations. Why not the enterprising ladles of Leg Over?

Over?
The tale sums up much about Mr Livingstone. He has a ready wit, and will tell excellent jokes against himself, as in the book's opening line: "When I joined the Labour Party in March 1969 at the age of 23, it was one of the few recorded instances of a rat elimbing on beard a sinking ship." He also laughs at his enemies. After recounting the stories that he says the tabloid papers made up about him, he conclude that "the Princess of Wales has about him, he concludes that "the Princess of Wales has probably had more fictitious pregnancies than I have had vasectomies, but it is a closerum contest." Sometimes a dash of venom shows through. It turned out that in the event of a nuclear way the GLC leader would have been entitled to a place in a government shelter in Essex. "The thought of spending my last days locked in a bunker with Mrs Thatcher's Cabinet while all my friends died held little appeal."

The serious side to all this is that Mr Livingstone does concern himself with the aspirations of a substantial minority of modern society. There is very little here that Marx or any traditional socialist would recognise. Nevertheless his attempt to create a "coalition of the dispossessed is not entirely irra-tional. For the precepts of sexual politics do matter to some people. Many homowomen perceive a need for a champion of feminism as radical as our "Red Ken." Racial discrimination exists: West Indians do not enjoy a proportionate share of the opportunities that should be available to them. Such groups are currently regarded by the mainstream Labour Party as vote-losers. Even Labour's traditional clients—the memployed, the old, the poor—are being wooed with less fervour than the relatively wealthy and those on their way to wealth, who must be won over by any party that hopes to form a government. Someone has to speak for those who have missed the gravy-train.

Mr Livingstone did it, and sexuals feel insecure. Some

Mr Livingstone did it, and overdid it, for five glorious-years as head of the GLC. He was wrong about many things —perhaps most of all in his attitude to the IRA, to which the gave the appearance of support. The GLC should have been abolished long-before he came to lead it, because it was an anyleidy. piece of city government machinery whose fluancial structure had little meaning. to the people who voted for

Will it happen again? In the House of Commons they say that Mr Livingstone, freshly arrived this summer as a Labour MP, is ill at ease. as a Labour mr, is in at ease. This may be true, but if year read his book you will find that he was a nervous new boy at Lambeth Council, and indeed at the GLC itself, before he learned the ropes. He was also a master manibefore he learned the ropes. He was also a master manipulator, ever on the lookent; for ways of defeating his principal enemy—the Right wing of the Labour Party—and asserting the policies of the Left. The story of haw the Left worked for years to relate the confidence control. select the candidates, capture the committees, cement the alliances, and cull the votes necessary to pull off the astounding coup of capturing London itself is told here with great clarity.

1.5 A YEE

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It gives the impression of very little genuine concern with policies, and a great deal of attention to the manoeuvres of polities. Of course you stuck to your side, labelled "Left," but you made deals if necessary with the centre or even the Right. This impression is overlaid by another: what Mr Livingstone came to represent was a sub-culture — "scruffy, bejeaned, loud new Labour members" who shocked the "respect-able, white, middle-class, middle-aged male" officials who had to serve them in the GLC. A sub-sub offshoot of that sub-culture has now turned on Mr Livingstone; some of his original activist supporters see him as having, betrayed their revolution. He of Mario Puzo's novel which he quotes as illustrative of politics. He has also made many enemies. It is unlikely that Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour leader, regards Mr Livingstone's presence in the party as an asset. Yet it would be a mistake to assume that Mr Livingstone is now, as he would no doubt put it, a beached whale. "I take a long-term view of politics," he says. "I see it as a marathon rather than a sprint."
The Tories must be praying for his good health.

Joe Rogaly

Consequences of the Honecker visit

publicity and the acres of service, but it is certainly true analytical comment, it was that members of the Bonn Govalways an illusion to believe ernment do not believe that that the visit to West Germany such an objective is realisable of Mr Erich Honecker, the East in the foreseeable future.

German leader, would produce By receiving Mr Honecker as any fundamental changes. That was neither its avowed nor unexpressed purpose, which in Democratic Republic as a expressed purpose, which in any case could never have been achieved at a bilateral meeting between West and East German leaders in the absence of their allies and superpower mentors. The so-called German Question is so much at the core of the whole East-West relationship that no one should be surprised that Mr Kohl, the West German Chancellor, and his guest did no more than repeat their well-

known positions.

Mr Kohl reaffirmed his country's commitment to German reunification, as he is obliged to do by the West German constitution, while Herr Honecker insisted on the need for Bonn to recognise the existence of two German states. No doubt, these familiar pronouncements were intended to reassure their Nato and Warsaw reassure their Nato and Warsaw Pact allies, none of whom relish the idea of a strong, unified Germany in the heart of Europe, after their bitter experiences in two world wars. Yet the absence of any solution to basic German problems does not mean that this first visit by an East German leader to the Federal Republic was fruitless

or a waste of time. What the visit has demonstrated, above all, is a new realism in the attitude to each other of the two German states, on the whole East-West climate, whose acrimonious relationship has often been responsible for the frequent agricular the frequent agriculture of the whole East-West climate. the frequent periods of tension in central Europe during the post-war period. It would probably be unjust to describe which the West has been seek-Kohl's statements on ing for so long.

reunification as lip-

separate state, though formal recognition will doubtless never be forthcoming because the principle of one German state is enshrined in the constitution. The reception given to Mr Honecker, complete with national anthems and flags, may have lacked real warmth, but it must have come as balm to the injured pride of a man who has been in quarantine for so long. The least that can be said is that it should facilitate future

relations between Bonn and

relations between Bonn and East Berlin.

Those relations, it should be said, can never be completely normal as long as the scar of the Berlin Wall, erected on the initiative of Mr Honecker himself 25 years ago, and the draconian security measures which accompany it, continue to disfigure the physical and human landscape. While Mr Honecker did not make any immediate concessions on human rights, the agreement to improve travel, communications

human rights, the agreement to improve travel, communications and other personal contacts between East and West Germany is at least a step in the right direction.

Most important of all, however, is the effect that a more normal relationship between the two German states could have on the whole Fast-West climate.

goes down

How the beer

The great British appetite for beer is fading. Last year the British downed 190 pints per person. Heady stuff, one might think, but not compared with the 208 pints per person quaffed just 10 years before. Britain has even slipped

Britain has even sipped down the international league table of beer drinking. In 1976 it came eighth in the beer guzzling league, but by last year it had slipped to tenth place overtaken by the Austrians and the Irish. Yet anyone prepared to shed

a tear, or two, for the beerage can seek solece in the thought that the more abstemious British reflect an international trend: or so the Brewers' Society's new Beer Facts guide suggests.
The West Germans have clung

to the dubious honour of first place in the beer boozing table, but they, too, have become more moderate: cutting down by 11 pints to 257 a year.

The only Western European countries to imbibe more beer now than 10 years ago are Austria, Italy and Portugal While in Eastern Europe, the more thirsty are the Bulgarians, Hungarians and East Germans. Prosit.

Sandwich man

Rupert Murdoch's Wapping newspapers may be whole-heartedly in favour of the marketplace and enterprise culture but not it appears when it comes to sandwiches.

From the first days of the

move to Wapping, sandwich seller John Hunter rode his bicycle through the picket lines to sell his sandwiches to the journalists on the Murdoch

national dailies.

Now when times are easier and the barbed wire has gone. a ban has been placed on John Hunter and his sandwiches and he is no longer allowed through the gates.

retain conducts (Next flagship in Regent Street).

But Michael Meyer, Emess chairman, attributes to the report his company's success in convincing the controlling

Men and Matters

Senior journalists on the shareholders in Brillantleuch-Times were so incensed that ten to sell a 20 per cent stake they invited him into the Wap in the design-led West German

from day one.

"They're more expensive and they're not so nice." said one disgruntled sandwich eater yesterday.

Cash flow

Good to see that NatWest is continuing its cash service to customers at its Felixstowe branch. It has just appointed Mr Penny as manager in suc-cession to Mr Money who has retirad.

Light work

Emess Lighting's 1986 accounts, illustrated with ersatz woodcuts and covered with a transln-cent tracing paper dust-jacket, was the first annual report was the content of th previously on packaging and

retail contracts (including the Next flagship in Regent Street). But Michael Meyer, Emess

they invited him into the Wapping plant as their guest. The ploy did not work—the sandwiches had to stay outside.

Now Murdoch's journos have no alternative but to buy their sandwiches from Gardner Merchant, the company that has had the Wapping catering contract from day one.

"They're more expensive and they're not so nice," said one disgruntled sandwich eater yesterday.

"It is design-led West German lighting group.

"When they saw the annual report, they said: 'If this is the sort of style you have, you're the company we want to do business with,' Meyer said.

DDA will not only be preparing the imminent it is designing the imminent of Emess's new corrected on the same of the sam

Slowtime

The exhibition city of Frankfurt may not have shown itself in a very flattering light yesterday—but I must confess to relish the piquancy of a situation in which the chairman of Daimler-Benz, Edzard Reuter, was 30 minutes late for his press minutes late for his press con-ference at the Frankfurt motor show because of traffic jams.

The trouble began with the late arrival of Reuter's flight. It was compounded by the fact that access by road to the show was nearly impossible, though it does not open fully to the public until tomorrow.

The valiant efforts of the FT's local correspondent to reach the Daimler conference came to nought. After fuming for an hour in dense snail's-pace traffic, he was told currly that press parking places at the show were full.

Nothing for it, therefore, but to drive on to the office, still

hampered by traffic delays. Our motor industry man, Ken Good-ing, was equal to the task of reaching the press conference by a less complicated method than private car, so the news got through to the FT.

Ironically, the portentous motto of this motor show is "mobile Vielfalt," which translates roughly into English as mobile diversity. Yesterday morning the traffic was diverse enough, but its mobility left a lot to be desired.

No lifeline

On the even fo British Tele-com's annual meeting a colleague reckons he experienced the ultimate BT horror story. When he rang to report a fault on his phone in north London, he was told the 151 engineers' number was out of order.

Flower power

The lengths these creative The lengths, these creative advertising types go to. Callers at Wight Collins Rutherford and Scott's Drury Lane offices yesterday found the place bedecked with giant floral displays—comprising red gladioli, blue iris, and white carnations.

has just announced a tie-up with the French agency business Groupe Belier. "A good job it wasn't a German deal," muttered one to be dealing with the horticul-tural niceties of red, yellow, and black.

Wheels and deals

Already a Zaitech joke: How many men does it take to make a Japanese motorbike? Three One to put the bike together and two to trade the bond market. ·

Observer



AMK Berlin Alasstellungs-Messe-Kongress-GmbH Messedamin 27, D-4000 Berlin 9, Telefon: (030) 30 38-1, Telen: 182 908 ambbd

ECONOMIC VIEWPOINT

Some home truths on world money

By Samuel Brittan

France and the UK. This group would like to form a world financial directorate, but cannot do so for lack of rules in two

There are no agreed rules of behaviour for club members; and there is no agreement on the underlying rules of cause and effect in the world economy. Co-operation is based on informal and shifting target zones for the world's main currencies.
The uncertainty of the commitments, the disagreement between the countries about the boundaries of the zones, and dental advantage of boosting their liability to shift when the the West German money supply. going becomes rough is sometimes described as a system

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with soft buffers.

There is widespread belief that the dollar will have to fall further

There are fundamental adjustments of monetary policy, such as last week's probably inade-quate increase in the US dis-

tervention in currently markets

THE INTERNATIONAL finan-cial conference season is now upon us in the run-up to the upon us in the run-up to the IMF and World Bank meetings at the end of this month.

approaching its Reagan high, were highly profitable as well as stabilising. On a smaller scale, British official purchases at the end of this month.

approaching its Reagan high, were highly profitable as well as stabilising. On a smaller scale, British official purchases to foreign exchange to put a cans but by overseas purchasers The finance ministers of the seven summit countries will also meet and, most important also meet and, most important of all, the inner Group of Five—the US, Japan, West Germany, France and the UK. This group modest dollar revival experi-enced this summer.

ther pressure.

If so, these operations are bound to be loss-making, although they may have the accidental advantage of boosting But that is hardly what the

Action to maintain the desagrant the trend gives far too sired ranges takes two forms. easy a ride to speculators against the dollar and is thus likely to be unsuccessful.

in the end, the central banks can only affect currency values by the relative tightness or ease of their internal policies. They are well aware that their governments have little idea of what an appropriate set of ex-change rates between the dol-lar, the D-Mark and the yen would look like. And a respec-table economist can be found to support almost any set of policies whatever.

The first fallacy surrounding discussion is that each country needs to balance its current accounts or, best of all, be in (which the French want to boost within the European Monetary System). After decades of debate, it still remains true that such intervention is likely to be helpful only when it is profitable.

Surplus. He better mainly because it is distinventment in everseas is distinventment in everseas assets. It is thus only an amber light, which can be disregarded true that such intervention is if the deficit is being used to finance profitable domestic investment which would not otherwise take place. surplus. In fact, a current de-

For instance, purchases of dollars by the Bundesbank, when the dollar was at its 1979-1980 low near the end of the Carter Presidency, and sales of dollars as the US currency was the spending of the US Govern-

imbalances is exaggerated by headline statistics. US monthly enced this summer.

The current operations to values relative to export ones support the dollar are, however, far more questionable, freight. Even the later more wnatever reassuring noises are comprehensive figures are made in Basie, most central bankers and officials hardly disguise their belief that the doilar will have to fall further, but simply want a respite from forhole in the world economy. When correctly stated, the US current deficit is simply the

between domestic investment and domestic savings or to put it another way —
between expenditure and output. The obvious source of the
gap is the US budget deficit, which amounts to negative savings.

Louvre accord 1987 1985

counterbalancing improvement ventional wisdom? in private savings on the has a deficit with California, horizon. then, to the extent that the There is little prospect of deficit is not financed, There is little prospect of tackling the US payments gap at source before the 1988 Presidential elections, Mean-while, most purported re-medies, whether protection or further dollar devaluation, are

worse than the disease. How does one reconcile the savings investment approach with the common sense fact that devaluation makes exports more competitive and imports

The answer is that if de-But before jumping to any valuation is not accompanied hasty rule of thumb remember by expenditure reductions, it

Central banks can only affect currency values by the relative tightness or ease of their internal policies

Denmark. The latter country is likely ultimately to be offset has economic problems as well by inflation, faster than in the as an uncertain election result non-devaluing countries. In with which to contend. Denother words, the devaluation mark has stashed its budget will turn out to be nominal, deficit, but still has a large rather than read.

current payments deficit Many economists will consciouse private savings have fallen off as government borrowing has declined.

The latter is to provide an incentive to pro

The outlook in the US is for a widening of the budget deficit
in 1987-88 after an improvement in the fiscal year now
and bring about recession,
ending. Nor is there any
But how true is such con-

the aid of currency deprecia-tion, and rely on price and profit signals alone. Are Cali-fornia and Texas more of a natural currency area than Belgium and the Netherlands, even Britain and West Germany? Even on a continental scale the conventional wisdom is questionable. Have the switch-

back movements of the dollar against the D-mark shown on the chart been helpful? Surely, the boom m the dollar in the mid-1980s provided an utterly misleading signal for US producers to concentrate on the home market, which has made it far more difficult for them to change back now that the dollar has plummeted.

resources have to move without

The great attraction of devaluation was that it enabled governments to boost demand without an exchange rate con-straint. But now that it is clear that the ultimate effects of demand boosting beyond quite narrow limits are on inflation, rather than on output and jobs, the attractions should surely

To eliminate exchange rate changes altogether would require a world currency as we had de facto in gold standard days. Without aspiring thus far it is still crazy to assess required exchange rate shifts on the basis of crudely reported current deficits and in isolation Contrary to popular wisdom. it is fiscal policy—including all actions affecting savings and investment—that is crucial for

threatens another inflationary take off, as Alan Greenspan, chairman of the US Federal Reserve, half realises. Exchange rates cannot, of course, determine the world

partners.
For instance, the dollar surge

of the mid-1980s helped to slash the differentially high US infla-

It is vital to find demand management rules at a global level

If Texas nal exchange rate in

inflation rate, only relative rates. The average inflation rate is influenced by financial policy in the main countries taken

together.
The important task is to find demand management rules at a global level which will be neither too inflationary nor too restrictive. If this can be done, it would be a relatively simple matter to adjust an individual country's relative monetary stance to maintain reasonable stability of exchange rates.

It is precisely because discussion at forthcoming meetings will not be on this fundamental level that the rest of us need to keep on our toes and refrain

JOE ROGALY

Blinded by colour

The parents of 26 children

who have insisted on moving their children to a nearby mainly white school in Dewsbury, Yorkshire, rather than accept places in a mainly Asian neighbourhood school say that their choice has nothing to do with race, to which the reply is — humbug. By all accounts Headfield Middle on the other hand, affect ulti-mately not the balance of pay-School (the mainly Asian one) is no worse a local primary school than any other. Its headments but the rate of inflation in one country relative to its master, Gordon Hibbert, assured me yesterday that his 595 children get the same topic-based group work that is fed to children in most schools tion rate. Today, on the other hand, a continued dollar fall in England. It is all done in English, by white teachers, although this very week the first Asian teacher, who was educated at local schools and an English university, started at Headfield. Many of the Asian children are secondgeneration Yorkshire-born boys and girls: Mr Hibbert himself taught the parents of some of

> The parents of the 90 or so white children in the school are local residents. Some of the 26 hold-outs mights have asked their neighbours about the quality of education at Headfield, but so far as can be told they have not visited the people of the control school itself, or called on the head or his deputy to ask what life is like in a mainly Asian classroom. If they had they might have noted that Asian children tend to do well in school. After all, they come from a cultural background that places special emphasis on education. The national O level results of second generation Asian children bear this out.

> That said, it would be wrong to place all the blame for what has happened on these particular parents. The Kirklees Education Authority would have done better to arrange for a fifty-fifty mix in both schools; they are not all that long a distance away from one another. Shielded from the

AN IMPERFECTION in the the present case might be Government's strategy for soluble. Anyway, some of the Government's strategy for soluble. Anyway, some of the education has become apparent Dewsbury 26 probably believe this week. Parental choice, it their own voices when they protest that it has been "tradiscent to use the whiter beaded. Some can be thick-beaded. Some can be racialist, choices can worsen the divisions in society.

Soluble. Anyway, some of the collection of the probably believe their own voices when they protest that it has been "tradiscent their own voices when they protest their own voices when they probably believe their own voi unique. I would happily have sent my own children to Head-field, but not necessarily to one inner London school I know of in which a preponderance of first-generation Asian children with a poor command of English is accompanied by widespread use of Bengali.

All of this illustrates the im-perfection in the Government's proposal to extend parental choice. The Great Education Reform Bill being prepared by the Secretary of State for Education, Mr Keneth Baker, will provide for parents like the Dewsbury 26. If the bill was now law they would have a statutory right to choose the non-Asian school. The probable effect would be that one school would become all white, and the other all Asian. Some Asians have talked of setting up state-supported Islamic schools, on the precedent of Church of England or Jewish This sounds fine and dandy,

until the question is asked-do we want to create another fistful of British-based nationalisms, on top of the Celtic nationalists we already have? Perhaps it is better to regard Britain as a multi-ethnic society with homogenous schools, just as the United States has attempted to melt down its constituent parts through its own schools. Mr Baker's preference is for all schools to teach the same curparents' preferences will almost surely be contrary to that. Again, you cannot have parental choice without producing a parents get their children into the best schools, leaving the dregs worse off than they are now. The expenditure of more necessary part of any pro-gramme to make up for that. More money? Yes, more money. The Government may be learning that while parental choice is good for winning votes it is the very devil to

Charter

From the Chairman and Chief Executive, Britannia Airways

Sir, — I agreed with the greater part of Mr Powrie's first letter (August 12) apart from his conclusion regarding the desirability of maintaining a "second force" airline. I agree with all his second contribution (September 4) in response to Sir Colin Marshall in which he argues so correctly about agreements between states peing the problem for effective competition in Europe, and it was for that very reason that I disagreed with his defence of maintaining the "second force"

What difference does BCal as a separate entity make to the lack of competition in European when and if European scheduled airline competition comes about, then BCal—independent or amalgamated—is irrelevant, and in the meantime it is equally irrelevant except on very narrow arguexcept on very narrow arguments. The issues are not com-plex, but they do have some depth, and just as Mr Powrie has exposed the shallowness of Sir Colin's arguments, might I

sir Colin's arguments, might I also refer to Mr Lucking's comments (August 25) about priorities for the businessman and the inbound tourist over outbound tourists?

Business passengers were 22 per cent of all UK passengers in 1976. Ten years later the percentage is 16.7 per cent. The trend is down. Most inbound tourist passengers do not mind at which London airport they arrive or depart. They do travel arrive or depart. tourist passengers do not mind at which London airport they arrive or depart. They do travel—except on Concorde—with a few business passengers who do. The problem is to recon-cile these two positions. The simple suggestion of not

(many of whom have contributed to exports or inbound tourism) their choice of an airport from the south-east, when they have already been Sir—Some years ago you pub-effectively excluded from lished a series of articles on the Heathrow, is not the answer. efficient market theory of In order to provide effective stocks and shares, which car-consumer choice and effective ried considerable conviction. use of present and future air port capacity, a solution has to be found which recognises the still to be considered efficient. efficiences of charter compared. I do not refer to the backlog with scheduled in passengers in settlements, which is supper aircraft movement. In 1986 posed to be temporary, but to the average number of passengers two other developments.

The attack on insider of optimisation here as well. In today's rapidly changing and trading. Part of the holder of the passengers was the holder. movement at Gatwick was 146. trading. Part of the emicient often volatile markets there is scheduled flights at Gatwick that everything that is to be was 92 and has in fact been known about a share is indecreasing in recent years, cluded in the price. If insiders while the charter figure has been increasing. And the Gat ledge is not included in the strategy that creates wealth to-

Letters to the Editor

ments and environmental fac-tors. This efficiency, consumer choice and interlining requirements have to be acknowledged in the solution.

D. H. Davison.

Promoting new airports From Mr B. Buckle

Luton, Beds.

unfettered, spring to mind.
John Mowiem is just about to
complete the London City
Airport at a cost of £30m. It
was built on time, within
budget and will handle \$2,000

monopoly position of the then state-owned BA. Bernard Buckle.

Inefficient market? From Mr R. Higginbotham

wick charter figure exceeds price.
even the average passenger load
of 126 on scheduled flights at which market-makers are pre-Heathrow.

It is the efficiency of charter flights which alleviates desk which alleviates desk which alleviates desk flights w

price to get rid of a reasonable line, but they will not offer. Thus the price is artificially

Another possible cause of "inefficiency" in the theory sense is the huge proportion of makers themselves. Presumably this to a large extent is mere jousting, with little relation to what is known about the share. R. N. Higginbotham, 55 Cleaver Square, SE11.

Evolution, not revolution

From the Chairman, Noah Biotechnology Group.

Sir.—In his article (September 5) on "Unnatural selection" Giles Merritt tends to paint a rather frightening image of hio-technology and talks of a farm-ing revolution.

Bovine Somatotropin (BST)

is rightly shown as a means of improving the efficiency of milk production but the auto-matic transmission of efficiency mate transmission of emciency into increased surpluses is erroneous. In Europe, milk levels are determined by quotas, if outputs are thus controlled survival becomes a matter of improving efficiency—hence the role of BST. Socio-accompany studies on BST show economic studies on BST show only minor effects on the structure of the European dairy industry, improving financial security will allow farmers to be less dependent on the farm

subsidy system.

If the political will existed savings in production cost could be passed on to the consumer. Biotechnology can benefit all, given the chance, revolution becomes evolution. C. Davis. Elanco Products,

Basingstoke, Hants. Shareholders' interests

From Mr G. Sewell

Sir,—Barry Riley (September

morrow at the expense of to-day's bottom line. Such action may well minimise the return

This issue points again to the | Pratts Bottom, Kent.

long time window necessary to create success and wealth. The pace of change and competition acts the other way to force a orter time in which to and stay competitive.

Companies need to convince

to devalue. The latter is to provide an incentive to pro-

shareholders that wealth is the product of a long time window on profits and a fast response to market pressures,

G. Sewell. 44, Leamington Crescent, South Harrow, Middleser

Tax and the

home From Mr A. Nelson Sir, — I have considerable

difficulty in following the reasoning of Mr John G. Griffith (September 7) concerning the exemption from Capital Gains Tax of one's sole or main residence. So far as I can see, none of the consequences he indicates is a result of this factor, and all would be greatly aggravated were the Chancellor foolish enough to adopt his ideas. He appears to believe that the purchasers of houses buy them in order to obtain the benefit of this exemption, but surely this puts the cart before the horse. House prices rise because of the relationship of demand to supply, and the demand for housing in the south-east is high and rising because of the drift of industry and population to this part of the country.

If CGT arose on the sale of a private residence, the result would be that the seller could no longer buy another house of similar quality in a similar area. The effect on residential mobility would be devastating. Those elderly people who now sell and take smaller properties would certainly largely cease to do so, and the result would be a strangulation of the present supply of houses with the inevitable result that the only available houses would then tend to be new houses. Far from staying on in houses which are too large for them, the elderly today frequently sell and buy a flat, retaining such profits as they make for investment. This would cease, and such houses would cease to be available to even the most virtuous of citizens (though what virtue has to do with it I cannot imagine).

The solution is certainly not that advocated by Mr Griffith. Much more sensible would be the removal of the current absurd rent restrictions which have done more damage to the housing market over a longer time than any other single factor.

Hedgerows, Orchard Rd,



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Subdued Brazilian reaction to debt plan retreat

THERE was subdued reaction to the retreat by Mr Luiz Carlos Bresser Pereira, the Brazilian Finance Minister, from a plan to convert half the country's hn debt to banks into bouds in the face of US opposition, amid awareness that the con-frontation was as much Bra-

zil's own doing. Hoping for a political sucess, President Jose Sarney revealed the proposal last week, just before Mr Pereira flew to Europe for an international debt conference. The scant details of the pian created a negative reaction from international bankers, who felt they were once again being presented with a unilateral position. The Finance Minister, ac-cording to a Estado de Sao Pa-

oto newspaper editorial, made the error of imposing the pro-posal before sitting down to ne-gotiations with bank creditors later in the month. At least, the editorial continued, Mr Pereditorial continued, Mr Per-eira retreated with honour when he realised Brazil was going down a dead-end street. Facing crossfire abroad, and certain of more at home, Mr Pereira said: 'I retreated a lit-tle hit but only a little " offer rereira said: I rereated a fit-tle bit, but only a little," after his meeting with Hr James Baker, the US Treasury Secre-tary. He accused the foreign press of distorting the proposal and creating the animosity. Brazilians feel that, for as yet unrevealed reasons, Mr Pereira has tried to put the best face on a return to conventional means of debt negotia-

BY ANN CHARTERS IN SAO PAULO

tion by adopting exit bonds.

A leading economist familiar with the proposal said: 'Ne one naively expected it to be accepted outright, especially since the minister presented it before talking to the parties involved. But it is unlikely that the proposal has been completely abandoned because it creates a politically embarrassing situation'.

Future debt negotiations are now likely to be more difficult

reture debt negotiations are now likely to be more difficult as a result of the "media trial" of the latest Brazilian proposal. A concern persists that negotiations are not taken seriously enough, and that the precipitous and public debut

of the latest proposal did not help to allay these worries. "This is very messy," one in-ternational banker comment-ed. Brazil is treating the international financial community much like the domestic market

much like the domestic market - every day a different story."
Apart from uneven support he receives on the foreign debt plan from his political party, the PMDB, which has a majority in congress. Mr Pereira faces tough opposition from ministers and governors who are upset with his efforts to contain public spending. Agreement of the 1588 budget for the powerful state companies is certain to be another nies is certain to be another pitched battle. The economy is now official-

ly in its flexible pricing

phase". Petrol and alcohol prices rose 8 per cent last week for the sixth time this year. The number of companies subject to government authorised price increases was increased. while some sectors, such as ho-tels and imported foods, were fold prices could be freely ad-

Rents were allowed to in-crease after the freeze, but are trease after the freeze, but are linked to increases in Trea-sury bills, not to the index by which salaries are allowed to rise. Since Treasury bills are rising faster there are already strong complaints from the

Death of Brazilian land reform minister. Page 5

Alexander Nicoll says a new bank loan deal may end moratorium on interest

US scores coup by heading off Bresser

THE US TREASURY'S move to head off Brazil's radical debt securitisation plan has raised the possibility that an interim deal on a new bank loan may be attempted in order to end the seven-month-old moratorium on Brazilian interest payments.

Mr James Baker, the US Treasury Secretary, scored a coup in persuading Mr Luiz Carlos Bresser Pereira, Brazil's Fi-nance Minister, to drop on Tuesday a plan - unveiled less than a week beforehand - to convert compulsorily half of Brazil's \$68bn debt to banks inlong-term, low-interest

If seriously pursued, the plan would have completely changed the course of the five-year-old debt crisis. It would have forced quick and substantial write-offs by banks of loans to Brazil and probably to many other coun-

new loan and rescheduling agreement next year embodying an expansion of the "menu of

however, to have agreed to put banks either to advance new tions to its problet the Treasury's weight behind money or to capitalise the over-than short-term fixes.

MR POUL SCHLUETER, the Danish Prime Minister, su-

prised the country yesterday with the resignation of his four party non-Socialist coalition,

following an indecisive result in Tuesday's parliamentary elections. But hours later, after leaders of the nine parties represented

in the new parliament had given their advice to Queen Mar-

grethe II, Mr Schlueter said he would be forming an identical

coalition today.

Financial markets took the



Mr Bresser Pereira has now the idea of a new bank loan publicly committed himself to a which would be advanced with-return to the conventional apout Brazil having to seek an proach - the most likely out agreement from the Interna-come of which would be a full tional Monetary Fund An interim deal of this kind would fund interest payments due in 1987, and could thus be options' approach first adopted of perhaps some \$4bn. Bankers in Argentina's package this speculated yesterday that if

cultural Policy - both on the

agenda for the coming months -will need a strong lead from the

Danish presidency.
Officials in Brussels still ex-

meeting of finance ministers to go ahead, especially in the light of the successful meeting of central bank governors in Basle

which agreed on new measures to reinforce the European Mon-

The new version of what is

The four parties in the coali-

tion are Mr Schlueter's Conser-

known in Denmark as the four leafed clover will lack the sta-

etary System.

perennial budget crisis, and real reforms of the Common Agrivative Party, the Liberals, the

principal.
Such a loan would restore the flow of interest to banks. This would be especially crucial for US banks which face new losses and provisions if US regulators next month declare Brazilian debt "value-impaired".
The radical nature of Mr Bresser Pereira's proposal and its hasty withdrawal have, how-

ever, raised many questions in bankers' minds about the minister. Their confidence in him had already been eroded since he was appointed in April. At that stage, he appeared more likely to adopt a conciliatory attitude than bis crusading predegesor. Mr Dison Funzy cessor, Mr Dilson Funaro. Bresser Pereira: His radical to win the support of his party for such a move. Some bankers believe the highly public approach currently being adopted which would be advanced without Brazil having to seek an of the November elections in agreement from the Interna-Brazil rather than a serious at-tempt to address the debt prob-

An interim deal of this kind lem.

Support in the international would fund interest payments

Support in the international due in 1987, and could thus be banking community for a quick options' approach first adopted of perhaps some \$4bn. Bankers interim loan could be very diffisher.

Argentina's package this speculated yesterday that if cult to muster, bankers say, such a request were made, it Bankers have generally urged might include the option for Brazil to seek long-term solutions. The accuracy weight behind money or to capitalize the over-



Even though banks would have a strong incentive to make

a new loan - that interest pay-ments from their largest debtor would resume - many would still find it difficult to advance money without some assurance about the handling of the econo-

With the annual IMF/World brace the IMF, bankers have ar-Bank meetings approaching in gued that the country must just over two weeks' time, the adopt an economic programme leading banks could face strong which would win the IMF's en-official US pressure to strike a dorsement if it were asked. With the annual IMF/World

seats, seven fewer than last

The coalition's fate now de-

time.

same meetings a year ago when the US forced through a much more comprehensive package

It was that agreement, however, which then took more than half a year to arrange with the rest of Mexico's bank creditors, and persuaded many bankers that they needed to toughen their approach. It was a key influence on banks' decision to build up their cushions against Third World exposure by making provisions.

The Mexican deal was on terms which banks did not like, with a precedent-setting 12 per cent margin over London inter-bank offered rates, and contain-ing few of the financing alterna-tives on the "menu".

Baker: Offer of backing Mr Bresser Pereira has al-from Treasury. Mr Bresser Pereira has al-ready said that Brazil wishes to pay no margin at all over Libor. Given this week's damaging events, it will be even more important for him politically to be seen to win a victory on this

> core. Banks are also likely to be unhappy about Brazil's deferral of a decision on an IMF approach. Even if Brazil was unable to em-

Moscow

pends on its ability to win the support of two other parties, who fail to agree on anything. They are Radical Liberals, a moderate but pacifist party of tug-boats at Iran's Kharg island

The latter gained a decisive influence on the future of the coalition when it went ahead from six to nine seats. Including the Progress Party and the Rad-

ecretary-General.

challenge.

At the same time Moscow has repeatedly denounced the Western, especially US, naval build-up in the Guif, and may

The latest manoeuvring came as more foreign warships were preparing to leave for the Gulf and a Kuwaiti supertanker hoisted the Red Ensign for the first time. The Netherlands agreed this week to deploy two minehunters in the region, bringing the total number of foreign navies represented to six.

may back **UN** call

the centre, and the right-wing oil terminal. In the last two days both Iran

wait and North Yemen, and the Arab League

The Soviet Union, which is Iraq's major arms supplier, and a frequent target of Iran's Islamic revolutionary invective, clearly leans to the Arab side in the argument and is pleased that the US has been willing to cooperate in efforts to end the war through the Security Council. It has leased three tankers to Kuwait and provided them with a naval escort, which Iran

THE LEX COLUMN

BT rings the changes

When a privatised monopoly such as British Telecom is facing intense criticism from its ing intense criticism from its consumers, a tightening of its regulatory framework and the sale of the Government's remaining stake, it is perhaps a good moment for the chairman to leave. The arrival at such a moment of a charismatic leader, able to inspire staff and put it across to customers that it across to customers that something is being done to improve the service, could make a significant difference to the

significant difference to the market's view of the stock.
Yet such an opportunity seems to have been missed at BT. Sir George Jefferson's announcement of his departure at the annual meeting yesterday, and the choice of Iain Vallance as his successor was not what as his successor, was not what the market wanted to hear. Whatever his merits, Mr Vallance's disadvantage is that he comes from within BT when what is needed is some fresh talent. An outsider could create the illusion (or even the reality) that the culture was being changed and the criticisms

tackled.
Indeed, there is a touch of the bad old ways about BT's deci-sion to slow the rate of staff reductions, also revealed yesterday, even if the engineers are needed to improve the service, as BT argues. With a price freeze on, cost containment ranks alongside volume gains as the way to improve returns. Pre-tax profits, up by less than 12 per cent in the first quarter, are rising much less quickly than the industrial average, as befits a lowly-rated utility. Still, with profit margins over 23 per cent and capital expenditure not outrageously high at roughly twice the depreciation charge, there is plenty of scope for Oftel to toughen the regulatory regime in 1989. And with 49 per cent of the equity overhang-ing the market, the shares have

the short term - harring, of course, a vendor-inspired ramp.

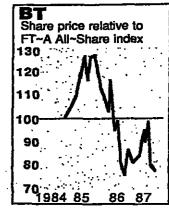
little chance of performing in

First City Bancorp The Texas-based First City Bancorp has been at the top of the US bank regulators' prob-lem list for many months and everyone from the Bank of Scot-land to the big New York money centre banks has cast their eyes over its battered corpse and de-cided that it was too expensive

to save.

It has been common knowledge that the only solution to its

properties in its balance sheet,
the new style P & O can afford to
be more highly geared than in



ferent story from the 1984 rescue of Continental Illinois, the

big Chicago bank, which had to be effectively nationalised, in order to restore international confidence. However, the US Government is having to lend

close to \$1bn in order to per-suade an adventurous investor

group to chip in \$500m of new capital - and it is far from clear

The combination of a 45 per cent rise in first half profits, a one fifth rise in the dividend and the absence of the rumoured rights issue meant that

P & O's shares were one of the

few bright spots in the market yesterday. Despite the near doubling in borrowings since

the year end, the company is very relaxed about the upward blip in its debt load. It also looks as if the traditional strong

cash flow in the second half will

bring gearing down from a peak of 62 per cent to under 50 per

cent by the year end, and to a more normal 40 per cent in the

Given the more than £1bn of

next year or so.

that it will get its money back.

P&0

the past, and while it is quite prepared to issue more paper for future acquisitions. Sir Jeffrey Stirling has made a point of not having rights issues. Mean-while, the financial effects of the Zeebrugge tragedy appear to have had a minimal impact on the group's performance. European Ferries suffered some loss of market share in the immediate aftermath, but this has since been recovered. And while the acquisition did no more than break even in the first six months, it should contirst SIX months, it should contribute to a strong second half and help P & O earn upwards of £260m, or 46p a share, in the year as a whole.

problems, which resulted from BTR

an over-dependence on energy lending, would involve a hefty dose of official assistance, and The market's recent worries about the big conglomerates were evidently premature. Afthe only question has been how much would be necessary. Yes-terday, the US Government un-veiled its rescue plan for the troubled bank and it is clear that the costs of cleaning up the-bad debts of the US banking syster Hanson's characteristically adroit purchase of Kidde, here is BTR producing 25 per cent organic growth in first half prof-its and an improvement of two percentage points in trading margins. For each in its way, tem remain exceptionally high. The authorities are desperthere is life in the formula yet. The 14.5 per cent trading marately anxious to show that yes-terday's bailout of Texas's fourth biggest bank is a very dif-

gins are particularly significant for a company which puts return on sales at the centre of its philosophy. Never mind the absolute level, just keep it going up. Though there is plainly a limit to this, the group can point to margins three points higher still back in the days before it absorbed Tilling and Dunlop. Again, the image of BTR as being in mature markets is at odds with profit rises of between a third and a half in construction, transportation and sports goods. The market evidently drew the wrong conclusion from the failure of the Pilkington bid that BTR needs big acquisitions to keep growing. But then, it drew the wrong conclusion about Hanson as well - that big acquisitions were no longer to

Warner deal just concluded could point to smaller-scale ambitions on BTR's part. This may be no bad thing from the view point of the market, which seems to be leaning to organic rather than acquired growth as a matter of fashion. It is not, however, reflected in the share price. At 344p and on forecast profits of £630m, the shares are on a prospective multiple of 13.5 - smack in line with Han-

the Progress Party and the Radicals, the six non-Socialist parthe Progress Party and the Radicals, the six non-Socialist parties have a two seat majority of 90. Mr Schlueter could have soldiered on without the brief dissolution of his government. But he said that it was a better constitutional procedure to resign political uncertainty badly, with the share price index ble support on which it could count in the last Folketing, or parliament. We shall present our programme to the Folketing when it reopens on October 6 plunging 11.5 per cent and bond prices weakening One immediate consequence of the election result was to bring into question the stability and then we shall to see who wants to work with us," said Mr of Denmark's presidency of the EC Council of Ministers. There tion, including Mr Tariq Aziz, the Iraqi Foreign Minister, as well as his colleagues from Ku-Schlueter, after being asked by in order to allow party leaders the Queen yesterday evening to Danish premier Poul Schlueter: to advise the Queen. The six non-socialist parties was no panic in Brussels yester-day about the immediate future, lead the negotiations for the formation of the new governall recommended the Queen to call upon Mr Schlueter once

UK telecom chief quits amid criticism

Schlueter to form new Danish coalition

but in the longer term, any last-ing solution to the Community's

of British Telecom, flagship of the UK Government's privatisa-tion programme, is to quit at the to go at this stage in BT's develand of this month. opment, his decision was seen His surprise decision was an-in the City of London as entirely

neeting of the giant company which was privatised in 1984. It comes at a time when BT - the UK's chief supplier of telecommunication services - is facing a barrage of criticism over its quality of service. quality of service.
Sir George has been with BT

for seven years and will be suc-ceeded as chairman by Chief Executive Mr Ian Vallance, 44. Sir George initially intended stepping down last year, but was asked to stay on by fellow directors until the General Election was over and the oppo-

World Weather

SIR George Jefferson, chairman renationalise BT removed. While Sir George had given no

personal.

In his speech, Sir George said 1987 had been a difficult year because of what he called an unsatisfactory level of service in the first six months, largely due to the telephone engineers' strike in January and February.

The criticism aimed at BT during the summer - although

content" among the public, he admitted.

Mrs Margaret Thatcher's Government has made it clear that it is keeping a close eye on the group, whose poor public image.

has tarnished an otherwise pop-ular programme of state compa-ny sell-offs. Analysts were more surprised by the appointment of Mr Vall-

by the appointment of Mr vair-ance, who as chief executive has been responsible for the day-to-day operations through the period when the company has run into quality problems.
Mr Vallance has spent his entire career in BT and its predecessor organisation.
Mr Vallance's emergence to

Centre Democratic Party, and

the Christian Peoples Party. They have a total of 70 out of 179

during the summer - although well is seen as evidence that the ill-informed in places - had Government has not interfered struck a genuine cord of dis- in the appointment through its

Upset for markets, Page 42.

The company's first quarter statement, showing pre-tax profits up by 11.8 per cent to 2561m, was partly behind a 7p fall in the share price yesterday

Widely regarded as highly capable, he is also considered by some to be over-cautions and unwilling to introduce radically new initiatives if BT's performance fails to improve sufficiently as a result of its present policy. He is also unlikely to take major risks in pushing BT outside its traditional business into either overseas activities or manufacturing.

build-up in the Gulf, and may try to make any UN arms embargor conditional on withdrawal from the area of all extraneous naval forces.

The latest manoeuvring came as more foreign warships were preparing to leave for the Gulf and a Kuwaiti supertanker hoisted the Red Ensign for the first time. The Netherlands agreed this week to deploy two minehunters in the region, or manufacturing.

Vallance profile Page 11

ANATOMY OF A STAR

Our star comprises four arrowheads, each of which contain, in Arab calligraphy, two words: Commercial

This is the corporate symbol of the Commercial Bank of Kuwait, famous for its pioneering approach to Middle East banking.

We were the first Kuwaiti bank to establish a foreign exchange dealing room; first to introduce automated letters of credit; and first to link all branches on-line to a central computer.

Now we're leading the way with forward rate agreements, interest rate swaps, currency options and interest

With strong contacts in 89 countries many major companies are already enjoying the benefits of our services. So could you. And at very competitive prices, too.

Bear us in mind next time you have a special need. Commercial Bank of Kuwait promises you an open mind and some very imaginative thinking.





Daimler and Mitsubishi in van link

Continued from Page 1

when it is put up for sale by the French Government. Mr Gerhard Liener, the director responsible for Daimler's commercial vehicle division. said the van deal could be signed within six months. Daimler does not produce light vans because it does not have suitable car components to incorporate in them. Its Transporter heavy van range is 10 years old and not due for re-

placement for some time. But Daimler's production volume is

much lower than its European

rivals' and this has an adverse

impact on the group's costs.

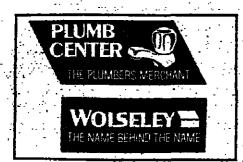
Daimler will produce more than 68,000 heavy vans at its Dusseldorf factory in Germany this year and 15,000 in Spain.

Mitsubishi sells about 25,000 vans a year in Europe.

Mr Liener said the van sector the factory in the was the fastest-growing in the commercial vehicle business worldwide and Daimler pre-dicted it would continue to be

has its own import subsidiar which sells to the Yanasi relail-ing group. European car pro-ducers regularly complain at the difficulty of recruiting strong dealers in Japan. Referring to the Matra purchase. Mr Reuter said the French company also wanted the relationship to be cemented with a small shareholding Ma-

with a small shareholding Ma-tra would co-operate with Daimler's new subsidiaries. AEG, the electronics company, and Dornier, the aerospace group on the development of such things as semiconductors, so for the next 15 to 20 years.
As for the potential relationship with Mitsubishi in Japan, Daimler gets access to an extremely strong dealer network there complementary to its exspace technology and a wide range of technical systems. isting arrangements whereby it



SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday September 10 1987



John Wicks examines the up-market aspirations of Canada's leading drinks group

Seagram makes a sparkling move towards quality spend \$100m on US

Samuel Bronfman, he became a naturalised US citizen in 1955 and significant growth in the consider-

Through the Edgar Miles Bronfman Trust, he owns 16.56 per cent tial holdings in this field, among of Seagram's share capital and, with his brother Charles and other Mumm and Perrier-Jouet cham-

cluding income from its 22.6 per French wines. cent stake in Du Pont, the largest ending January 31, compared with gious Winery Lake spread. \$423.5m in 1986-87, with turnover

Seagram sees further expansion ahead. But this will be angled very

CANADA'S Bronfman family, al-ready the largest shareholders in active divestment programme to re-Sesgram, might in future own an duce its presence in the lower price even larger stake in the Montreal-brackets. It has disposed of such based wines and spirits group - the leading US wines as Paul Masson. Taylor, and Great Western, as well "We think we're into a good thing as various non-US labels including and we should like to increase our Ricasoli and Tonino in Italy, Bodeshare," says Mr Edgar Bronfman. ga Palacio in Spain and a stake in Born in 1929 to Seagram founder New Zealand's Montana wines. At the same time, there has been

Seagram's chairman and chief ex- ably more hicrative fine wines sec-

family members, owns about 38 per pagne companies, the German spar-cant of the company's common king wines Mumm-Sekt and Ma-stock. The family's satisfaction with its tributors Barton & Guestier, the investment is understandable. In- largest single US importer of

In California, it bought Sterling US chemical group, Seagram's net Vineyards in 1983 and has since earnings are seen as rising to more doubled the unit's acreage largely than \$500m for the current year due to the acquisition of the presti-

"We are dedicated to expansion in fine wines, says Mr David Sacks, champagne market, the two Ger-Seagram president. He adds that man brands are said to be "doing due to increase from \$3.34bn to an fine wines," says Mr David Sacks, Although large sectors of the in- the company is "constantly on the spectacularly"; and Seagram last ternational wine and spirits busi- lookout for good agencies and year bought the Italian sparklingness are beset by flagging markets, brand names, both in the US and wine producer Maschio to strength-

en its position on a generally "dy-The rationale behind this is not namic European market."

sharp rise in second-quarter earnings to \$139.4m or \$1.46 a share from \$116.7m or \$1.23 a year earlier, taking the first-half total to \$255.2m or \$2.67 a share against \$216.1m or \$2.27, writes Robert Gibbens in Montreal.

The increases reflect strong inhalf of 1987.

while that for premium labels is holding its own or improving. Seagram's sparkling wines seem to be doing particularly well: Mumm and Perrier-Jouet today ac-

Edgar Broniman

count for 25 per cent of the US

much at profitable premium brands just a quest for quality as such. The rather than at volume growth.

In fact, over the past two years, Sacks, is falling off everywhere,

Any purchase of new acreage, though, seems likely to be concentrated in the US, with its large num-

SEAGRAM yesterday reported a

ternational sales, a slowing de-cline in North American alcohol consumption, and dramatic growth in cooler sales in the first

Sales and other income \$1.7bn for the six months ended July 31, against \$1.4bn a year earlier, and net income from spirits and wines was \$67.3m against \$35.7m.

ber of so-called boutique wineries. Mr Bronfman says the company would just as soon import from oth- beverage business offers only finite er countries as own vineyards here. growth for a growth-minded compa-

major player in the international high and rising income levels.

spirits business with whiskies (and The question of how to expand gan rums and Seagram's gin. Here, the group is gaining market share Chivas Regal is today the top-sell- century. ing premium scotch, while the gin brand is the US market leader.

There have been recent acquisi- diversification. We have looked at tions such as the Scharlachberg a lot of things - but we're not partibrandy company in Germany and cularly anxious to chase anything Piave, the Italian grappa company. But overall, there is less interest in this sector than in wines.

Mr Sacks admits that among his dreams would be the addition of a pation in Du Pont. It had originally "standard scotch" on the US market, a premium US whiskey or a premium brand of gin. But none of packet of Conoco shares. Seagram these seems likely to be realised in has since expanded this shareholdthe foreseeable future.

Much more interesting is the range of "cordials," a term which in the US includes everything from liqueurs to flavoured schnapps. Consumption of these is growing fast in the US and Seagram intends to continue its expansion there. It has recently acquired an initial 37.5 per cent stake in Aperol, an Italian aperitif company, as well as contracting to buy a French manufacturer

of creme de cassis.

Whatever the case, the alcohol-Seagram, of course, remains a ny like Seagram - and one with

whiskeys) such as Chivas Regal, outside the traditional field of oper-Glenlivet, Crown Royal and Four ations will now arise. Apart from a Roses, the Myers and Captain Mor- probable further buy-back of a little more of its own stock, the company will have to look at alternative inbut in a generally declining market: vestments before the end of the

"We have not been idle," says Mr they may have done them a little Bronfman to the question of such

at present. Something may happen but we're not in a restless mood."

For the time being, Seagram seems unlikely to raise its particiacquired a 20.2 per cent stake in a 1981 transaction involving a large ing to 22.6 per cent.

Although it has the right to raise this further to 25 per cent before April 1989, Mr Bronfman says that "the way the market is, I don't think I could talk my board into this." In any case, he adds, Seagram is already treated as if it held a full 25 per cent by an agreement on board representation which comes into ef-

Mr Bronfman says he is very happy with the Du Pont shareholding. In response to claims that his family is already bringing pressure to bear on the Du Pont mangement in Wilmington, Delaware, he contends that "we exert less influence

than would be permissible."

He says the family has "a superb relationship" with Du Pont and thinks highly of its management "It would be wrong to impute that our presence had forced them to do the things they have done," says Mr Bronfman though he does add, "but

Volvo GM Truck to capacity expansion

BY KENNETH GOODING IN FRANKFURT

VOLVO GM Truck Corporation is to truck production from GM's Ponspend \$100m to expand capacity tiac, Michigan, factory to the plants and develop products in the US. This follows the decision by Gen-

eral Motors, the world's largest mo-tor group, to hand over its heavy Last year GM sold 10,000 heavy tor group, to hand over its heavy truck operations in the US and Cantrucks in North America while Volada to the new company 76 per cent vo White, a Vowned by Volvo of Sweden which duced 11,000. will formally start operations next

ing the run-up to the Frankfurt mo- of that number would sell Volvo GM tor show yesterday, the money trucks exclusively, representing a would mainly be spent at the New significant strengthening of Volvo's River Valley plant in Virginia, but network in the US. the Orville Ohio facility, previously Mr Langius sai

In the long term, capacity at the for the effects of a 25 per cent drop plants would be doubled from the in demand in Australia and Brazil, current 12,000 a year but, as a first and the almost total absence of step, capacity would be lifted by 20 sales in the Middle East. As a result per cent to 25 per cent.

eventually to transfer all heavy than the 43,600 in 1986.

being expanded, but Mr Langenius said no decision had yet been taken

vo White, a Volvo subsidiary, pro-

Mr Langenius also revealed that the Volvo GM organisation had se-Mr Sten Langenius, president of lected about 250 dealers from the Volvo Truck Corporation, said dur- combined network of 520. About 140

a cab assembly plant, would be expanded so it can assemble GMC currently operating at full capacity.

This would more than compensate Volvo would produce worldwide at The Volvo Company expects least 2,000 more trucks this year

Gulf + Western boosted by publishing division

25 per cent increase in third-quarter well as good performances by its earnings to \$102.6m or \$1.66 a consumer and international titles.

due primarily to a strong improve-ment in the group's publishing op-erations in the quarter to July, help-ed Gulf + Western stock rise \$1\% to its position at the top of the indus-

\$1.2bn in the July quarter. The this year. group, which has recently been ransformed from a heavyweight vices operations made advances in

GULF + WESTERN, the diversifi- cial services concern, said that its ed US services group, yesterday ex- Simon & Schuster subsidiary enjoytended its string of successes with a ed strong sales of school books as

Paramount, the group's Holly-The earnings increase, which was wood studio, produced a string of \$84% in early trading yesterday.

Sales revenues rose 10 per cent to ceipts in the first eight months of

Gulf + Western's financial serindustrial conglomerate into an en-tertainment, publishing and finan-increase in bad consumer debts.

Benetton in financial services deal

group which has embarked upon an has been learned that Benetton is ambitious diversification into finan-cial services, yesterday announced L3bn (\$2.3m) for the stake in Euthe purchase of 35 per cent of Euromobiliare Gestione. romobiliare Gestione, the fund management company owned by

leading investment bank.

the Milan-based Euromobiliare, a are to join the board of Euromobiliare Gestione. They are Mr Giovan-

BENETTON, the Italian clothing the deal were not disclosed, but it Mion of the Benetton family company.
With this latest move Mr Franzi

is now piecing together at In-Hold-ing a financial services group involved in leasing, factoring, mutual Three Benetton group executives funds, personalised portfolio management, insurance products, securities underwriting, currency and The purchase, carried out by Ben- ni Franzi, the former investment interest rate swaps, distribution of etton's in-Holding financial ser- banking chief at Merrill Lynch in financial products and corporate fivices subsidiary, will also see the London who is now managing director acting as distribution agent tor of in-Holding, Mr Gianfranco achieve a 50-50 mix between cloth-for four different Euromobiliare Cassol, who runs in-Holdings distingtion and financial services in Benetmutual funds. Financial terms of tribution network, and Mr Gianni ton group revenues.

Rada increases forestry stake

By Dai Hayward in Wellington RADA, the New Zealand investment group, has achieved its tar-get of obtaining 44 per cent of the shares in New Zealand Forest Products (NZFP). It will continue buying at its offer price of 500 cents (US\$3.10) a share until tomorrow afternoon to give small investors the chance to accept the offer.

Since it made its bid on Wednesday, it has acquired 20m shares, including 12m secured off

Enserch regroups unit

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF ENSERCH, the Dallas-based ener- field services contributed 10 per

organised assets.

The company said a registration will be filed with the US Securities & Exchange Commission concerning the proposed sale. It added that proceeds will be used to reduce outstanding debt.

The new organisation will succeed to the name and most of the

gy group, plans to restructure its cent of Enserch revenues last year, loss-making oilfield services seg-but had an operating loss of \$27.8m.

ment and sell 20 per cent of the re-Enserch said details of the pro-

posed restructuring and public of-fering will be available when the registration statement is filed later

It said no management changes are contemplated. "Establishing a market value for Pool Co should be well regarded by Enserch shareholcurrent business activities of Pool ders as well as by employees of Co, a wholly-owned subsidiary. Oil-Pool Co," the company said.



Heron Inversiones, S.A.

8,000,000,000 pesetas Long Term Revolving Credit Facility

[AR

Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, Sucursal en España

Benco de Bilbeo, S.A. Banco Hispano Americano, S.A. Bank of America, S.A.F. Barclays Bank, PLC, Sucursal en España Crédit Commercial de France, Sucursal en España Dresdner Bank, A.G., Sucursal en España Midland Bank, PLC, Sucursal en España

Arranged by Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company

> The International Corporate and Government Group

NEW ISSUE These Bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.



U.S. \$30,000,000 13/4% Convertible Bonds Due 2002

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets The Lucky Securities Co., Ltd.

Banque Indosuez Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets **KDB** Asia Limited Ssangyong

Chase Manhattan Asia Limited Daishin Securities Co., Ltd. Sanyo International Limited

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Daewoo Securities Co., Ltd. Hyundai Securities Co., Ltd. Shearson Lebman Brothers International Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

> Coryo Securities Corp. Dongsuh Securities Co. Ltd. Tongyang Securities Co. Ltd.

July 1987



accountemps

\$74,750,000

Robert Half International Inc.

71/4% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2012

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Kidder, Peabody & Co.



accountemps

Robert Half International Inc.

is pleased to announce its acquisition of

Robert Half Ltd.

with offices in London, Windsor, Manchester & Birmingham

These securities have been placed overseas, this am

S. Fr. 25,000,000

St. Genevieve Resources Ltd.

Convertible Bonds 1987-1992 in one or more tranches

The following institutions purchased the first tranche of Swiss Francs 25,000,000 Convertible Bonds and placed them pursuant to a public subscription.

Banque Indosuez

Chase Manhattan Bank

(Suisse) Manufacturers Hanover

(Suisse) S.A. Alpha Securities AG

Crédit des Bergues

The Industrial Bank of Japan (Schweiz) AG

J. Henry Schroder Bank AG

Société Financière de Genève

Chemical N.Y. Capital Market Corporation

Bank Heusser & Cie AG Grindlays Bank p.l.c. (a member of ANZ Group)

Samuel Montagu (Suisse) SA **Bankinvest AG**

The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan

(Schweiz) AG Unigestion S.A.

August 1987

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Bond secures Kalgoorlie takeover

Girvan to rank third in Australian property

Wales.

Tokyo revises brokers' commission rates

THE Tokyo Stock Exchange 50 per cent each to a foreign Y100m as these are noticeably to fend off foreign criticisms of (TSE) is to introduce a new securities company and its higher than those in other Japan's high fixed-commission formula to distribute commis
Japanese branch, or to an over-countries.

The contraction of the record rate system and of the record rate system and of the record rate system.

VORTH KALGURLI MINES. NORTH KARGURLI MINES, the large gold mining operation controlled by Mr Alan Bond, the Perth entrepreneur, through his private family interests, announced yesterday that it has secured 65-70 per cent of Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie in its A\$575m (US\$420m) takeover hid

publication of the group's results, showing that for the year to June the gold boom and another two takeovers had brought a near-trebling of after-

North Kalgurli Mines first unveiled its takeover of Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie two months ago, when it purchased a 19.9 per cent stake in the target company from Western Mining. The bid closed yesterday, and

md property development com-

pany, is expected to become

Australia's third largest earner among quoted property groups after it becomes publicly listed this month through a reverse takeover and a A\$154m (US\$112m) placement of shares

The company will remain under the control of Mr Paul Peterson, 39, who joined it in the late 1970s and, since becom-

ing managing director six years ago, has seen its turnover rise

from A\$12m to a projected A\$500m in 1987-88.

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

Under the current system, if

a US securities company takes an order at its New York office to buy Japanese stocks on the TSE, the New York parent com-pany can take only 20 per cent

not compete with the Japanese brokers' discounting of com-

missions overseas, since the share of commissions that a

foreign broker's parent company

can take is too small to cover



ances will be disclosed today.

compares with forecast earnings of A\$120m from Lend Lease and A\$30m from Hooker Cor-

poration, Australia's two largest property groups.

Under the listing arrangements, the reverse takeover will be through Sift Securities,

a listed waste disposal company which will acquire Girvan from Mr Peterson for 188.5m shares

and A\$13.2m cash. Sift share-holders are expected to approve

banks or securities companies.

If trading orders come from

banks or securities houses, they get rebates equivalent of 20 per

cent of the brokerage commis-sions as before, leaving 80 per cent to be shared equally between the Japanese parent company and its overseas unit

The exchange also made an

on stocks by an average 9.8 per

cent, effective October 5. The decision will be formalised at

a meeting of the TSE board of

The exchange decided on a

governors tomorrow.

GIRVAN CORPORATION, a After-tax profits for the year privately-owned construction are projected at A\$45m, which

sion income between securities seas of Japanese brokerage houses' overseas and domestic house and the parent company, offices by removing the existing in the case of buy or sell orders disparity between Japanese and placed by clients other than the case of the company of the case of t

Foreign brokerage houses informal decision yesterday to have complained that they can-reduce brokerage commissions

a big discount. uniform cut of 0.1 percentage. The new brokerage commission distribution plan provides actions worth between Y5m and

Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V.

7.9.87 US \$142,48

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amste

Weekly net asset value

liminary figures indicated oz of gold per year by 1990. acceptances of between 65 and yesterday's figures for Not 70 per cent.

The deal gives Mr Bond control of the fabled "Golden Mile" in Kalgoorlie — the West Australian mining town which is at the heart of the country's richest gold producing area. Mr Bond, 49, whose interests

include brewing and media companies, announced last month that Dallhold Investments, the private company where a bid for outstanding holding his family interests, was shares remains open. holding his family interests, was to spend US\$500m buying 90 per cent of St Joe Gold Corpora-

gold producing groups in to 21,90 Australia. The group expects 8,100 oz.

of the shares, while another 35m are being placed with British investors, where interest is reported to have been

tomorrow.

Sift's name will then change and Girvan will place 140m represents a significant price-rent intention to expand into earnings discount to both the Europe or North America, but industrial market and the has become involved in special property development sector.

Commissions on trades of up

to Y5m and on those of between Y100m and Y500m will

be lowered by 0.05 percentage points. Commissions on trans-

actions worth more than Y500m

Based on the value of trans-

will remain at current levels.

actions by securities companies, the planned cuts translate into

Net Sales

Net Earnings

Income Before Tax

Dividends Per Share

But the group said that pre- to be producing more than 1m Yesterday's figures for North Kalgurli Mines showed a dramatic rise in operating profits after tax from A\$7m to A\$20.4m. Revenues surged from A\$42.4m

to A\$87.7m. The results include only a small portion of the profits of Windsor Resources, which was taken over during the year, and none from Hampton Australia,

tion in the US.

These moves establish Dallhold and its associated companies as one of the largest Windsor's production amounted gold producing groups in

profits come from property development and 32 per cent

from construction. Another 21 per cent is rental income and the remainder comes from-

the remainder comes from-manufacturing and financial services activities related to its

core businesses.
The group employs almost 500

rate system and of the record profits expected to be reported by the big brokerage houses in the fiscal year ending this

Nomura Securities, the largest brokerage house, is expected to disclose pre-tax profits of Y500bn in the current year to

this month—a figure that would make it the most profitable

company in Japan at the pre-

The strong earnings reaped by the securities houses under the present structure of high fixed commission rates has been subjected to bitter criticism by

investors, banks, and life insur-

shares at A\$1.10 each with one McIntosh broker admitted institutions and corporate investors, and A\$45.5m 1997 11 per cent convertible notes with the State Bank of New South

According to underwriters

McIntosh Hamson Hoare
Govett, the price of A\$1.10

represents a significant pricerent intention to expand into

Exchange into allegations of insider trading in relation to Tateho Chemical Industries, which recently reported heavy lesses from yen bond and bond futures trans-The Securities Bureau's 130

Japan sets

up insider

task force

THE SECURITIES Bureau of the Japanese Ministry of Finance is setting up a special task force to strengthen checks on illegal stock trading, Reuter reports from Tokyo.

MoF officials said the task force would "take any necessary action if a case occurs." They did not specify what those actions might become involved in

might become involved in current investigations.

The most dramatic of these is the investigation being conducted by the Osaka Stock

trading

investigators at present conduct only routine inspec-tion of each securities house every two to three years.

First Pacific units ahead

THE TWO main Hong Kongbased holding companies of the First Pacific group posted sharp increases in earnings for the first six months of

1987, Reuter reports from Hong Kong. First Pacific Holdings (FPH), which takes in the group's banking and financial services interests, made a consolidated net after-tax profit of US\$9.678m or 4.57 cents a share, up 79.9 per cent from last year's com-

parative US\$5.38m FPH's California savings and loan, United Savines Bank, posted a half-year profit of US\$2.52m, up from

Profits slip at Pancontinental

PANCONTINENTAL Mining, the Australian resources group, has reported a fall in after - tax profit to A\$21.5m (U\$\$15.7m) in the fiscal year ended June 30 from A\$24.5m a year carlier, AP-DJ reports from Sydney.

A tax payment of A\$6.8m eroded earnings. The company did not need to pay tax in the previous year. Sales rose to A\$124.8m rom A\$107.4m. from

22%

regulation set up 24 years ago. However, a wholly-owned overseas subsidiary of a Japanese securities company has received 70 per cent of a brokerage commission for a trading order it relays to its parent company, a TSE member, which gets 30 per cent. Sharen equally an average drop of 9.8 per cent. The Strong expended to reduce commissions on government and other bonds, effective ment and other bonds, effective ment and other bonds, effective fixed commission subjected to bitte investors, banks, and the present structure of the present str UST

(A new holding company whose principal subsidiary is United States Tobacco Company.)

SIX MONTH RESULTS

Six Months Ended <u>June 30</u>

1987 1986 increase US \$275.1m \$ 253.9m 8% \$110.7m \$ 94.8m¹ 17% \$ 62.3m \$ 50.1m² 24% \$ 1.07 .90* 19%

*Results have been restated to reflect the adoption of FASB #87. This resulted in reduced pension costs of \$2.5 million, or \$.02 per share.

\$.60

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Earnings Per Share-Primary

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Britoil U.S. Holdings Inc.

from

Britoil plc

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to American Exploration Company

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August 1987

Wells Fargo & Company U.S. \$150,000,000

Floating Rate. Subordinated Notes

due 1994

visions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period 10th September, 1987 to 10th December, 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 711/16% per annum. Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 10th December, 1987 will amount to US\$194-32 per US\$10,000 Note.

> Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

Ireland £100,000,000 Ploating Rate Notes 1996 accordance with the provisions of it. Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the three eriod 9th September, 1987 cember, 1987 has been fixed at 10% per cent per annum. Coupon No. 12 will therefore be payable at £1,293.32 per coupon from 9th December, 1987.

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US \$75,000,000



Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse

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Interest Rate Interest Period

713/16% per annum 9th September 1987 9th March 1988

Interest Amount per U.S. \$10,000 Note due 9th March 1988

U.S. \$394,97

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

These securities having been sold publicly, this notice appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

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5,175,000 Shares

August 13, 1987

AMAX GOLD INC.

Common Stock

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Welcome to Germany.



Lufthansa

Dollar and yen issues fall on poor Tokyo sentiment London

dollar.

interest securities in Tokyo and point at the short end. the next year or so. But it spilled over into European The Tokyo rumours also hit would reopen a sector which trading yesterday, and both you prices in the Japanese equity has been all but closed for and dollar bond markets saw a

Tokyo again was swept by rumours that more companies would soon announce heavy losses in financial markets following the losses of Y28bn announced by Tateho Chemical Industries last week. It was also suggested that such losses had led to financial problems at a medium-sized Japanese bank.

The benchmark government bond, the 89th, lost more than

International had no comment yesterday on the suggestion it was preparing the ground for a new seven-year World Bank issue, perhaps for Y50bn with issue, perhaps for Y50bn with the issue, perhaps for Y50bn with issue an all-in cost of about 5} per

points in long maturities, by concern - that of a tracking cated coupon of 11 per cent.

POOR SENTIMENT for fixed- up to a point in the mediums up of US interest rates over warrants and convertibles market, where declines were steepest in the issues of export- dollar sector was a \$70m fiveing companies, because of worries about the consequences of further declines in the

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

yesterday's short-covering gains with the yield in London closing around 5.55 per cent, compared with about 5.16 per cent yesterday.

Asy

London closing points following the overnight falls in New York and Tokyo.

The softness continued after the life opening, although a The dollar sector also opened This hit the Euroyen market in London, which was further troubled by retail selling in the expectation of new supply in the seven-year area. Nomura International had no comment due on Friday, with expectastabilising of the dollar helped bring prices off their lows. Talk surfaced that Italy was about to launch a financing to raise \$1bn in the market, but

the next year or so. But it much of the year. The only new issue in the

year equity warrants bond for Sankyo Aluminium, guaranteed by Hokuriku Bank. The indi-cated coupon was 31 per cent and the issue was led by Dalwa Europe.

The West German foreign bond market opened lower following the Tokyo markets' overnight declines, but re-covered in a technical reaction to close on average 30 basis points higher on the day. The one new issue was an equity warrants deal for

Renkel Finance Europe, Dutch finance subsidiary of the West German chemical company, for DM 250m. The seven-year bonds carried a 61 per cent coupon and a price of 132. Deutsche Bank and Dresdner mium of 139 bid. The Swiss market was a little

Attempts to swap out of Euroyen into government bonds, now that the interest rate spreads between the two markets have reached long-time lows, also affected the market. It was down by as much as if would cater to current market SFr 70m issue carried an indicense of the atmosphere was clearly not easier overall, a private placement for finance, particularly of such lower in long-time for finance, particularly of such long-time in long-time for finance, particularly of such long-time for finance, particularly of such long-time in long-time for finance, particularly of such long-time for fi

Hanson Trust unveils CP programme

BY OUR EUROMARKETS STAFF

HANSON TRUST, the UK-based pected to be used, with the aim industrial conglomerate, is substantially adding to its short-

It has appointed three dealers for a £200m (\$330m) sterling programme—Barclays de Zoete Wedd, County NatWest, and S. G. Warburg—and three dealers for a \$300m Eurocommercial paper programme
—Citicorp Investment Bank,
Shearson Lehman Brothers International, and Swiss Bank can be offered in a variety of Corporation International. Both programmes are ex ing rates.

of widening funding alternatives and reducing costs. The term funding arrangements borrower is Hanson Finance, with two commercial paper with the parent's guarantee, programmes in the sterling and Meanwhil, Westinghouse Euromarket. Gredit Corporation of the US is moving into the growing European market in medium-

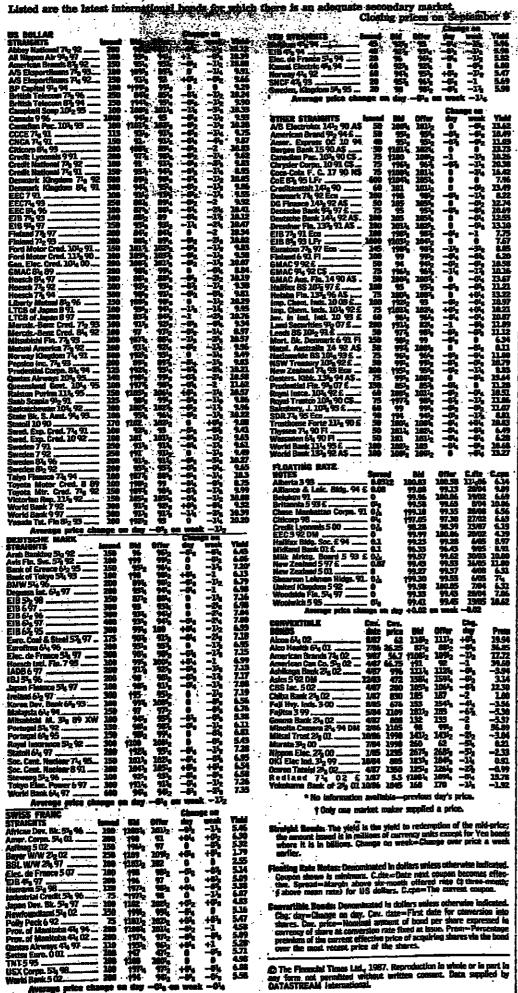
term notes, and plans to offer up to \$250m of the paper simultaneously in the US and European markets.
In Europe, the notes will have maturities of between nine months and 10 years, and currencies and at fixed or float-

The notes will be offered in Europe through Credit Suisse First Boston and Shearson

Separately a Dutch sub-sidiary of Hitachi, the Japanese electronics group, is arranging a \$100m Eurocommercial paper programme through Morgan Stanley International and Fuji International Finance.

As well as dealerships, the programme will have an uncommitted tender panel. The parent company, which will guarantee the paper, has a triple-A rating from both the major US rating agencies.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE



US bank suspends **Euro-trading**

OPPENHEIMER and Co, the US investment bank, has suspended operations at its subsidiary following the resignation of the unit's managing director. Nathan Gantscher, the parent company chairman, yesterday.

Mr Gantscher said Alexis Dogliewski, who headed a team of about eight traders and support staff, had resigned because of a difference of opinion as to how the Eurobond operation, Oppenheimer International Ltd. should be run.

Gantscher, declined to elaborate on the differences with Mr Dogilewski, said Oppenheimer hoped to resume operations with a new team of traders. He denied speculation that the Eurobond operation had been closed because it was losing money, but did say that it had been marginally profit-

Oppenheimer's operations in London are run separately and are not affected, he added. Oppenheimer International understood to have four traders and six salesmen, with a total staff of about 29.

Skane-Gripen widens share ownership

By Our Stockholm Staff SKANE-GRIPEN, a Swedish industrial conglomerate, is to increase the proportion of shares available to foreign investors following its recent acquisition of Poggenpohl, the West German manufac-turer of up-market kitchen and bathroom fittings. Mr Sten K. Johnson, the

managing director, said there had been increased interest in the shares available to foreigners, especially in West Germany, following the

He said that by increasing the proportion of unrestricted may invest in—the company hopes to avoid the overpricing of its restricted shares.

control between 7 and 8 per eent of the shares in Skane-Gripen, but Mr Johnson expects this to increase to between 15 and 20 per cent in the next year. Skane · Gripen acquired of its plan to increase its existing bathroom and kit-chen fittings operations and focus on the quality end of the market. Last year the Swedish company reported profits (after financial items) of SKr 286m (\$45m) on sales of SKr 5.4bn.

Index-linked gilt warrants issued

By Our Euromarkets Correspond

THE first issue of warrants to purchase index-linked UK government bonds was launched yesterday by Shearson Lehman Brothers. The Bank of England first allowed warrants on gilt-edged stock to be issued from July 20, but issues launched so far had been on traditional

The issue is on one-year call warrants to buy the 23 per cent index-linked per cent index-linked Treasury stock due 2016. Fach warrant, priced yesterday at launch at £8,875, entitles the holder to buy £100,000 nominal amount of the bonds at the 91.24 per cent exercise price.

Officials unclear on bond rumour

By Yoko Shibata in Tokyo Japanese Ministry of Finance officials said last night they bad no reliable information about market rumours of a Japanese sogo (mutual) bank suffering a huge investment loss in bond futures trading. Ministry officials said the rumours began in Tokyo on

Wednesday evening and quickly spread to London, where Japanese government bond futures tumbled to new lows on the London International Financial Futures Market (LIFFE).

Tokyo financial players are becoming highly sensitive to such remours following the difficulties of Tateho Chemical Industries, which reported last week that at had lost Y28bn (\$197m) from bond futures market speculation.

Standa sales climb by 17% in first half

STANDA, Italy's second-largest retail chain, saw group sales rise by 17 per cent to L1,272bn (\$979m) in first half of 1987, from L1,084bn a year earlier. Its regular Standa retail stores rang up revenue of L989bn in the half year.

② The Financial Times List, 1987. Reproduction in whole or in part to any form not permitted without written consunt. Data supplied by OATASTREAM International.

Alusuisse climbs out of red after reorganisation

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

ALUSUISSE, aluminium group, expects to return to profit this year following extensive restructuring. The group made net losses of SFr 688m (\$464m) in 1986 and SFr 756m in 1985.

Mr Hans Jucker, the chief executive, said yesterday: "Our company has its head above water again." In the first half of 1987 both aluminium and chemical divisions contributed to the

BY DAVID WHITE IN MADRID

debt crisis at Fuerzas Elec-tricas de Cataluna (Fecsa) rattled the Spanish utility sec-tor seven months ago, a power company is due to raise fresh

equity funds on the Madrid

stock market.
Compania Sevillana de Elec-

tricidad, a Seville-based concern

which ranks sixth in the sector, just behind Fecsa, announced

plans to raise Pta 10.5bn (\$87m) through a one-for-eight rights

issue, priced at par, next

BY SARA WEBB IN STOCKHOLM

Swiss ordinary income, but these will volume, notably among the cts to not be enough to resume German chemical subdiairies.

Mr Jucker said that sales follows divided payments. Alusuisses' last pay-out, for

1984, was 6 per cent. The company said that extraordinary income realised from the sale of assets was to go largely to strengthening group finances. It would not be needed to offset any further major write-downs.

In the first-half of 1987 group return to profits.

Mr Jucker predicted good
operational and net results for

the instrument of 1001 group
sales fell by 19 per cent to SFr
to bear fruit.

However, the medium to longterms of local currences. This term development of both the

Spanish utility group plans rights

FOR THE first time since the year, to Pta 5.8bn on sales of suffered the impact of the crisis, debt crisis at Fuerzas Elec- Pta 146.7bn. prices have recovered in recent

The issue, which follows two

The sector's access to new

finance was effectively blocked after trading in Fecsa shares

The company showed a 26 per ing proposals.

Sissue to refinance outstanding cent increase in net profits last

Although utility share values

bonds.

Nokia buys rubber goods maker

NOKIA, Finland's largest listed increase its shareholding in strengthening its rubber goods group, with interests in the electromics, telecommunications, Horda had sales of SKr 226m The Finnish concern is the

rubber profiles and materials

ccessive capital increases by

by other private-sector utilities, burden.

were now close to predicted future levels. Acquisitions should approximately balance any future divestments or clo-

In respect of the turn-around in earnings, Mr Jucker drew attention to the improved market conditions and the fact that Alusuisse's restructuring was largely completed and starting

the group as a whole in 1987. mostly reflected disposals and world aluminium and chemical The parent company expects capacity cuts in the aluminium business was still viewed "with modest" profits before extra-

prices have recovered in recent

Fecsa is due to hold a meet-

The latest proposals are

based on a Pta 75bn capital increase, which would be sub-

second largest manufacturer of rubber products in Scandinavia

Trelleborg—and this year sales for the rubber products divi-

sion, which consists of footwear, tyres and industrial rubber, are

after the Swedish company

weeks.

the company last year—raising ing in Madrid today with the its capital from Pta 67.8bn to committee of creditor banks to

Pta 83.8bn—is expected to pave discuss revised proposals for a

the way for similar operations settlement to ease its \$5bn debt

was suspended in February, as both foreign and Spanish banks resisted Fecse's debt reschedularies and by banks, and a Pta 170bm "jumbo" bond and a Pta 170bm property of the second seco

retailers tighten their link

German

MASSA, the West German discount chain, has bought a 10 per cent stake in the Asko retailing group for DM 236m (\$130m). This follows the recent purchase by Asko of a 24.9 per cent shareholding in Massa.

Mr Helmut Wagner, the Asko chairman who also took over the chairmanship of Massa last month, said yesterday that the latest share purchase was aimed at supporting Asko's independ-ence in line with German cartel authorities' requirements.

He also said that Asko did not intend to buy a majority holding in Massa, which is the ninth largest food retailer in Germany with 28 stores, mostly in the densely populated Rhine-Main region around Frankfurt. Last year, Massa's turnover was DM 3.3bn and that of Asko

DM 3.7bn, Mr Wagner took over as chairman of Massa from Mr Ernst-Ludwig Kipps, who had sold Asko his shares in the company. Mr Kipps is a mem-ber of the family that founded Massa, which was floated on the stock market last year.

Recently, Massa has been following a strategy of more quality orientated.

quality-orientated growth, focusing on higher margin sectors like furniture and elec-

CFTC to ease futures limits

THE US Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) has voted unanimously to recommend that futures exchanges exempt risk management strategies from limits on speculative positions, Reuter reports from Washington.

CFTC staff said the recom-mendation to add another category to the list of exemptions from speculative limits could lead to greater use of financial banks and insurance companies that manage pension funds, mutual funds and other port-

Mr Robert Davis, a commission member, said the move would help eliminate unnecessary impediments to the use of Nokia said would help streng-then its marketing efforts in the Nordic region. exchange markets which could often drive participants off exchanges or overseas.

Nokia bought a 50 per cent for tyres. tyres and industrial rubber, are bolding in the unlisted company from Finnveden, a Swedish regional development group, and of SKr 250m. This bought a 50 per cent for tyres. tyres and industrial rubber, are expected to reach FM 1.3bn (\$298m). Horda also has sales offices in Denmark and Norway, which the remaining 25 per cent from Nokia said that Horda would

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



cable, paper and rubber industries, has agreed to acquire a 75 per cent stake in Horda, a year. Its sales to Volvo and Swedish company which makes rubber goods for the engineering and car industries.

Horda had sales of SKr 226m (\$36m) and profits, after financial items, of SKr 10.1m last year. Its sales to Volvo and Swedish company which makes rubber goods for the engineer rubber profiles and materials

private shareholders for an un-disclosed sum. The Finnish bases in Sweden, which it pre-

£110,000,000

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Unsecured Multiple Option Facility

Arranged by

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Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited

Managers

Lloyds Bank Plc

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Royal Bank of Canada

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Participants

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Royal Bank of Canada

Bank of Scotland Banco di Napoli

Advance Tender Panel Members

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Bank of Scotland

Banco di Napoli Bayerische Vereinsbank

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Credit Suisse

Midland Bank plc

Société Générale

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited

Facility and Advances Tender Panel Agent



Organic growth boosts BTR

ETR, industrial holding company, which earlier this year failed with its bid for Pilkington Brothers, yesterday an profit margin rising from 12.6 on turnover up 12 per cent, trading profits of £44m (£33m), from £1.84bn to £2.07bn, the trading profits of £44m (£33m), company produced a 29 per saw progress by nearly all units, cent rise in trading profit, from with good prospects for the ton Brothers, yesterday an-nounced a 38 per cent increase in interim pre-tax profits, from 5203m in 1986 to £280m.
Earnings per share rose by 20 per cent to 10.7p (8.9p) and the interim dividend will go up

The company, which was in 1985. accused during the Pilkington In the accused during the Pilkington

In the wake of the Pilkingbattle of heavy reliance on ton battle it indicated that in
acquisitions for growth, went the immediate future it was acquisitions for growth, went out of its way yesterday to stress that the main profits increase "has come from the organic growth of our businesses and the commitment of additional resources to those business units."

The improvement was spread to the immediate future it was more likely to concentrate on in terms of business sectors and geographically. Trading acquisitions in the US and sequentially. Trading profits in Europe rose from clinched the \$220m (£133m) filem to £177m, in the western purchase of Stewart Warner, chicago based engineering group.

per cent to 14.5 per cent.
Less than one-third of the £77m increase in pre-tax profits came as a result of acquisitions, Principally China General Plastics of Taiwan and Borg-Warner Australia. BTR's last major UK takeover was Dunlop

company produced a 25 per cent rise in trading profit, from £231m to £299m. The finance charge fell from £28m to £19m, while tax took £78m (£51m), largely because of a rise in "I the US charge. Minority continterests were also up from in £6m to £21m, mainly because of the growth of BTR Nylex, the group's 61.6 per cent-owned Australian subsidiary. The improvement was spread

racing profits of 1944 (250m), saw progress by nearly all units, with good prospects for the traditionally strong second half. Energy and electrical, with profits of £38m (£35m), "improved margins against a continuing bath continuing the second profits against a second p continuing harsh environment

in many areas, Industrial group profits rose from £50m to £72m, with China General Plastics a major con-tributor. Transport produced profits of £61m (£41m), with particularly good performances from automotive-related and aerospace companies. The consumer-related businesses made profits of £84m (£72m), with good performances by Duniop Slazenger and the paper group. See Lex

John Crowther advances 85% to £6.7m

increase in pre-tax profits to £6.7m for the first half of the year on turnover which rose by 64 per cent to £136m.

Carpet manufacturing provided turnover of £37m and operating profits of £1.5m. Mr Trevor Barker, chairman, said that the full benefits of the restructuring, in carpets and clothing, should filter through

The restructuring of the clothing division has also taken clothing division has also taken when Mr Barker took over in longer than expected, principally because of problems at the brink of collapse. After a Sunbeam plant, Clothing contri-

Abbott Mead Vekrs int 1.8

British Vitaint 4

George Wimpey ...int 2

cloth division provided turn-over of 11.5m and profits of £1m. Crowther paid £1.3m in tax and £1.8m in interest. Earnings per share rose to 5.1p (4.3p) and the board is paying an interim dividend of 1.25p (1p).

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Current of ponding for payment payment div vear

Nov 23

Oct 30

Oct 9

John Crowther Group, acquibuted sales of \$42m and profits group has added substantial is the most dynamic force in to-sitive textiles concern, yester-day announced an 85 per cent appoint a chief executive for to its original cloth interests up clapped-out companies and appoint a chief executive for to its original cloth interests the division within the next in the UK. Earlier this year

cost of redundancies at Ridderminster plant is

There are two schools of has promised to prove its thought in the City on John mettle. Unless it does so the Crowther. One suggests that it City's patience will evaporate.

In the UK. Earlier this year into clapped-out companies and it diversified overseas into two distribution businesses, MCD and WW, traded ahead of forecast with sales of two years restructuring its placed on the cloth division provided the continuation of the continu turing interests. The rationali-only to flounder if the climate sation of the carpet companies turns hearish. What both turns bearish. What both schools want is for Crowthers to is completed, but took rather longer than the group had expected. The new Kosset range was launched this week, four months behind schedule. This set of interims leaves the Kidderminster plant is expressed as an extraordinary debit of £918,000.

• comment

| Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Comment | Commen

Triangle in £2.7m buy

Triangle Trust, the toy manu- Trust at 270p per share. facturer formerly known as Sharna Ware, has announced

Elliott Bayley produced pre-tax profits of £229,000 for the year to June 30, with net assets of £283,000. The vendor has warranted that pre-tax profits in the year to June 30 1988 will not be less than £250,000

■Turnover up £155m to £2.407m

Triangle's turnover for the six months to June 30 fell from the £2.7m acquisition of Elliott £10.52m to £4.14m. After a tax Bayley, an independent life and credit of £54,000 (£82,000), the

pension insurance broker, along with almost halved interim pretax losses of £257,994.

Elliott Bayley produced pretax profits of £229,000 for the cash and carry division were reflected in the extraordinary debit of £643,747, but after extraordinary items and tax the remaining actitvities showed improvement.

They expected progress not Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. * Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ USM stock. § Unquoted stock. § Third market. § Made public in March 1987. The consideration will be satisfied by the allotment of 1m as financial services.

Continuing growth. Prices pegged.

Chairman's statement

"The financial results for the first quarter of 1987-88 continue the trend of satisfactory growth.

I am particularly pleased that our sound trading position and growth levels, combined with continuing low inflation, are enabling us to hold prices steady for our main services for at least a further year from November

This is good news for customers. It means that we expect by this time next year the average bill for a residential customer to have risen by 11% less than inflation since we became a plc; and the average business bill will not have gone up

Earnings per

ordinary share

It is also good news for British Telecom and its on years of under-investment as a public sector shareholders, since better value for money encour-corporation. ages greater use of our services.

At the same time, we greatly regret that some a 35% increase on pre-privatisation levels. customers still have reason to complain about the quality of our services. But we are vigorously addressing the underlying problems.

To enable us to offer our customers the range of efficient and modern services which they have a right to expect, we have undertaken the largest investment programme in our history - to catch up

	1987 Sm	1986 Sm
Turnover	2,407	2,252
Operating profit	633	573
Profit before taxation	561	502

5.8p

in first quarter. ■ Profit before tax up \$59m to \$561m. ■ Earnings per share increase to 5.8 pence. UK call charges and line rentals FROZEN

Last year alone we invested over \$2.1 billion -

We're installing new digital exchanges at the rate of nearly two every working day and our £160 million programme to modernise Britain's 78,500 public payphones is now far advanced. We're also investing more money to meet the ever-increasing demand for our recently-computerised Directory

It is with confidence in the company's ability to move ahead that I feel able to step down as chairman and hand over the reins to a new management team who have worked closely with me in developing the company's strategy over the last few years." Sir George Jefferson

British T'EL.ECOM\ It's you we answer to

If you would like a copy of the interim results leaflet or if you have any queries as an investor, please call us on this LinkLine number, which enables you to telephone from anywhere in the UK for the price of a local call: LinkLine 0345 080707, For daily information on the British Telecom share price, dial Sharefine on: London 01-246 8022; Birmingham 021-246 8056 Edinburgh 031-447 0333 Glasgow 041-246 8080 Liverpool 051-488 0797 Manchester 061-246 8050 Beliast (0232) 8030 Bristol (0272) 215444 Cardiff (0222) 8037 Leeds (0532) 8038. British Telecommunications pic, 81 Newgate Street, London ECIA 7AL Telephone 01-856 5000.

Guinness sells Hine to Moet-Hennessy

By Clay Harris Guinness, the British brewing and spirits group, yesterday sold its Hine cognac brand to Moet-Hennessy in a £28m deal which will strengthen the French champagne and perfume company's challenge for the top position in the world cognae market. Guinness said that Hine,

ught by Distillers Group in 1971, was now outside the mainstream of its spirits business, which will concentrate on brands such as Johnnie Walker scotch and Tanqueray gin. Guinness took over Distillers last year after a bitter and contravers. after a bitter and controver-sial bid battle.

In another move to dispose of businesses it views as peripheral, Guinness yester-day confirmed its intention to sell Distillers CO2, a leading British supplier of carbon dioxide. The sale will be handled by Lazard Brothers, the British merchant bank.

the British merchant bank.

By most reckonings, Moet's Hentiessy brand ranks almost even with Martell at the top of the world cognac league. In 1985, for example, Hennessy had 18 per cent of the market, only 1 percentage point less than Martell.

Although Hine is much smaller than either of these two, or Courvoisier and Reny Martin, Its additional contribution is likely to give Moet 20 per cent of total world cognac sales estimated at more than 130m bottles this year.

Hine's cognac sales are esti-sated at FFr 130m (£13m) in the current year compared with FFr 2.4bn expected for

The acquisition of Hine will especially strengthen Hennessy's market share in Britain and Hong Kong. The deal includes FOV, an own-label brandy sold in the Far East.

The sale does not affect marketing joint ventures in the US and the Far East which Guinness and Moet established in June. Guinness will also be the exclusive distributor of Hine to the duty-free market, except where other contracts already

Distillers CO2, a distribu-ter of carbon dioxide used in beverage carbonation and for other industrial purposes and of dry ice, last year achieved operating profits of £4m on sales of £33m. Since the possibility of a sale was first fleated in July. Lazard has inquiries. A circular has been pre-

A circular has been pre-pared for serious suitors, and Lazard expects the sale to be completed by November. Guinness is also in the pro-cess of selling its newsagents chains, of which Martin's is the flagship. Last week it sold the Drummond chemists busi-ness to Macarthy for £43m. Other completed disposals in-clude Neighbourhood Stores and Clares Equipment. Guinness shares lost 2n Guinness shares lost 3p yesterday to close at 367p in Paris, Moet-Hennessy shares rose by FFr 9 to close at FFr 2,679.

Asda sales details expected soon

Asda-MFI, retail group, expects to announce the pur-chasers of its MFI furniture stores and Allied Carpet stores next month, Mr David Donne, chairman, told the annual meeting yesterday.

The process of sifting the offers was going according to schedule, he said.

Asda superstores' trading performance vindicated the board's decision to concen-

trate its reserces on this side of the business, Mr Donne said. He forecast sales growth of well into double figures A B Engineering Associated British Engineer-ing is to raise £4.45m net by

way of a fully underwritten rights issue of new ordinary lp rights issue of new ordinary 1p inares at 6p each.
Ordinary shareholders and convertible preference holders on register at September 18 1987 will be offered 77,301,518 new shares, payable in full on acceptance, on the following basis: for every five ordinary shares then held — two new shares; for each convertible preference then held—20 new ordinary.

U.S. \$30,000,600 Nedlibra Finance B.V. inteed on a subordin

For the three months September 10, 1987 to December 10, 1987 the Notes will beer an interest Rate of 799% per amount and the coupon amount per U.S. \$10,000 will be U.S. \$199.05.



British Telecom rings up 11.8% growth to £561m

lished yesterday against a back-ground of increasing criticism of the quality of BT's services, were accompanied by the an-nouncement of a slowdown in the rate of job cuts in the com-pany. BT conceded that this change in the job reduction programme had been made partly in response to these attacks on its services, but said that the group was nevertheless managing to hold down the rate of cost increases by other

As a result, total operating costs were up by 5.7 per cent over the corresponding part of last year, while staff costs rose by 5.3 per cent to £814m. This rate of increase compared with rate of increase compared with achieved over the past two a 7.1 per cent rise in turnover years, when BT's volumes have to £2.41bn from £2.25bn in 1986, benefited from increasing

1986. Maintaining a larger workforce than originally planned, it
added, would also help with its
ambitious modernisation programme, while meeting the growth in demand for tele-

phone services in London and other urban areas.

The pre-tax profits, which were in line with City expectations, compared with £502m in 1986; operating profits rose by 10.5 per cent from £573m to £683m. Earnings per share jumped more sharply, rising by 14 per cent from 5.1p to 5.8p.

The growth in activity from the group's main businesses was broadly in line with the levels

STRONG growth in telephone call volume and a comparatively low rate of cost increase combined to produce an 11.8 per cent jump in pre-tax profits to staff reduction programme, but to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased by 8.6 per cent to £812m, with the number of business exchange lines increased business exchange l in the City, was once again particularly high, with private circuit lines increasing by 40

> Telephone Telephone call income increase by 8.3 per cent overall to £1.28bn. Underlying traffic volume, after excluding price increases, was particularly strong in the inland call sector, where turnover increased by 8. per cent against 7 per cent last year, while international call traffic rose by 11 per cent, the same as in 1986.

> On the equipment supply side, however, sales were below last year's levels, due to increasing competition, a sluggish overall market in private exchanges, and the aftermath of the industrial action in the

Amari rises by 11% to £3.9m

f acquisitions during the past 12 months.

Mr Michael Ward Thomas, chairman, said that as the year progressed industry prices and demand were becoming firmer and the company was benefiting from the investment programme

Earnings per share were lower (£1.2m). at 6p (7.1p). The interim payment is increased from 3p to

1p. Amari may be heading for The chairman added that the record profits and turnover but

he added, and that provided a sound base for growth and sig-nificant earnings next year. In the UK the acquisitions completed by Aalco and the

engineering developments of Leavlite were now achieving expected profits.

from the investment programme of last year.

In recent weeks Suter has built up a stake of more than 17 per cent in the metals and plastics stockholding distribution and processing group.

Exercises expected profits.

The net interest charge increased to £934,000 (£444,000), tax took £1.45m (£1.45m) and there were minorities of £101,000 (£98,000). Dividends absorbed £982,000 (£878,000) to leave retained profit of £901,000

comment

FOLLOWING the falls of last reorganisation of the plastics shareholders should not get too year, profits at Amari were up division had been successful carried away. Even the most 11 per cent in the first six and it was set to achieve record optimistic forecasts put earnmonths of 1987 with a pre-tax sales and profits for the year.

figure of £3.86m against £3.47m. There had been a pleasing less than those achieved in 1985. The result was achieved on improvement for the US activity turnover up from £83.48m to ties following the end of the the right things by moving furfill £20.28m, boosted by a number initial acquisition programme, there into higher value added a profit that the sales and profits to the sales and profits for the year.

There had been a pleasing less than those achieved in 1985. The company is clearly doing turnover up from £83.48m to ties following the end of the right things by moving furfilled. areas like stainless steel tubing where growth of about 30 per cent is being achieved and be decreasing its dependence on aluminium. There are also benefits to come from rising prices and from the diversifica tion into the US, which is so far still making losses. None of this, however, justifies the p/e of 17½ implied by profits forecasts for this year of £7.5m. Investors hoping to make a killing if a takeover is launched for the company should reflect that Suter, the only company with a declared stake, is not known for paying over the

BP expands detergents arm with £3m Crestol deal

BY CLAY HARRIS

£3m for Crestol a leading manufacturer of own-brand shampoos and other hair pro-ducts. The Bradford-based company supplies many of receiving £939,000 for an equity Britain's leading supermarket stake in Crestol for which it

Crestol has annual sales approaching £5m. It will become part of BP's detergents

retailers in the IIK and abroad Guinness Mahon Development Capital handled the nego-tlations for the sale to BP.

paid £400,000 last year. GMDC said yesterday that its investment had enabled Crestol to move into modern premises become part of BP's detergents with advanced laboratory and division, which is already in production facilities and to volved in own-brand manufac- expand its range of products.

Minty £1.5m acquisition and share placing

THE INTERIM results of issue of 333,334 new ordinary Minty, furniture manufacturers, shares at 450p each to subare accompanied by news of a £1.53m acquisition and a share placing to raise a similar

Aerofoam for 278,043 ordinary shares (which are being placed by Laurence Prust at 450p per share), a deferred payment of £275,000 and a balancing cash payment by the company or Aerofoam to satisfy the amount by which the value of the stock and work in progress exceeds or falls short of £90,000.
Minty has made arrangements to raise £1.5m, before

expenses, in cash through the

scribers to be procured by Laurence Prust. The proceeds will be used to finance the working capital requirements of Aerofoam and the payment in about one year's time of the deferred £275,000 as well as other immediate needs includ-ing the reduction of current indebtedness of £157,000.

In the half year to August 1 last, Minty incurred an increased loss of £274,108 (loss of £111,645) on a turnover of £1.58m (£1.7m). The loss per 25p share was 13.6p (loss of 5.4p adjusted).

James Wilkes moves up to £0.38m midway

Profits at James Wilkes, maker of printing and box-makproducts, rose from £283,163 to £384,314 on turnover down from £5.2m to £3.33m in the first half of 1987.

The directors declared an ed interim of 3.3p-up increased interim of 3.3p—up from 3p last time—and after tax of £137,338 (£106,372), earnings per 25p ordinary share rose from 4.3p to 6.1p.

They said that the company was now aiming to expand the group through the acquisition of companies in fields where substantial growth opportuni-

substantial growth opportunities existed

Turnover in the comparable period included £1.4m in respect of activities which have since been discontinued. There was an extraordinary debit of

ScanBank interest

ScanBank Interest
Scandinavian Bank Group
yesterday said it ha dacquired
a 20 per cent interest in Commissionaria Mobiliare Europe
(CME), the milan-based financial institution that carries out
corporate advisory work and
acts as a jobber and broker for
securities dealing in Italy.
Mr Antoine Khayat, executive
director of Scandinavian Bank,
said the move presented a
major growth opportunity for
the bank in view of continued
deregulation of the Italian markets.

Scandinavian Bank had a branch presence in Italy.



PROGRESS REPORT SIX MONTHS TO 30 JUNE 1987

Turnover £134m

Profit before tax £13.1m **UP 61%**

Earnings per share 16.1p **UP 56%**

Dividend per share 4p **UP 50%**

Rights issue

1 FOR 5

CHAIRMAN'S COMMENTS

 Continuing strong performance Recent acquisitions contribute strongly

Major plant investments underway

Gearing below 20%

Further expansion planned.

Copies of the Interim Report can be obtained from the Company S BRITISH VITA PLC, MIDDLETON, MANCHESTER M24 2DB *Compared to the six months to 30 June 1986

INTERNATIONAL LEADERS IN POLYMER, FIBRE AND FABRIC MATERIALS.
AND TECHNOLOGY.... SERVING THE FURNISHING, TRANSPORPITION,
APPAREL, PACKAGING AND EXCENSIVES NO USTRIES.

P&O steams past £100m mark at midway stage

TAXABLE profits at Peninsular ping, £7.9m (£9.1m); house-and Oriental Steam Navigation building, construction and (P&O) rose sharply from development, £33.3m (£20.6m); £69.8m to £101.1m on turnover ahead from £721.3m at £1.2bn £21.1m (£9.8m); P&O Australia, in the six months to June 30. £2.1m (£2.6m); and investment Sir Jeffrey Sterling, chair property nan, said that although it (£15.9m). would be prudent to sound a note of caution regarding some market expectations, the curent trading performance of the

group gave cause for confidence in the outturn for the year. The directors declared an interim dividend of 9p (7.5p) on the £1 deferred stock. After an increase in tax charges of £29.3m (£21m) earnings per £1 of deferred stock fell from

Contrary to suggestions made on Tuesday, P&O did not announce a rights issue along with its results. Sir Jeffrey's only comment on the rumoured issue was: "Why should there be?"

be?"

Operating profits by divisions showed: service industries, talf of the year.

The service and investment

development, £33.3m (£20.6m); being particularly buoyant in container and bulk shipping, the UK Excellent contributions

Sir Jeffrey reported that the Australian economy did not figures included the results from favour either the shipping January 1 of European Ferries, businesses or the Australian which P&O acquired for 5928 am January 1 of European Ferries, which P&O acquired for £286.6m in January in an agreed merger.

were made in the housebuilding, construction and develop income, £27.2m ment sectors. However, currency movements and the

He said that the listing of in January in an agreed merger.

Considerable progress had been made in integrating its three main businesses—ferries ports and properties—into P&O, so offer for the outstanding further strengthening its market position in several of its would be completed. The further strengthening its market position in several of its existing sectors. The benefit of the work during the first half of incorporating the acquired businesses was now starting to come through.

However, the effect of the integration was not thought to have been material in the first half figures and, in any case, ferry profits come in the second half of the year.

The service and investment minority in P&O Australia would be completed. The would be completed. The survive in P&O australia would be completed. The survive in P&O would also be implemented. Extraordinary and capital items contributed £9.5m (£7m) net of £22.3m tax. They interest in P&O would also be implemented. Extraordinary and capital items contributed £9.5m (£7m) net of £22.3m tax. They in P&O would be completed. The survive in P&O australia would be completed. The survive in P&O austral

loses Knibbs to DC Cook

Dean Smith

Dean Smith Garages, which thought 2½ weeks ago that it had bought Britain's largest Fiat distributor in a deal worth £1.6m, yesterday found itself gaznmped.

D. C. Cook Holdings, USMquoted motor distributor, announced that it would be buying Manchester - based Knibbs from Burns-Anderson, financial services group. Cook's offer, which emerged only late last week, will be worth £2.45m.

Although Burns - Anderson amounced the sale to pri-vately-owned Smith on August 21, after exchanging con-tracts, completion was contracts, completion was contingent on no higher offer emerging. Smith earlier this week declined the opportunity to match the higher

Botherham - based Cook, which came to the USM in July, is already Britain's largest Nissan dealer. Early last month, it paid £1.42m for Parrish, Austin Rover sole distributor for the York area.

Knibbs' franchises in northwest England include eight for Eight free for UNIVANE for Fiat, two for VW/Audi and one each for Citroen and Lancia. It achieved pre-tax profit of £134,651 on sales of £23.4m in the year to last

RANK ORGANISATION is selling 95 per cent of the equity in Rank Industries Asia to Werne Brothers, a Singapore disted company, for f4m cash. Rank will keep 5 per cent of the equity and, for the next five years, Werne will be allowed to operate under the name Rank Industries Asia and the existing

names of its subsidiaries.

Touche Remnant defends £241m TR Pacific fund

estrday moved to defend its

exchange their shares for cation does not occur, shares in an open-end invest- The Guernsey-based company ing in smaller Far Eastern markets; or they could cash in and receive cash equivalent to 99 per cent of the net assets attributable to their shares. TR argues that under its own

At the same time, Allied—which is the private company owned by Mr Harvey Goldsmith, the pop promoter, and Mr Edward Simons—disposed

of its 16.2 per cent stake in Rex Williams Leisure, the snooker equipment manufac-

Allied bought its holding of 1.77m Williams shares a week ago today from Stanley Leisure Organisation. Mr Simons said

yesterday that Allied made a profit — which he declined to disclose — on the transaction.

Allied takes a 13.45%

holding in J W Spear

SHARES in scrabble-maker J. W. Spear gained 10 per cent 112p yesterday, against a price yesterday after Allied Entertainments bought 395,000 Mr Simons predicted that shares, taking its holding to 13.45 per cent.

At the same time, Allied—which is the private company identified symeroies between

ton scheme envisages giving will invest in the smaller Far £241m TR Pacifiec Bason fund, them an estimated 97.2 per East markets rather than Japan with the publication of alterna-cent. Part of the difference is and Australia. Shareholders tive proposals which, it claims, explained by the management representing £25m of the trust betters the hostile offer from contract with TR, under which assets will have to pick this Thornton Pacific Investment Thornton would have a further option before the managers be two years worth of manage-Under the TR scheme, share-holders would be offered three options. They could either fund stays with TR, this dupli-

ment company based in Guernsey, which would then trade at
net asset value; they could
switch into shares of a new
UK investment trust specialising in smaller Far Eastern
markets; or they could cash in
markets; or they could cash in and a Sterling Deposit fund. Shareholders can convert be-tween the different classes without incurring any capital gains proposals, shareholders will tax liability.

identified synergies between Spear's games and Allied's range of children's videos.

Shares in J. W. Spear gained 25p to close at 265p.

NEW DARIEN OIL Trust re-

ported net asset value at the end of July 1987 of 106.9p against 61.6p a year earlier. In

the six months to end-July after-tax profit was £38,793 (£44,384) for earnings per share of 0.39p (0.44p).

HALF YEAR RESULTS

Touche Remnant, Britain's realise a minimum of 99 per The new investment trust, largest investment trust group, cent of nav, whereas the Thorn- TR Pacific Investment Trust, option before the managers be-lieve it can feasibly be run, and they are setting an upper limit of £75m.

defend the investment record of its Far East team, and maintains that the Pacific Basin trust has been obliged to hold a greater share of its assets in Team that the Thornton com-Japan than the Thornton com- year to March 31 1987.

5.3% holding

Nicademus of Jersey has

acquired a 5.3 per cent stake in Albion Belfast-based manufac-

turer of clothing for men and

boys, with the purchase of

Harvard Securities, which just

shares, equal to 3.6 per cent.

200,000 ordinary shares.

in Albion

to get a full SE **listing** Walter Alexander, the diver-

sified Scottish group, is joining the main market via an intro

duction after trading for 11

W Alexander

years on the over-the-counter market. f £75m.

business was coachbuilding and TR, meanwhile continues to it still manufactures the body-

Japan than the Thornton company simply because of its large size. Yesterday Lord Remnant, chairman of TR Pacific Basin, said it would be up to boards of other individual TR trusts to decide whether they wished to consider similar schemes.

Jean March 31 1987.

The second largest division is Domnick Hunter Filters which sells water and air filtration products and made profits of £1.2m last year. The other three divisions are home products, which manufactures Slumberland duvets and PVC windows and doors, liquid fuel distribution and DIY distribution.

Nicademus takes In addition, the company has a portfolio of quoted and unquoted investments worth around £4.3m.

Group pre-tax profits were £5.7m last year on turnover of £72.9m, compared with £4.3m on £66.7m in the previous year. On the basis of the OTC price of £21p, the p/e ratio is 16.4 and the group has a market capitalisation of £60.7m.

Robert Fleming is sponsoring the company and dealings in the company and dealings in the shares are expected to start

on September 14. two months ago acquired 429,500 ordinary Albion shares, representing 11.45 per cent, has reduced its holding to 136,215 MARINEX PETROLEUM, oil and gas exploration company traded under the Stock Exchange's Rule 535 (3) is merging with another explora-tion company Teredo Oils and raising £6.28m via a one-for-The market capitalisation of Albion is £3.9m. The company reported pre-tax profits down from £243,247 to £194,216 in the three rights issue. The enlarged company will apply to have its six months to March 31 on turnbourg Stock Exchange.

WCRS in French agency deal

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announced a two-way deal with able to the two stakes were jected attributable post Groupe Belier, France's number one agency and communications group. The UK company reached for it to receive up to is taking a 49 per cent stake £4m in cash, to compensate for ment, with representations.

which together produce billings of about \$1.5bn (£904m)—into a new company, WCRS Adver-tising. It will then swap 20 per cent of this company for a 49 per cent interest in Groupe

tions group. The UK company is taking a 49 per cent stake in the French group while foroupe Belier's parent—the small profit difference—the fam figure being based on a publicly-quoted Eurocom—will get 20 per cent of WCRS's advertising interests.

The deal envisages WCRS putting its advertising companies—three in the US, two in the UK, and The Ball Partnership in the Pacific Basin which together produce billings in Holland, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland. Major clients inchude BSN, Nestle, Agfa, Duracell and Bayer.

The company currently has

WCRS Group, the fast-growing advertising agency and communications group, yesterday the assets and profits attributions for restricturing, the projected attributable post-tax pro-

The two companies will also see an exchange of top management, with representatives from the French company joining the new company's board and WCRS directors moving on to Groupe Belier. The agreement between the two companies includes various preemptive purchase rights should Eurocom's interest in Belier or WCRS's stake in the new company respectively come on the

WCRS says the move is part of its strategy of forming a federation of internationally based agencies and gives it a billings of about \$550m and based agencies and gives it pre-tax profits of about FFr 87m valuable entry into Europe.

Seacon gains Milford Docks

Seacon Holdings' bid for Milford Docks Company yesterday was declared unconditional in all respects. Trading in its shares on the Third Market is due to begin on Monday.

The new company embraces
Miliord, the troubled Welsh
harbour operator, and Seacon,
a cargo handler and shipping
group based in the Isle of Dogs.
Guidehouse Securities, which
advised Seacon on the bid, said
that the takeaver had that the takeover had saved

Mr Ian Hay, Seacon Holdings deputy chairman and joint managing director, said that early investments were planned to encourage the expansion of fishing activities and development of specialist cargo handling operations at Milford Haven in south-west Wales.

H. YOUNG Holdings: Of the 2.3m new ordinary offered to shareholders on a three-for-10 hasis in connection with the proposed acquisition of the Crofton Optical Group, share-holders have applied for 1.59m (69.08 per cent). Placees who have committed to purchase balance will be asked to take up remaining 709,972 (30.92 per cent) new ordinary.

Doctus warrant error

to its shareholders due to an error at the company's regis-trars that had indicated a onefor-two warrant issue instead of a one-for-10 issue.

sultant company, has had to per cent of the company's cancel warrant certificates sent preference shares. Doctus was a private manage ment consultancy that bought 46.7 per cent of the listed Smith Whitworth, the Rochdalefacturer, in April. It has since shed the manufacturing operations, although continues to license Smith Whitworth technology and brands. The com-pany name was changed from

Carclo abandons Deritend bid

cafled off its £25m bid for to the bid. Deritend Engineering, saying that it intends to let its offer lapse in view of the higher, agreed bid from Christy Hunt, another engineering company.

CAPITAL & Counties' rights recommended a 20-for-3 share offer from Christy, which values per tent of the oner. Transpose of its 11.2 per cent stake of the oner. Transpose of its 11.2 per cent stake up by other investors.

New certificates are to be dis-patched by September 10. Separately, John Govett, the unit trust management com-pany, said that it now holds

Carelo Engineering last night in Deritend, accumulated prior

issue of 23.2m units, each unit Deritend rejected Carclo's share and four 5‡ per cent con-July bid as unacceptable in amount, in form and in sub-been taken up in respect of stance. In August, however, it 94 per cent of the offer. Trans recommended a 20-for-3 share Atlantic Holdings has sub

Sales	up 12%	to £	2066m
Profit on trading	up 29 %	to £	299m
INCLUDING Sports and leisure	up 50%		
Transportation	up 49 %		
Industrial	up 44%		
Construction	up 33%		
Pre-tax profits	up 38%	to £	280m
Earnings per share	up 20%	to	10·7p
Dividend per share	up 20%	to	4.2p

Growth the Goal Profit the Measure Security the Result

BTR PLC, SILVERTOWN HOUSE, VINCENT SQUARE, LONDON SWIP 2PL, TELEPHONE 01-834 3848.

Interim Report for 6 months to 4th July 1987

	Six months to		52 weeks ended		
	4th July	5th July 1986	3rd January 1987		
	1987 £000	£000	£000		
Turnover	423,554	392,082	839,343		
Profit before taxation	3,168	4,814	17,647		
Taxation	1,122	1,709	6,505		
Profit after taxation	. 2,046	3,105	11,142		
Earnings per ordinary s	hare		:		
Before tax	3.3p	5.1p*	18.6p*		
Affine tow	2 1n	3.30*	11 7n*		

Interim dividend 1.6p per share (1996 - 1.6p per share*) payable on 30th October 1987 to members recistered at close of business on 2nd October 1987.

Compared with the very good first half of 1986, the first half of this year has proved one of the more difficult in recent years and it is right to mention the major factors behind the lower.

I reported in my Annual Statement that we had two early setbacks – the Budget and bad weather. There is no doubt that the former has had a considerable effect on sales and profits and the continuing unhelpful weather also had a

bearing on both.

Also this year we have moved into our new offices at Raynes Park and opened our central warehouse at Didcot and our Paignton branch in July. These represent considerable investments for the future and I am glad to say they are running smoothly and Palgriton sales

are well in line with our best expectations.

An additional and serious reason I am sad to have to report, in common with others in the

distribution field, is a significant upsurge in theft. We have stepped up our efforts to combat this with staff training and greater expenditure on new systems and equipment and I hope it will not be long before I am able to report a reversal of this transfer.

of this trend. On the development front, I am pleased to say that construction work on the two branches I have mentioned previously - Epping and Derby - is up to schedule. The former will open on the 28th of this month, and Derby in the first half of next year. Work has also started on a new site we have acquired at Exeter, which will com-

mence trading in the second half of next year.

These first half results do not reflect in any way less commitment or hard work by our Staff and I should like to thank them for both. I know they will be doing everything in their power to help to produce another record for the full year. W.M. Peacock, Chairman

9th September, 1987 THE Cash and Carry WHOLESALERS Head Office: Bushey Road, Raynes Park, SW20 0JJ. Tel: 01-946 9111

GRANVILLE

S	P	ONSORED SI	EC	UR	IT	ΙE	S
-	_	•			Gross	a Yield	s
High	Low	Company	Price	Change	div.(p		P/E
206		Ass. Brit. Ind. Ordinary	203	-	7.3	3.6	12.4
206	145	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	203	_	10.0	4.9	_
41	34	Armitage and Rhodes	41	+ 1	4.2	10.2	5.8
142	67	BBB Design Group (USM)	103xd		2.1	2.0	16.4
172	108	Bardon Group	172	+ 1	2.7	1.5	29.4
182	95	Bray Technologies	182	-	4.7	25	14.6
265	130	CCL Group Ordinary	265	_	11.5	4.3	6.8
141	99	CCL Group 11pc Conv. Pref	141	_	15.7	11.1	_
171	136	Carborundum Ordinary	170	-	5.4	3.1	14.8
102	91	Carborundum 7.5pc Pref	102		10.7	10.5	_
133	87	George Bialr	133xd	1 + 2	3.7	2.8	3.4
143	119	lais Group	120	~	_	_	-
82	59	Jackson Group	82	+ 1	3.4	4.1	9.1
450	321	James Burrough	450	-	18.2	4.0	10.2
97	86	James Burrough Spc Pref	94xd	ı —	12.9	13.7	_
780	500	Multihouse NV (AmstSE)	500	-		_	19.8
578	361	Record Ridgway Ordinary	578	+ 9	1.4	_	11.7
87	83	Record Ridgway 10pc Pref	87	+ 1	14.1	16.2	_
91	68	Robert Jenkins	68	_	_	_	3.0
124	42	Scrutions	124su	is —	_	_	_
220	147	Tordey and Carlisle	220	_	6.6	3.0	10.7
42	32		42cus	xc —	0.8	1.8	3.9
131	73	Unilock Holdings (SE)	105xd	r -	2.8	2.7	19.3
221	115	Walter Alexander	221 sun	250-	5.9	2.7	16.4
197	190	W. S. Yeetes	197	_	17.4	8.8	19.7
175	96	West Yorks, Ind. Hosp. (USM)	140	_	5.5	3.9	14.9
Securi	ties (designated (SE) and (USM) are	e desit	in sut	ject t) the	roles
end re	Securities designated (SE) and (USM) are dealt in subject to the rules and regulations of The Stock Exchange. Other securities listed above are least in subject to the rules of FIMBRA.						9 250

Granville & Company Limited 8 Lovat Lane, London EC3R 88P sphone 01-621 1212

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The Alumasc Group plc very, building, security produced and precision components

'EXCELLENT RESULTS IN EVERY RESPECT'

John McCall, Chairman and Chief Executive The results of The Alumesc Group for the year to 28 June

1987 are excellent in every respect. Internal growth was austained in all four divisions of the Group.

O Turnover O Operating profit O Pro-tex profit O Earnings per share	Up 17.1 pet cent Up 64.0 per cent Up 81.7 per cent Up 78.5 per cent		
	1987 (£m)	1986 (£m)	
Turnover Operating profit Profit before taxation	30.9 4.9 5.0	26.4 3.0 2.8	
Earnings per share (p)	28.2	15.8	
Dividends per share (p) since full listing in May, 1986	75		

A copy of the report and accounts will be sent to all shareholders. Further copies are available from the

Burton Latimer, Kettering, Northamptonshire NN15 5JP Telephone 0536-722121

BICC profit rises 29% to £60.4m

in its key development areas of building, property development and bousing; productivity increases in the cables division profits from £22.2m to £26.5m. following last year's major restricturing; and strong performance in structuring; and strong performance in structuring; and strong performance in structuring.

UK operating profits were more than double those in the same

period of 1986 at £3.4m (£1.66m). Overseas operating

profits were £187,000 compared with a loss of £38,000.

Mr Hugh Neill, chairman, said

James Neill on course

with £3.8m first half

The results mark both the Comment

James Neill Holdings, the debit of £143,000 and dividend Sheffield-based hand and garden payments of £835,000

Sheffield-based hand and garden payments of £835,000 tool manufacturer, increased (£689,000), earnings per 25p pre-tax profits five times over from £748,000 to £3.82m for the six months to June 30.

Latitude In Example 1 (1.50) and thinken to the payments of £835,000 to £835,000 per 25p pre-tax profits five times over from £748,000 to £3.82m for the six months to June 30.

benefits of reorganisation and James Neill is not the company expansion including the integrative was a year ago—and a good tion of Spear & Jackson thing too, many would say. acquired in December 1985 and Profits are up five-fold as the

recovery from the effects of a company recovers from the major fire at the company's havoc caused by the May 1986 main production centre in May fire at the Sheffield factory and

Total turnover was £42.16m fractious Spear & Jackson ompared with £42.69m in the operation into the family. The

compared with \$42.69m in the operation into the family. The corresponding period of 1986. unlon has been a success and the directors point out that the consumer DIY and garden

excluding sales by businesses tools division looks set to move disposed of in 1986, sales by up from a quarter to over a

UK companies were up by 9 per third of turnover next year. A cent and sales by overseas comboom in sales of tools to panies were up by 10 per cent. builders, and to their illegiti-

the positive achievements of the company's own people. He expected this progress to continue.

He added that among the important contributions to the improved result were Balfour Beatty's continued growth and overseas unexecuted orders in the period and a strengthening in both the UK four Beatty's continued growth and overseas unexecuted orders in the period and a strengthening in both the UK and overseas unexecuted orders in the period and a strengthening in both the UK and overseas unexecuted orders in the period and a strengthening in both the UK and overseas unexecuted orders in the period and a strengthening in both the UK and overseas unexecuted orders in the period and 1.0ndon Transport.

Balfour Beatty continued to perform strongly and lifted profits from £12.1m to £13.4m.

ance from Metal Manufactures partly as a result of continuing in Australia and Phillips Cables cost reductions,

the problems of integrating the

mate moonlighting cousins, has helped the contractors tools division, but the industrial hand

tools side is showing no growth.
The overseas operation is in

profit after 18 months' losses and the company is hungry to boost its peanut sized share of

for £8.3m (£7.5m) and there was an extraordinary credit of £700,000 compared with an extraordinary debit of the same

amount last time.

Mr Robert Rankin, chief executive of Balfour Beatty, has joined the board of BICC. comment

BICC has had a stodgy record for so long that evidence of real improvement has helped fuel a share price surge from a low of centres on the 1 235p a year ago to yesterday's major acquisition.

BICC, the construction and electric cables conglomerate, boosted taxable profits by 29 per cent from £47m to £60.4m (3.5p) and after higher tax of in the first six months of the year. Turnover rose from 50p ordinary share moved up from 11.5p to 14p.

BICC Cables had an excellent from £1.15bn.

BICC Cables had an excellent from £13.5m to £20.7m. (£17.4m) earnings per trading conditions in some sectors of its business. As a result profits fell from £6.3m form 11.5p to 14p.

BICC Cables had an excellent first half but the main improvement in performance came from the positive achievements of the company's own people. He expected this progress to continued the positive achievements of the company's own people. He expected this progress to continued to perform strongly and lifted to \$3.5m (£7.5m) and there was the task of proving the profits fell from £3.5m (£7.5m) and there was the task of proving for resting on its laurels, it now has the task of proving the profits fell from £3.5m (£7.5m) and there was the task of proving for resting on its laurels, it now has the task of proving the profits fell from £7.4m (£7.4m) earnings per trading conditions in some sectors of its business. As a result profits fell from £6.3m (£7.5m) and there was the task of proving for resting on its laurels, it now has the task of proving for resting on its laurels, it now has the task of proving for the profits fell from £7.4m (£7.4m) earnings per trading conditions in some sectors of its business. As a result profits fell from £7.4m the profi now has the task of proving it has real long-term growth prospects. Balfour Beatty looks in good shape, with orders of around £1bn on the books; but analysts are less convinced that the cable market will grow as fast as the company thinks. Assuming that full-year profits

hit £125m, the shares do not look overvalued on trading terms on a prospective p/e of 14.5; but speculation still centres on the prospect of a

FTI doubles profits and makes £5m US purchase

Forward Technology Indus-tries, manufacturer of elec-tronics and specialised growth in ultrasonics was not machinery, more than doubled as marked as in previous years. its first-half profits to £925,000 Profits rose from £1.1m to and announced the proposed acquisition of Tape Inc of the US for up to \$8.5m (£5.15m) along with a £5.4m rights issue. Tape produces plastic welding machinery and leak-testing devices for plastic products. In the year to April 30 1987 profits were \$455,000 on sales of \$5.6m, 1.6p (1p). As in these wells are accessed \$1.7m

Some £150,000 of FTT's pre-tax increase was due to interest savings on the proceeds of last year's rights issue and the disposal of Cambrasound, said Mr Henry Prevezer, chairman. A saving of £179,000 resulted

£1.16m

The sound and vision operations traded at a small loss of £88,000 (£95,000) as is usual

Turnover for the six months to June 30 fell 12 per cent to £13.42m. Earnings per share are 1.6p (1p). As in previous years, there will be no interim

dividend.
The initial consideration for Tape will be \$4m, with an additional payment of up to \$4.5m dependent on Tape's pretax profits for the year to December \$1 1887. FTI also from the sale of lossmaking has an option until September activities.

A programme of management buildings occupied by Tape for recruitment and capacity in- a maximum of \$2.08m.

BOARD MEETINGS

Mr Hugh Neill, chairman, said yesterday that demand for most of the group's products was beyond expectations and the integration of Spear & Jackson into the group was almost complete. Reorganisation costs incurred in the period totalled £1,61m. An exceptional item of £843,000 comprised loss of profit settlement from fire insurers After tax of £624,000 (£320,000), an extraordinary	boost its peanut sized share of the North American market. Acquisitions will probably be plecemeal, and most likely larger than last month's £382,000 acquisition of Saws International of Chicago. The shares remained unchanged at 271p yesterday. Assuming pre-	Intering: Acom Computer, Associated British Ports, British Mohair, Burmah Oil, Cempari International, Cookson, Alan Cooper, Corton Beach, Enterprise Oil General Mining Jiplon
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Prudential profits surge 50% to £103m at halfway point

BY ERIC SHORT

Corporation, Prodential Britain's largest life assurance and financial services group, yesterday reported a 50 per cent yesterday reported a 50 per cent jump in pre-tax profits from 567.2m to £108m at the interim stage to the end of June. Profits attributable to share-holders also climbed 50 per cent

holders also climbed 50 per cent from £46m to £70.1m, with earnings per share rising from 14.4p to 19.3p. The interim dividend is increased by 15 per cent from 10p to 11.5p.

Mr Brian Corby, group chief executive, reported steady progress in long-term business profits, up by £19m to £83.4m. This included for the first time profits from US company Jackson National Life, acquired at the end of 1986, amounting to £8.1m.

He also reported a continued recovery in the group's general insurance operations, with a pretax profit of £4.6m compared

tax profit of £4.6m compared with a loss of £14.6m in the first half of last year.

the severe weather in January which cost £7.5m.

a fall in trading profit in

general reinsurance operations of Mercantile and General Reinsurance showed reduced underwriting losses leading to a trading profit of £1.7m against a £2.4m loss last year. The improvement would have been greater but for a £3.5m strengthening in prior year reserves on marine business. Talls I

The estate agency operation, Prudential Property Services, which now has 565 branche produced a pre-tax profit of £400,000—the relatively small size of the profit being an in-evitable consequence of the costs involved in the rapid ex-pansion of the operations.

comment

Prudential's interim results were in line with expectations, with the strong recovery in UK motor insurance offset by disappointing results from Mercantile and General, where In the UK, general insurance the improvement is slower than operations saw the trading loss anticipated. Indeed, the general cut from £12m last year to insurance results, while showing £1.4m, despite the impact of a strong recovery are still showwhich cost £7.5m, short of being acceptable and The home service domestic the group still has to do more property business reduced its in the way of rating increases, trading loss from £4.6m to The reserve strengthening in £1.4m. But the bright spot in M and G will continue in the the UK general insurance second half. Nevertheless, the operations was the return of continued rise in life profits, the motor account to a trading with Jackson National Life now profit of £600,000 against a loss playing its part, and the estate of £4m.

Overseas, the general insurance operations showed a invested, should produce pretrading profit of £4.3m tax profits for 1987 of at least
compared with a £200,000 loss in 1986. Improved results were expect a 16 per cent dividend reported from Canada and most increase to 33 p. The drop of other countries, but there was asp to £10 in the share price. reflected the general weakness

Budget and bad weather dent Nurdin & Peacock

A COMBINATION of the effects for the dip in profits was a of the Budget and bad weather significant upsurge in theft, was a major factor in the 34 which the company had stepped was a major factor in the 34 per cent downturn in taxable profits in the first half at Nardin & Peacock, cash and carry wholesaler. Profits fell from £481m to

£3.17m on turnover up from £392.08m at £423.55m in the six months to July 4. The directors declared an interim dividend of 1.6p (1.6p restated) (£1.71m) earnings fell from 3.3p to 2.1p.

Mr Michael Peacock, chair-man, had in June warned shareholders that profits would dip below last year's figure and he confirmed that the period had proved one of the more difficult in recent years." The Budget had had a considerable effect on sales and profits and the continuing unhelpful weather had also had a bearing

Mr Peacock said that the company had moved into new offices and opened a new warehouse and new branch. These represented considerable investments for the future and were running smoothly. He added that another reason

up its efforts to combat.

comment For the second time running Nurdin & Peacock has blamed the Budget for a poor profit performance. Gambling on a rise in duty on cigarettes and boeze staples, there was over-stocking on such a scale that the full pear to January 3 was the full pear to January 3 was film short of expectations and the first half of this year was film down on the July 1986 level. Worse news is that the picture is yet to improve—even piffering is on the rise. Sales growth has slackened from last waste promising 18 5 per cent growth has stackened from last year's promising 16.5 per cent to something closer to 9 per cent, suggesting that the gains from own-label and Happy

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Shopper were one-off and that something new is needed to boost turnover in what is a very low margin business. Brokers have chopped £2m off their fore-casts, reducing expectations to just over £18m—a little ahead of 1986's year-end total. The shares, down 10p at 181p, are unlikely to be much sought after until the market's confidence is restored.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

WAYNE KERR (USM-quoted weeks to June 26 compared electronics manufacturer) is with £480,000. Turnover was buying certain assets and intelbuying certain assets and intellectual property of ATE Systems for £235,000 cash. ATE Systems manufactures low-cost ATE systems manufactures low-cost ATE systems for £235,000 cash. ATE Systems manufactures low-cost ATE systems for pcb testing.

CTTY OF LONDON Public Relations: Company intends to seek USM quote in spring 1988.

Turnover in year to April 4 last was £725,000 (£632,000) is moving from the USM to a listing on the London and Irish stock exchanges. It is expected that the shares will be admitted that the shares w

last was £725,000 (£632,000) and pre-tax profit £457,000 (£386,000).

MALLETT (antique dealer and restorer, made public in March 1987): Interim dividend 1.3p per 5p share. Tutnover £5.34m (£4.8m) and pre-tax profit £1.58m (£1.32m). Tax took £515,000 (£443,000) leaving earning per share of 7.6p (6.44p).

INSTEM (USM-quoted computer applications specialist) reported sharply reduced pre-tax profits of £154,000 for the 26

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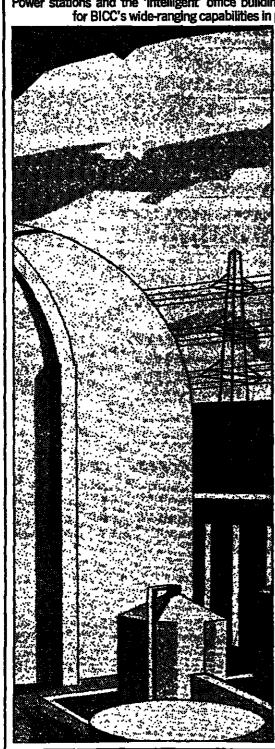
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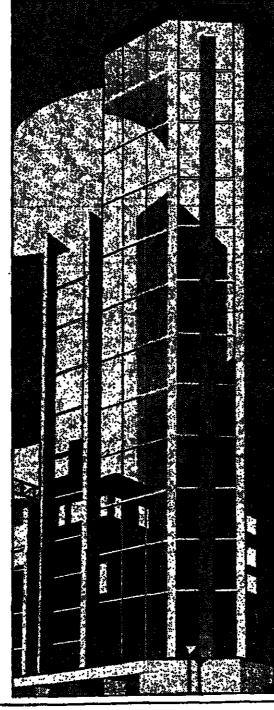


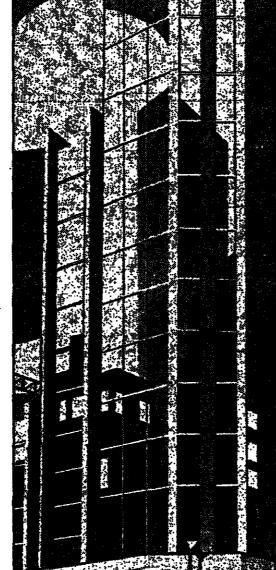
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Power stations and the 'intelligent' office buildings of the future represent substantial opportunities for BICC's wide-ranging capabilities in power, communications and construction.







For a copy of the 1987 half-year report contact: BICC pic, Devenshire House, Mayfair Place, London W1X 5FH. Tel: 01-529 5622.



EARNINGS PER SHARE UP 22% TO 14p

 LOW BORROWINGS LEAD TO HALVING OF INTEREST CHARGES

INTERIM DIVIDEND INCREASED FROM 3.5p TO 4.0p

BICC Chairman, Sir William Barlow says:

"I am pleased to report a further significant step forward in the Group's performance. Cables had an excellent first half and Balfour Beatty and International continued to perform strongly.

Markets in some sectors of our business were strong, but the main improvement came from the positive achievements of our own people. I expect this progress to continue."

RESULTS FOR THE HALF YEAR TO 4 JULY 1987 (Based on unaudited figures)					
1986 Full year £m					
2,143					
113.8 (13.1)					
100.7 (38.7)					
62.0 (16.8)					
45.2 (13.0)					
32.2					
22.7p					
11.75p					
3.5p counts, on w jstar of Com					



UK COMPANY NEWS

T & N lifts interim profits to £36m but earnings decline

rials group, rose 75 per cent to £36.3m in the first half of the year, reflecting the addition of the AE automotive component businesses acquired at the end of last year. Turnover for the first half hit £482.7m for T and N said that the perforthe combined group compared matter of its own comparise. the combined group, compared

Earnings per share, however, declined from 12.76p to 10.77p, although Sir Francis Tombs, chairman, yesterday went to some lengths to explain that earnings were not diluted by the takeover of AE, which was fiercely contested, and the sub-sequent rights issue aimed at reducing group debt.

Sir Francis said the decline in earnings came mainly from poor mining results in Zimbabwe and increased legal costs in the US stemming from asbestos related property cases. Operating profits in Zimbabwe fell by £2m to a £0.5m loss, while trading profits in the difficult to accept T & N's argument materials—and ment that no dilution has taken mining division fell from £4.0m place. If all this improvement to £1.7m on a flat turnover of has come through so quickly,

234m.

E34m.

US legal costs reached £3m, so flat? Pre-tax profits forecasts which were included as part of £79m for the year would put of £4.4m of unallocated costs, the shares on a multiple of compared to £1.8m in 1986. about 11. That is undemanding Asbestos-related disease claims in today's market, but T & N rose from £0.5m of income is unlikely to take off quickly, (reflecting insurance reimburse- and even if fears of asbestosments) to a payout of £1.7m. related claims are overblown,
Group gearing declined from they will continue to overhang
59 per cent at the start of the the share price.

Abbott Mead Vickers, advertising agency, reported an 18 per cent increase from £1.06m to £1.25m in pre-tax profits for the half year ended June 30.

Gross billings were up by 45 per cent from £24.78m to £35.95m. Mr David Abbott.

chairman, said that the seasonal pattern was returning to the pre-1986 shape, with billings being more heavily weighted towards the second half of the

year, so prospects for the rest of 1987 looked encouraging. Tax accounted for £489,000

1COCk

SRIEF

PRE-TAX profits at T & N, year to 33 per cent at the end formely Turner & Newall the of June, and Sir Francis engineering and building mate expressed confidence that

Tand N said that the performance of its own companies had improved during the period, and that it had been able to reduce working capital and raise productivity at the acquired AE companies.

An interim dividend was declared at 2.75n up from 2.5n declared at 2.75p, up from 2.5p comment

Turner and Newall, now re-incarnated as T & N, appears to have come a long way toward integrating AE into its own style of management Mass management defections at AE did not take place, orderbooks are fat, and rationalisation programmes are taking effect in many of the acquired companies. It is none the less

(£415,000) and minorities this time took £3,000, leaving attri-butable profits of £780,000

(£649,000) for earnings of 6.11p (5.21p) per 5p ordinary. The interim dividend is in-

creased from 1.5p to 1.8p.
Among AMV's new accounts

are British Telecom (corporate advertising), Rank Hovis Mc-

the Canadian brewer Labett and the Swedish furniture retailer

IKEA. Leagas Delaney, acquired last year, also had a productive first half.

Cantors more than doubled

at £2.2m
CANTORS, the house furnishing retailer which has embarked on an acquisitions policy, more than doubled prepolicy, more than doubled pre-tax profits to £2.24m for the year to April 4 on turnover up 13.7 per cent to £32.1m. Directors said negotiators Directors said negotiations were under way to acquire an existing furnishing business with a freehold presently for 575 000 in cash

business with a freehold property for 575,000 in cash and a further freehold property for £617,000.

Interest payments fell from £222,000 to £177,000, and the surplus on the sale of freehold properties was £466,000 (nil). No liability for capital gains tax was expected for these disposals as proceeds had been reinvested in other properties, they said. properties, they said. Earnings per share rose

from 12,71p to 23,34p, a figure which fell to 18,49p disregarding the property sales profits. A final divi-dend of 2p will make a total of 3p for the year.

The board is proposing one-for-one scrip issue.

dividend 2.3p (1.9p) for six months to June 30. Turnover £8.56m (£7.43m) and pre-tax profit £403,000 (£318,000). Tax was £156,000 (£135,000) leaving earnings of 9.8p (7.5p).

Wimpey builds up profits to £35.4m

half-year to the end of June. The contractor, housebuilder and property company made profits of £35.4m, £12.6m more than in the first half last year. The result was ahead of stockbrokers' expectations and the shares ended the day 6p ahead at 260 p, after moving up by

20p at one stage. Every division was ahead of budget at the end of June." Sir Chifford Chetwood, chair-man, said. "We are now generating quality profits from able to say that before."

Although Wimpey does not

BOOSTED by the elimination of give a divisional breakdown imminent and a profit likely on company is afflicted on the one exceptional losses and recovery of profits or turnover. Sir disposal. at its associated companies, Clifford said that housebuilding George Wimpey lifted pre-tax provided the impetus behind profits by 55 per cent in the increase in operating profits, from £25.6m to £33.2m. Wimpey Homes completed nearly 500 fewer houses than it

did in the comparable period last year, reflecting its decision to move up-market from sales to first-time buyers. Of the 4,461 houses completed in the UK, only 40 per cent were sold to first-time buyers, as opposed to 53 per cent in 1986.

After an encouraging first half, Wimpey Property is likely to be bolstered in the second half by the sale of Theodor Heuss Allee, a large office com-

There were no exceptional items, against a £1.8m charge last time, and associate companies contributed £2.2m to pretax profits, against a loss of £1m in the same period last year. After interest of £10m (£9.6m) and tax of £6.4m (£3.6m), earnings per share were 6.3p, against 3.41p. The

interim was doubled to 2p per

George Wimpey will remain such time as it gives some sort of breakdown activities. Until that day, plex in Frankfurt. Sir Clifford investors will have to content

shopping as profits rise 37% stered on the other by buoyant conditions in the market for new houses. Here, Sir Clifford Fitch & Company Design Con-sultants, whose clients include the Manpower Services Com-mission, the Burton Group and Chetwood has chosen to desert the first-time buyer and move up-market, as reflected in the higher average price of the houses sold in the first half—

the Midland Bank, increased pre-tax profits 37 per cent from £745,000 to £1.02m for the half-£44,500, against £34,900 in 1986. year to June 30.
It celebrated this and an increase in turnover to £5.58m profit at the expense of turn-over might have been considered heretical at Wimpey--(£4,73m) by announcing yester-day the acquisition of Gordon Benoy, a firm of architects with but in the 4½ years since he has been chairman, Sir Clifford has clearly wrought some changes. At 260 p, the shares are one a fair prospective p/e of 12 if Wimpey makes £85m in the full year. expertise in shopping centre development, for an initial con-sideration of £1.5m, increased to a maximum of £4.5m if profit

Fitch goes

targets are met.
The total consideration will be settled in new ordinary shares due in three tranches. Mr Rodney Fitch, chairman, said that with the acquisition, the company will be better placed to lead major develop-

ment projects itself.
"Our objective is to be a substantial international design business. We will achieve our aims through a programme of organic growth and acquisitions He said that the first six

He said that the first six months had seen substantial new business gains,
After taxes of £367,000 (£283,00) earnings per 10p share increased to 12.7p (9p).
An interim dividend of 2.5p (2.2p) was declared, costing £120,000 (£112,000).

MTM below expectations

came to the market a year ago, are disappointing with pre-tax profits for the first half of 1987 showing a £77,000 decline to

Analysts had been looking for bout £6m from this manufacturer of speciality chemicals for the whole of 1987, compared with £4.2m for 1986, but a number of factors combined to

THE INTERIM results from hold the group in check.

MTM, formerly Marlborough Mr Richard Lines, chairman
Technical Management which and chief executive, said the and chief executive, said the £2m, results for the period were below the board's best expectations principally due to the substantial level of capital of currency movements, which cost about £300,000, and a reduction in worldwide demand for antibiotic intermediate. Meanwhile terms have been equivagreed for the acquisition of a year.

fine chemical intermediates for

Turnover rose from £16.88n to £19.16m; tax was £417,000 (£320,000) which, after minorities of £20,000 (£435,000) leaves earnings per 5p down 1.1p to

3.8p.
An interim dividend of 1p is declared. The company made a single payment of 0.7p for 1986,

Next acquisition

Next, the fashion and furnishings group, has added eight more London sites with the purchase of Fil a Fil, retailer of men's and women's clothing, for £800.000.

Fil a Fil, founded in 1983 to operate a franchise for a French fashion group, ceased trading with the completion of the deal. Next will use the new premises, most of which contain only 400 to 500 sq ft, as addi-tional outlets for its shoes and

The shops are held on leases ranging from 15 to 25 years.

PRUDENTIAL CORPORATION FIRST HALF

PROFITS RISE TO £103m.

Interim Statement for Half Year to 30th June 1987

Abbott Mead at £1.25m

- ★ Turnover up 15% to £10.6 million.
- ★ Pre-tax profit up 43% to £382,000.
- ★ Earnings per share up 58% to 3.0p.
- ★ First ever interim dividend of 1.0p net.
- ★ Forecast final dividend of 1.5p net to make 2.5p for the year (1986 2.0p).
- ★ Board strategy looks for further growth including acquisitions.



GIBBS AND DANDY PLC

Building, Engineering and Electrical Distributors Gidan House, Chapel Street, Luton LUT 2SF. Tel: 0582 21233

rofit defore tax from hwestment management (UK) 91 ... 145 Stierebolders' other income 32.0 103.0 67.2 178.1 latal profit before tax (329) (21.2) 70.1 46.0 117.6 10.0p., 29.0p Die stratic for the part years realing 30 Loca 1986 and 30 June 1987 are asses

INTERIM RESULTS 1987.

LONG TERM BUSINESS

The profits from long term busides, which wow includes facts on National Life the US life company acquired towards the end of 1985.

SENERAL INSURANCE BUSINESS

in the United Kingdom the triding loss was considerable its the effects of had western in January For Name service basines toraccontat Upere propositori rate racpettes belgas produce a estari ibility despite the continuing sucress in class, proposed. Trese o improvements in the reputts for commercial business. On tional business there was a tracking profit paints reduced interweed performances from most terrappet. Reinsumice also projuced a retu is profitability compared with the first ball of 1986.

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (UK)

The results of our senectment music from a 96% mercase in what point value to \$237 m.

The expansion of the estate affects chall continued and Production
Problems Survives any that 765 branches: Problem designations will
increasingly talks the form of conal aconomics and the opening of test francises, the relativity shall fire of the events, quality from of 10.4m, the threshold and it on mentality consequence of the opening moved sen and a on montable cons

PREDEVINE CORPORATION PIC,

** Earnings per share up from 14.4p to 19.3 p.

* Increased interim dividend of 11.5 p per share, compared with 10.0p in 1986.

* Pre-tax profits up from £67m to £103m.

* Profits of £11m from Jackson National Life, the US life company acquired towards the end of 1986.

* Very good growth in long-term business premiums.

* Steady progress in long-term business profits.

* General insurance results continue to recover.



COLSTON

(£000) (2000) 13,782 12,223 Turnover Operating profit before interest and tax Dividends per share (gross) Substantial improvement in margins

Results for the year ended 25th April, 1987

 Substantial continuing investment in high technology plant clearly justified

 Substantial increase in turnover and customer base should result from new projects

TALLENT ENGINEERING, the principal subsidiary, specialises in complex pressed metal fabrications, painted assemblies and specialised tooling.

Copies of the Report and Accounts can be obtained from: Charles Colston Group, P.O. Box 15, Henley-on-Thames, RG9 6HT.

Public Works Loan Board rates

This announcement appears as a matter of record only:



Acquisition of the North Sea assets of DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED

Advisers to Nedlloyd

GAFFNEY, CLINE & ASSOCIATES

Resource Investment, Advisory and Management Group

United Kingdom 01-629-6801 0420-23366

Singapore

2256951 (214) 733 1183

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the Regulations of the Council of The Stock Excha-It does not constitute an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase any securities of the Company.

Walter Alexander PLC

(Incorporated in Scotland with Registered No. 25981) INTRODUCTION TO THE OFFICIAL LIST

Issued and fully paid

SHARE CAPITAL

35,000,000 27,485,263 Ordinary shares of 10p each

fully paid 3,500,000 2,748,526

Walter Alexander is the holding company of a group with five main divisions: coachbuilding, filtration, home products, liquid fuel distribution and DIY distribution.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Ordinary shares in Walter Alexander to be admitted to the Official List. It is expected that dealings will commence on 14th September, 1987.

Listing Particulars relating to the Company are available in the Extel Statistical Services and copies of such particulars are also available during normal business hours on any weekday (excluding Saturdays) up to and including 15th September, 1987 from the Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, London EC2P 2BT, and up to and including 25th September, 1987 from:

ROBERT FLEMING & CO. LIMITED WALTER ALEXANDER PLC PHILLIPS & DREW LIMITED 25 Copthall Avenue

Turnover:

Trading profit:

Interest (net)

Taxation

Profit before taxation

Profit attributable to

Registrar of Companies.

Earnings per ordinary share

Dividend per ordinary share

Minority interests

shareholders

Packaging and

associated products

Merchanting and services

Discontinued businesses

Tissue and timber products

Continuing businesses

Discontinued businesses

London EC2R 7DR 10th September, 1987

91 Glasgow Road Falkirk FK1 4JB

SOWATER

Earnings per share up 32.6%

INTERIM RESULTS

(unaudited)

Six months to

30th June

1986

£m

449

222

671

8,8

4.7

3.7

17.2

10.8

28.0

9.1

18.9

6.2

4.2

8.5

8.9p

1987

£m

550

550

10.6

6.6

3.7

20.9

20.9

3.6

17.3

11.7

71.8p

5.25p

5.4

Year

1986

1021

319

1340

22.1

17.7

8.8

48.6

14.8

63.4

15.4

48.0

14.4

7.0

26.6

27.7p

10.0p

£m

120 Moorgate London EC2M 6XP

Interim Dividend

Increased to 5.25p.

Earnings per share for the six months to June 1987 at 11.8 pence are 32.6 per cent higher than in the comparable period in 1986. Trading profits of our continuing businesses are 21.5 per cent higher.

The dividend is an increase of 31.3 per cent on the comparable dividend last year. partly due to the improved results but also in order to pay a higher proportion of the total dividend at the interim stage.

Our Packaging and Associated Products Group has maintained its progress particularly in plastics-based activities in the UK and the US, confirming the scope we see for expansion in the field of innovative packaging products.

The UK Builders' Merchants division has made good progress and the Building Improvements division has moved from a breakeven position in 1986 to a small profit in 1987.

The Freight division is widely spread and is earning profits, but presently at a lower level than in 1986, due to the weakness of the US dollar.

In Australia Tissue performance has been strong with new Sorbent gaining an increasing share of the market.

Progress in 1987 has been encouraging. We remain dedicated to improving the return on capital and sales and the cash flow from operations.

> N.C. Ireland Chairman 8th September, 1987

Vita to raise £42m for further acquisitions

British Vita is to raise £42m. After the rights issue and interim dividend of 4p (2.57p) issue, its first since 1980, to will have some £10m net in thirds at £13.1m were also on acquisitious. announced yesterday.

announced plans to acquire Germany's Metzeler Schaume group of companies for some \$10m. To this, some \$20m for debt repayment and working capital needs has to be added. Metzeler has a turnover of the company of the c about £120m and is presently not making any profits.

Mr Bobert McGee, chief executive and, from the year-end, British Vita's chanman, explained that although internal cash generation would have been enough to fund Metzeler plus other capital expenditure plans without increasing gear-ing, this would limit the ability of divisonal managing directors to "go out and find appropriate

through a one-for-five rights the Metzeler commitments, Vita is to be paid. issue, its first since 1980, to will have some film net in fund a divisionally based acquicash and shareholders funds of sition programme. Interim about £100m — keaving room 1985, British Vita discovered pre-tax profits up almost two- for an approximate £60m spend that it had to spend to grow

The share offer is priced at The foam rubber, fibre coat- 475p, a 14 per cent discount to announced plans to acquire Germany's Metzeler Schaum group of companies for some £10m. To this, some £20m for the issue.

Vita's turnover for the six norths to June rose by £23.4m to £134m with once again a strong result from the group's European operations. The UK units contributed £3.87m (£2.51m) to the pre-tax total, Europe 57.11m (£4.16m) and international £2.09m (£1.46m). Interest paid totalled £179,000

and gearing in the teens was abandoned for something in the 40 per cent region after Solvay. However, the smallness of ings, polymer compounds and Tuesday's overnight level, and shareholders funds — presently mouldings company has already is underwritten by N. M. Rothstand — bas clearly become announced plans to acquire child with Kleinwort Grieveson something of a straightjacket for a company with a market capitalisation of £250m. The rights issue proceeds will boost the borrowing base and, going by the record, be carefully spent. Mr McGee appears prepared to allow gearing to rise up, temporarily, to the 50 per cent level for a spate of acquisitions that have arisen from bis go forth and multiply instructional £2.09m (£1.46m).

Interest paid totalled £179,000 (£910,000).

After taxes of £5.68m (£3.42m), attributably profits were £7.4m (£3.42im), productions to the group's 22 managing directors. Forecasts for this year suggest that £28m is possible, putting the shares at 546p (8p ahead of the theoretical excights price) on a diluted prospective p/e of 17, ing earnings per share of 16.1p (10.3p—after restatement for the 1986 strip issue). An market. his " go forth and multiply " in-

Alumasc profit rise surprises City

BY NIKKI TAIT

Alumase Group, maker of products for the brewing building and security industries. surprised the City with pre-tax profits almost doubled from 52.77m to 55.03m in the year to June 28 1987.

Earnings per share showed sarnings per saare showed an even greater rise, from 15.8p to 28.2p, and the shares jumped 30p to 450p. It came to the market 15 months ago at

the market 15 months and 150p.

The sales increase was more modest, up from £26.4m to £30.9m. Within that figure, brewery products, including kegs and casks and dispensing equipment, remained by far the largest division, contributing £17.6m (£15.9m). There was better growth in precision commonents, however, with components, however, with sales of £5.39m (£3.62m). Customers for this division include IBM and Honeywell Bull.

On the building products front, sales rose more modestly, from £4.2m to £4.87m, while turnover of security products was 12 per cent higher at

increased by almost £2m to £4.95m, and the pre-tax level was achieved after a switch Robinson.

from last time's £251,000 net

The tax charge comes down from 34 to 31 per cent or £1.56m, leaving net profits of £3.46m. The company is paying a final dividend of 5p, making a total for the year of 7.5p.
Mr John McCall, chairman and chief executive who led the company's buyont from Consolidated Gold Fields in 1984, said that the new £2.5m stainless steel keg plant was steel keg plant was steel the consolidated from the company of the consolidated from the company of the company o on course and should start taking orders later this year. In the next 12 months this could help boost the company's overseas sales, possibly doub-ling exports to about 10 per cent of turnover, he added.

has sold wholly-owned subsid-iary James Robinson & Co. Huddersfield-based manufacturer of dyes and chemicals to Holliday Chemical Holdings of Huddersfield for £2.46m cash. Operating profits, meanwhile, Prior to completion Hickson received repayment of £2.54m of inter-company loans from

APPOINTMENTS

Joining Willis Faber board

Mr J. D. Rowland, chairman of Stewart Wrightson Holdings, has the Carter Organisation, where joined the board of WILLIS he will co-ordinate the development of computerised accounting ment of the accounts department.

Mr Joe Owens has been appointed divelopment director was plant director.

WOOD GUNDY INC. He are provided to computerise director.

BLAGDEN INDUSTRIES has made the following changes. The retained plastics activities of the accounts department.

Wr Joe Owens has been appointed divelopment director was plant director.

WOOD GUNDY INC. He are provided in the computerised accounting ment of computerised accounting ment of the accounts department.

Wr Claude Kanfimans has been appointed divelopment director.

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BLAGDEN INDUSTRIES has made the following changes. The retained plastics activities of the accounts department.

HOLCO TRADING COMPANY, London part of the E. D. & F. Man group, has appointed Mr Colin Morris as chairman and Wr Wike Metcalfe as managing

VPI (NORTH AMERICA) INC, the North American holding company of the VPI Group (formerly Valin Pollen International) has appointed Mr Simon Strauss as chief financial officer from September 14.



executive of Balfour Beatty, joins BICC board,

Mr Bobert C. M. Rankin, chief Mr Robert C. M. Rankin, chief executive of Balfour Beatty, has been appointed to the BICC board. He joined the company in 1964, and has been managing director (and subsequently chief executive) of Balfour Beatty since February 1986. Mr D. A. Holland will retire as chairman of Balfour Beatty and from the board of BICC on December 31, but will continue as a consultant. Mr R. A. Biggam, chief execu-Mr R. A. Biggam, chief executive of BICC, will, in addition to his current responsibilities, become chairman of Balfour Beatty from January 1.

WARWICK PUMP AND ENGL.
NEERING CO. Oxford, has appointed Mr David Irwin as marketing director. He replaces Mr Mike Lang who has left to pursue a marketing consultancy career.

GREIG FESTER GROUP has appointed Mr A. Gladwin to the board of Grieg Fester.

SIMON ENGINEERING has appointed Mr Derek L. Davies and Mr Brian R. C. Kemp as executive directors. Mr Davies is operating group managing director of the engineering ser-

PRODUCE STUDIES has appointed Mr Roger Binney to the board. He was sales and marketing divisional director of West of England Farmers.

Mr John C. Airey has been appointed a partner of NEVILLE RUSSELL at the Sutton office, where he will be heading the small business and franchising advisory services group.

Mr Edward W. Clark has joined HEIDRICK AND STRUGGLES INTERNATIONAL as head of financial services in London. He was a partner in the European financial services d trision of Korn Ferry International.

Bir George Duncan has joined the board of DEWE ROGERSON GROUP as a non-executive director. He is chairman of Allied Steel and Wire, the Household Mortgage Corporation, and Whessoe, and a director of a number of public companies.

number of public companies to the following appointments: Mr James Marris, HQ director (operations) to be regional chairman, British Gas Northern; and Mr Douglas Ebdon, regional director of corporate planning and management services, British has regional to the regional of the public to the regional control of the re director of corporate manning and management services, British Gas Southern, is to be regional deputy chairman, Scotland. Mr Marris takes up his new appointment on January 1. He succeeds Mr Keith Sammersgill who retires on December 31. Mr Eddin takes up his appointment an October 19.

Mr John Jones is now financial director and company secretary of BANDAI UK.

Mr David Holmes, company accountant at HUMBER FERTI-LISERS, Staneferry, Hull, has been appointed company secre-

group are consolidated into the UK packaging division, of which Mr G. M. Sanderson becomes deputy managing director and commercial director. Other members of the new divisional board are: Mr D. T. Wilkinson (chair-man), Mr D. R. S. Walde, Mr G. C. Smith, Mr T. Schreiber and Mr J. C. Kidby.

DIMEX TEROTECH has appointed Mr Michael Atkins as group finance director. He was with the GKN group.

From October 1, Sir William Bentley will succeed Sir Alan Campbell as chairman of the SOCIETY OF PENSION CON-SULTANTS. Before his retirement Sir William was British Ambassador to Norway.

SOFTWRIGHT SYSTEMS has lected Mr Mike Smith and Ms usan Harris as directors.

Mr Les Brown, north west regional manager for SWINTON INSURANCE, h appointed group ad



Mr Terence Webb, head of Gartmore Investment

Mr Terence Webb has joined GARTMORE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT as head of North American equities. He will be joining the boards of Gartmore Fund Managers and Gaitmore Fension Fund Managers. Mr Webb was with Foreign & Colonial Management where he was the director responsible. for UK pension fund and foreign institutional business.

Mr Colin Steers has been appointed group compliance officer of ABHEY LIFE GROUP. He joined Abbey Life in 1972 His previous posts were planning manager, head office training manager, and personnel manager. To ensure that advice and service are given in accordance with the Financial Services Act 1986, authorised businesses are required to appoint a designated compliance officer responsible for establishing, applying and maintaining rules and procedures in all areas of the business.

Mr Ren Weedman, marketing manager for The Newcastle Brewerles, has become the first marketing manager at what is claimed to be Europe's biggest shopping centre, the METROCENTRE, in Gateshead.

Mr Ism Green has become chairman and managing director, and Mr Brian J. Bexter, Mr Peter Houlden and Mr John Roberts have been appointed directors of IAN GREEN ASSOCIATES.

Mr Kevin Welch has been appointed retail marketing director of PICKFORDS TRAVEL. He was marketing manager with Westahiz.

Mr John Hughes has idned the board of HENDERSON ADMINISTRATION as director of information technology. He was director of systems at Barclays de Zoeta Wedd.

UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980—100); engineering orders (1980—100); retail sales volume (1980—100); retail sales value (1980—100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s). All seasonally adjusted.

1986	Indi. proti.	My. output	Eng. order	Retail vol.	Retail value*	Unem- ployed	Vac
1st qtr.	100.1	102.8	97	119.3	146.0	3,171	166.
2nd qtr.	109.5.	104.0	97	121.3	154.0	3,203	175.
ard qtr.	119.9	105.0	96	123.7	158.7	2,262	266.
4th qtr. 1987	210.5	197.1	- 94	126.5	194.3	3,141	213.
1st gtr.	111.8	107.2	` 91	125.4	157.0	3,673	210.
2nd qtr.	1124	106.9	91	128.3	166.0	2,965	226.
January	110.6	165.6	95	123.6	158.4	3.114	210
February	1124	108.1	. 32	127.0	154.5	3.066	207.
March	1125	107.8	91	125.5	157,8	3,040	210.
April	112.1	108.2	30	120.0	169.0	3.018	213.
Way	1121	169.0	. 90	125.4	16L3	2,952	231
June		108.5	91	128.4	167.3	2.925	233.
July			·	181.2	173.7	2,878	234

GUTFUT—By market sector; consumer goods, investment goods, intermediate goods (materials and fuels); engineering output, metal manufacture, textiles, leafher and clothing (1980=100); houaing starts (900s, monthly average).

Connect layest Island. Eng. Metal Textile House, goods goods goods output maig. etc. starts*

161.9 161.4 115.0 161.5 169.3 165.3 161.0 115.9 162.5 116.0 166.5 161.0 117.5 163.1 169.0 168.2 162.4 116.1 164.6 115.4 163.3 163.9 162.3 163.4 164.1 113.6 183.5 117.5 117.5 186.7 121.4 116.4 184.9 197.9 118.7 186.9 122.9 118.9 186.8 116.0 117.5 186.8 117.5 109.6 183.0 1915 1917 1181 1074 1268 1850

EXTERNAL TRADE Indices of export and import volume (1980-100); viable balance; current balance (£m); oil balance (£m);

r SWINTON .	CERTOR CE CE							
as been ministration	1986	Export Volume	Import volume	Visible belance	Current	Oil bulance	Terms trade	Res US
	1st qtr. 2nd qtr.	117.5 121.9	124.9	-1,227 -1,588	+682 +135	+1,899 +765	161. 0 162.5	18 19
	3rd qtr. 4th qtr.	122.6 139.5		-2,725		+621 +785	102.2 198.9	22 21
\$ P.	1967 1st qtr.	120.0	123.2	-1,135	+471	+1,164	106.5	27.
45	2nd qtr. January	126.3 124.6 138.4	146.7 131.4 138.6	-2,261 517 202	-561 + 18 +333	+1,633	100.2	34. 21.
	February March	126.9 131.4	138.2	-417 -526	+119 + 74	+328 +454 +433	100.4 100.8 162.8	22. 27.
	April May June	123.5	144.3	-1,836 -740	-496	+365 +245	193.8 194.4	29. 34.
Serie :	July August	131.3	147.6	-910		+284	163.1	34 34 3
	PINANCTAL	Mone	envol	v Mn Mi	and W	t/three	months	

+6,665 1,485 +8,654 1,804 +1,701 446 +2,881 472 +2,883 547 +1,983 727 +2,734 521 +3,981 556 +4,882 347 28.2 28.3 13.5 17.8 29.4 81.6 32.8 21.9 +953 +1,633 +257 +296 +389 +410 +294 +829 +228

INFLATION - Indices of earnings (Ian 1980=100); basic insterials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products (1980=100); retail prices and food prices (Jan 1987=100); Reuters commodity index (Sept 1931=100); trade weighted value of sterling (1975=100).

75.1 76.1 71.9 68.2 149.3 169.3 169.5 159.8 101.9 161.8 148.9 169.0 169.0 169.0 169.7 149.7 169.5 161.8 101.6 151.0 161.9 161.5 161.8 161.6 151.2 161.8 169.4 128.8 128.7 131.7 128.6 128.2 128.4 128.9 129.5 129.5 unily adjusted.



MULTIBANCO COMERMEX, S.A.

U.S.\$40,000,000 **Hoating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1992** In accordance with the provisions of the Notes and the Agent Bank

Agreement between Multibanco Comermex, S.A. and Ciribank, N.A. dated March 2, 1982, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 8.25% p.a. and that the interest payable on the has been these at a 20 in part and the linerest payable on me relevant Interest Payment Date, March 10, 1988 against Coupon No. 12 will be U.S.\$208.54.

September 10, 1987, London By: Cifibank, N.A., (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

BOWATER INDUSTRIES PLO

Figures for the year 1986 have been abridged from full accounts for that year

which received an unqualified audit report and have been filed with the

Bowater House, Knightsbridge, London SWIX 7NN

Io emphasise our strengths, we'd just like to add a word.

Pache Securities

The international offices of Bache Securities have a new name – one which adds a new dimension to our strengths.

The name is Prudential-Bache Securities.

ATTENTION OF PARTICIPATION OF THE PARTY OF T

Though the name is new, we've been providing European investors with sound financial advice for over 50 years.

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ORANGE JUICE 15,000 the; cents/the

Prev 137.15 131.65 130.36 130.65 137.15 131.30

596.6 596.5 604.3 604.5 612.3 512.5 620.5 617.0 628.5

PLATINUM 50 troy oz, \$/tray oz

593.0 600.8 609.0 617.2 625.7

SILVER 5,000 troy oz: ce

LONDON

The hunt for Manitoba's golden garter

BY DAVID OWEN IN TORONTO

MANITOBA'S ANSWER to the grouse shooting season is in full swing this week in the Interlake area of the pro-

At least 200 intrepid serpent hunters, armed with provinhunters, armed with provincial licences, are determinedly combing the region in pursuit of garter snakes. They are expected to bag around 60,000 of the attractive black, yellow and green reptiles before their two-week licences expire on September 15.

Reing harmless to man and

Being harmless to man and easy to handle, the snakes are a much sought after commodity in North American and

Ministry

steps up

battle

rhizomania.

rhizomania

European universities, medical centres and pet shops. They are particularly numerous around Interlake because of a broken substratum of limestone which provides the below-frost-line crevices which they need to hibernate.

According to Mr Bill Koonz, a widdife blologist at the Manitoba department of natural resources, the reptiles generally hibernate together in favoured dens in groups of up to 40,000. When a hunter stumbles upon a well-populated den, he says, "it's like finding a gold mine."

The market for garter snakes has apparently been rather soft in recent years. due partly to the large numbers being taken. Since the season was extended from one to two weeks in 1982 the average annual haul has been over 60,000. A record 100,000 snakes were netted in 1985.

Mr Koonz estimates that catchers will this year receive between 50 and 55 cents per snake from local dealers. This, he says, is well up on the 10-25 cents unit price of the early 1970s, but consti-

from the 50 cents per animal going rate of 1980.

The outlook for aspiring hunters, many of whom inhabit a nearby indian reservation, may be about to improve, however, if Mr. Koonz's fears regarding the failing local garter snake population are well-founded.

"More and more of the

"More and more of the existing dens are being found," he says. "They can become depleted fairly quickly." In addition, it seems, "literally thousands" of the snakes are run over as

Opec ministers to study

By David Blackwell THE MINISTRY of Agriculture has reduced the amount of soil allowed on imported vegetables from 2 per cent to 1 per cent by weight as part of its battle against the sugar beet disease price cutting.

Mr John MacGregor, Minister of Agriculture, also plans to introduce swiftly legislation on the disposal of waste soil by users of imported vegetables. At present the disposal of waste is governed by a voluntary

Rhizomania — or root madness — was discovered for the first time in the UK just over two weeks ago on a farm near Bury St Edm/nds. The National Farmers' Union, which yester-day met Mr MacGregor to press for compensation to farmers with the disease on their land, has been seeking tougher con-trols on vegetables imported from the Continent, where rhizomania is widespread.

Mr Simon Gourlay, NFU president, welcomed the Minis-

president, welcomed the Ministry's action. But he was disappointed the Minister had not taken up the union's plea for imported vegetables to be washed in their country of

Rhizomania is spread by contaminated soil, and strict quarantine conditions have been imposed on the affected farm. Ministry officials have been unable to find any traces of the virus in farms within a five-kilometre radius of the diseased field. They are widening their tests

to a 10-kilometre radius, but are still mystified as to the source of the outbreak. Mr MacGregor said scientists believed the virus could have lain dormant on the farm for up

to six years.

Mr MacGregor assured the NFU that the Government was "doing absolutely everything possible to control the situation."

China denies maize import ban report

CHINA WILL continue to import maize if the price is right, according to an official of the state trading company, reports Reuter from Peking. He said a report carried by the New China News agency this week, quoting the Com-merce Ministry as saying imports would be halted in October, was inaccurate.

The official, from the import department, of the China National Cereals, Oils and Foodstuffs Import and Export Corporation, said the country had not changed its policy.

We have imported this year several hundred thousand ton-nes of corn (maize) and will import more if the price is right," he insisted.

Asked how the inaccurate re-port could have appeared he "Even a tiger sometimes takes a cainap."

gold-backed government

securities, he points out. It is difficult to quantify the

reports of overproduction

tutes hardly any increase

TWO MINISTERIAL com- levels under a collective ceiling a fixed system at the beginning mittees of the Organisation of officially set at 16.8m barrels a of February. TWO MINISTERIAL officially set at 16.8m parrens a mittees of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries day but—taking into account Iran's non compliance with the countries of the implicitly will meet here tomorrow to discuss reports that production by member states is far exceed-ing agreed quotas and also to investigate suspicions about

price cutting.

The most probable outcome of these discussions involving five of the chief delegates of the 13 member group, is a mission to the Gulf by Mr Rilwanu Lukman, current present of Opec, and Nigerlan Minister of Oil, to plead for present output restraints by greater output restraints by Irad, Iran and Kuwait. None of these countries will

be represented on the committees, which were appointed by the last ministerial conference here at the end of June. One, comprising the chief delegates of Nigeria, Indonesia and Venezuela, was instructed to "motivate" members to restrain output to the committed asked "to monitor the price evolution in the market in relation to the Opec official prices" and Kuwait are reported to be established with the return to the other main quota violators.

pact as well as other implicitly accepted quota breaches— amounting to rather more than

of \$18 a barrel.

Actual Opec output in August, stimulated by apprehensions that the flow of oil from the Gulf might be cut off by hostili-ties and the closure of the strait of Hormuz—may have been as much as 19.8m b/d according to some forecasts, including that of the Inter-

The other committee, also including the ministers of Saudi

of February.

Among leading Opec technocrats the feeling is that the committees can achieve little or nothing while tensions in the Gulf remain high.

The ministerial committees

Return to that level would are meeting here in response probably be sufficient to maintain prices close to Opec's target Iran and Venezuela about over production by some members. Ironically Iran is reckoned to have pumped at a rate of 2.8m b/d last month compared with a quota of 2.69m b/d while Saudia Arabia is generally believed to have been producing at a rate of at least 100,000 above its agreed entitlement of 4.343m b/d (excluding its share of offtake from the Neutral Zone shared equally with Kuwait which both refuse

Australian farm outlook brighter

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SYDNEY

prompted a significant increase in official forecasts for Austra- 1973. lian rural production. In its quarterly review of the

rural economy, published yest-terday, the Government's Bureau of Agricultural Economics said it had lifted its esti-mate of the gross value of rural production for 1987-88 to A\$18.15bn (£7.9m).

This represents a 6.8 per cent months ago. In 1986-87 a growth rate of 9.5 per cent was re-

the rural economy since 1972-

Beef and yeal, which are forecast to rise 10 per cent, will reinforce the trend on the livestock front, and this will more than offset a decline in the crop sector, where the gross value of wheat output is projected to fall by 27 per cent.

"So significant are the contrasting prospects in the wheat This represents a 6.8 per cent and wool industries that in the increase on the 1986-87 figure four years since 1983-84 the and compares with a 1 per cent gross value of wheat production rise predicted only three is estimated to have halved while the wool clip is estimated to have more than doubled in value," the Bureau says.

THE STRONG wool market and cent to A\$4.3bn. The Bureau help reduce the huge stocks a generally improved economic says wool is now forecast to which have accumulated in climate in the farm sector have make its biggest contribution to recent years.

Also contributing to the over all improvement in the outlool are encouraging seasonal con export demand for a range of commodities and the easing of cost pressure

Thus, rural exports are fore cast to increase by 9 per cent to a record A\$13.8bn, after increas 4.5 per cent in 19 Much of the improvement is due to wool exports. Aggregate farm costs are fore-

cast to increase by only 1.7 per cent, reflecting a moderation of inflationary pressures and the declining use of some inputs. Interest rates are forecast to The projected increase in net Although other cereals, average 3.5 percentage points production, after taking farm grapes and sugar will show lower than the high 18.7 per

creased wool earnings, which recovery, with indications that a rural production compared are projected to rise by 33 per stronger global demand may those made three months ago.

costs into account, is even increases to offset the fall in cent average seen in 1986-87, higher at 35 per cent, and compares with a contraction being forecast in June. The overall effect of these On the outlook for grain, the projections is an even more sub-Bureau says that world prices stantial revision in estimates of Much of the improved outlook is accounted for by increased wool earnings, which recovery, with indications that a rural production compared to those made three months ago.

Coffee producers agree quota stance BY LUCY CONGER IN MEXICO CITY

"recognise . . . the convenience ICO meetings September 21.
of re-establishing quotas to Mr Jorio Dauster, preside

THE WORLD'S leading coffee joint communique issued at would advocate free market

national Coffee Organisation London on September 18 and meetings later this month.

19 to seek their support for of re-establishing quotas to Mr Jorio Dauster, president Colombia will also seek to produce the recovery and subsequent stabilisation of the said the meeting had been a the world's exports, according world's coffee price," said the success, but warned that Brazil to El Financiero.

producers, Brazil and Colombia, the close of a two-day meeting sales if the ICO set up its quota and 11 other Latin American have this week.

Exporters have agreed to seek the reinstatement of inter-ducers will convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market, Mexico City's El and the convene with world market market and the convene with world market and the convene with world market and the convene with the convene with world market and the convene with the co the reinstatement of inter-ducers will convene with world market, Mexico City's El national export quotas at Inter-African coffee growers in Financiero newspaper reported. Brazil had previously played meetings later this month.

19 to seek their support for down its desire for re-establishment of the seek their support for down its desire for re-establishment of the seek their support for down its desire for re-establishment of the support for prices soaring.
Colombia will also seek to

Chicago battles for gold turnover

gold futures pit at the Chicago must be casting envious glances Mercantile Exchange bear witat the gold futures contract ness to the fact that what glittrading on Comex in New York, ters in Chicago at the moment which so far appears unharmed is definitely not gold.

After surprising most industry observers with an enthusiaswhich so far appears unnarmed by the competition from the windy city. Volume on Comex gold futures continues to average some 40.000 contracts a day compared with the CME's 2,000 a day.

tic resurrection in June, the CME's gold futures contract, which had been delisted in 1985, has recently seen dwind-The quality of order-filling on Comex is reported to have suffered, however, following its clearing problems in April, which led to some loss of con-While the CME's contract founders, however, the Chicago Board of Trade is poised to launch its new gold and silver futures contracts to coincide with the start of Sunday even-

fidence in the exchange.

It was, in fact, settlement problems on Comex that prompted the Chicago exchanges' move into gold in the first place. ing trading next week. The CBOT admits it will be faced with an uphill battle to win the first place. success for the new contracts. Both the CME and CBOT stressed their members' con-Investors are certainly showing more interest in gold, says cern over clearing problems resulting from a surge of Mr Jeff Christian of Christian Podieska van Musschenbroek, business at Comex earlier this year. These forced the exchange to close early three the New York gold brokerage company. But competition for

their business ranges from shares in gold mining companies days in a row. However, Mr Leo Melamed, the CME's special counsel, points out that he resisted listing gold futures again, tract has not been helped by 18 months away — enough time because I think it is near the fact that it was rushed out for a shake out between the impossible to wrest interest to cash in an electrication three contracts. spillover into gold futures and

Chicago exchanges from an established arena." with Comex. A move to make casting envious glances but the pleas were strong and it more attractive by adding the guarantees of support were New York and Delaware as dethors on the exchange trotted livery points is currently await-

It has since introduced an incentive programme, paying traders \$1 for each contract traded, and extended gold's trading hours, in a bid to attract interest.

But, as Mr Christian points out, while traders will try out the new contracts, particularly when there is a lot of business around, when they want to do large trades, they will go to the most liquid market place, which is still Comex.

Furthermore, the last month has been an inauspicious time for gold. The price, in defiance of fundamentals, has drifted

downwards. Traders at the CME are happy, however, to have access to gold on their own floor, "I hated doing it through New York," one trader commented. "But gold is not where the interest is at the moment," he

impossible to wrest interest to eash in on dissatisaction three contracts. --

ing regulatory approval and, until that is given, only a De-cember contract is being listed. The introduction of a gold options contract, which is also awaiting approval, should give

CME futures a further boost and the exchange is hoping volume will reach a modest 5,000 contracts a day by the end of the year.

end of the year.

Given the CME's experience, officials at the rival CBOT are wary of predicting a string start for their own gold contract. But the trading of gold in the CBOT's 6pm to 9 pm evening session will test the strength of the night market for gold.

Success of gold evening trad-Success of gold evening trad-ing would increase pressure on Comex to rush through its own plans for a night session The CME's Mr Melamed is heralding the launch of gold on the exchange's new electronic system as true 24-hour MARKETS STERLING'S weakness against the dollar beiped to boost copper values on the London Metal Exchange yes-London Metal Exchange yesterday, but there was also underlying strength based on the firmness of the New York market. A fourth successive rise took the eash position's advance since last Thursday to £53.50, while the threementh quotation gained £15.75 to £1,070.50 a tonne. Although sterling prices remained below the two-year peaks achieved a month ago in dollar terms, they touched 41-year highs before being trimmed back by late profit-taking. The aluminium rally ran out of steam, however, as charts ran into a resistance area. Dealers said this triggered dellar-based selling which comfortably outweighed the upward presontweighed the upward pres-sure from the currency factor. The apparent lack of progress at the International Cocea Organisation talks in London pushed prices for the commodity down to 44-year commodity down to 41-year lows on the London futures market. Observers Said cocoa producers and consumers seemed set to clash head-on over revising the buffer stock price range. Consumers are demanding a substantial reduction in floor and ceiling prices.

LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

prices, while producers are seeking a much smaller cut.

ALUMINIUM

Unofficial + or | High/Low close (p.m.) - |

3 ber 10/kie						
Cash 3 months	1670-80 1640-50	-50 -15	1670 1825/1615			
(1,714-20) (1,654-6),	, three settleme close: 1,	month of 1,8	esk 1,660-70 is 1,640-60 70 (1,720). Ring turn-			
99,5% purity	£ pea tonne	1	j			
		1	-			

Official closing (am): Cash 997-8 (997-8), three months 975-8 (972-2.5), settement 998 (998). Final Kerb closes: 985.5-7. Ring turnover: 39,600 tonnes.

COPPER

3	(1,047-7-5), settler Final Kerb close:	months 1,067-8
k k		ficial + or ose - High/Low or tonne
r f	5 months 1070	6 +15.5 1083/1069 1 +15.75 1076/1658,5
-	Standard Cash 1075 3 months 1066	184 +16 18 +14.5
	(1,057-52), three m 8), settlement 1,00	(sm): Cash 1,076-80 onths 1,062-5 (1,043- 30 (1,082). US Pro- cents a pound. Total 25 tonnes.

LEAD)	
-	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - £ per tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 Months	411-3 -1 394.8-5.5 +1.5	415/412 596/392,5
(409-9.5).	closing (am): (three months 393,5 ment 416 (409,5). 25-63. Ring turno	-4.5 (391.5- Fine! Kerb

	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - . £ per tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 months	3200-10/ +11.5 3205-10/ +24	3210/319D
(3,220-2). 5), settem	closing (sm): Casi three months 3,180 ent 3,195 (3,222). (80-90. Ring turnor	-5 (3,210- Final Kerb
ZINC		
	llaofficial 4or	,

	g:ade	close (p. £ pa	m.) — ir tonne	High/Lo
	Cash 3 months	453-4 467-8	+4.5 +4.5	463/489
	Official (450-0.5), antilement close: 461 tonnes. cents per	three at 447.5 (-2. Rir US Prim	450.5). Ig turnov	3 (465-6 Fina) Kai er: 10,83
ĺ	LONE	ON MET	AL EXCH	ANGE

TRADED OPTIONS Pub Calls Nov. Nov. Jan. Nov. Jan. Alumin 1,675 — 60 35 88 99.5% 1,625 59 51 46 1021

89 42 771₂ 53 Copper 1050 — 48 40 (Grade A) 1075 5312 3612 88 1100 3412 —

KUALA LUMPUR TIN MARKET 16.85 (16.82) ringgit per kg. Uj

GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Sept. 9 84571,4575, (£2765,2771) 34584581, (£276-27612) 5458.00 (£275.937) \$458.30 (£276.551) GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS

Angel......8467.470 (£293-2845)): IP Angel:8461,-501g (£271-2854) New Bov...51071g-1081g (£6614-864) (£6614-864) £686-664) (£6704-5764)

US MARKETS PRECIOUS METALS were

easier across the board on good fund and commission house selling, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. The trade Sept 9 Sept. 8 Meth ago Yearago 1648.1 1642.4 1644.2 | 1491.4

DOW JONES Dow Sept. Sep. M'th Year Spot 127.94128.68 - 122.26 Fut 130.78131.32 - 123.24 (Base: December 31 1931 = 100)

INDICES

REUTERS

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Sept. 9 + or Month 1987 - ago Copper...

Cash Grade A. £1085 +18.5£1125.5

3 months £1070.5 +15.75£1125.5

Gold Troy oz...

Lasd Cash £412 -1 £425

3 months £395 +1.5 £395.5 Nickel 249:289c 2 242:782c Free Mit. 249:289c 2 342:782c Palladum cz 5157.00 3142:25 Platinum cz 8556.50 7.25.5625.00 Cuicksilverr 5309:510 277:5625.276 Silver troy cz 452.95p -7.96-494.20p 3 months 464.40p -8.89494.20p

Barley Fut. Nov. £100.85 +0.88 £99.60 Maize £158.00£154.00 Wheat Fut. Nov. £106.60 +0.55 £101.80 No. 2 Hard Wint. :

† Unquoted, † Per 75-th flask, c Cents a pound. * Cotton outlook. v Oct. x Aug-Sept. w Oct-Nov. u Sept-Oct. y Nov. z Dec.

SILVER

Silver was fixed 9.75p an ounce lower for spot delivery in the London bullion merket yesterday at 452.95p. US cent equivalents of the fixing levels were: Spot 751.65c, down 12.5c; three-month 781.5c, down 12.c; and 12-month 781.5c, down 11.8c. The metal opened at 761-753c and closed 749-751c.

SILVER Builton + or L.M.E. per troy oz price Unoff | C1 Cesh high/low 450.5p; three months final kerb 754-7c.
LME—Turngver: 1 (nil) lots of 10,000

COFFEE Robustas opened higher than expected, holding at Tuesday's lowe, reports Draxel Burnham Lambert. After a quiet morning a strong New York market provided support as arbitrage buying provided further gains. The merket gained £13 from the form before secondaring light trade solling. Levels faced just of the highs ok light jobber May

1300-1305+8.5 | 1305-1289 | 1334-1335+14.0 | 1539-1320 | 1359-1864+9.0 | 1359-1320 | 1359-1864+9.0 | 1366-1346 | 1371-1872+7.5 | 1376-1362 | 1395-1380+4.0 | 1396-1385 | 1405-1412+3.5 | 1405 | 1425-1426+8.5 | 1432-1425 Salas: 3,032 (3,596) tota of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for Saptamber 8: Compl. daily 1979 105.19 (106.84); 15-day average 102.41 (101.80).

Futures continued to decline. The ICCO salks in London have produced no positive results, and this has added to the benish sentiment in the scarket. Origins remained withdrawn but manu-

Yesterday's ---- or Business done

FREIGHT FUTURES

During another quiet day traders were both wary and uncertain of the marker's direction and as a result trade was limited to a natrow range, reports

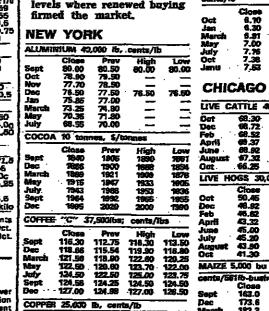
Dry Cargo 1090/1095 1100/7881 1105/1109 1115 1115/190 1110/115 1150 1090/875 1185/1200 1080/1090 — 1080/1140 1100 — 1090 1120 — 1090 1200 — 1180 1061,5 — 1060,5 Oct. Jan. Apr. July Oct. Jan. April BFI. Turnovar. 132 (85).

GRAINS

BARLEY ciose — 104.45 105.60 107.80 110.46 112.65 115.25

Business done—Whest: Sept 104.50-4.35, Nov 105.80-5.20, Jan 107.80-7.35, March 110.40-10.00, Mey. 112.85-2.35, July 115.16. Sales: 162 fors of 100 tonnes. Bariey: Sept 96.35-8.06, Nov 100.83-0.50, Jan 103.90-3.25, March 105.30-5.40, May untraded, Sales: 181 lots of 100 tonnes. LOMDON GRAINS—Wheat: US Dark Northern Spring No 2, 14 per cent: Oct 95.75, Nov 97.00. US No 2 Soft Red Winter: Oct 92.00, Nov 92.25. French 11-12 per cent: Oct/Nov 137.50, Jan/March 142.00, April/Juns 146.00 sollers. English faed, fob:-Oct/Dec. M7.50 paid East Coast, Oct 107.60-108.00 buyer/sellars, Jan/March 111.00 buyer, Maixe: US No 3 Yellow/French, trenshipment

was mixed, on balance a buyer, and locals were also noted sellers. Copper cased on profit-taking in what was viewed as a technical reaction to recent strength. Crude oil and energy futures firmed on a combination of fund, commission house and local buy-ing in the face of trade selling. Coffee rose sharply on fund and speculative buying which touched off stops as which touched off stops as
the market penetrated downtrend lines. Trade scale-up
selling tended to slow the
advance and profit-taking
pared gains. Continued
speculative selling in cocoa
saw prices break contract
lows before trade buying
furnished some support leading to short-covering towards
the close. Sugar raffied on the close. Sugar rallied on commission house buying before trade selling caused prices to back off to support levels where renewed buying

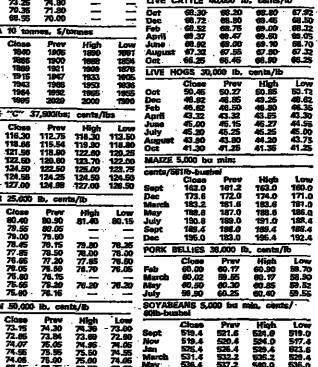


COPPER 25,000 lb, cents/lb

CRUDE OIL (LIGHT) 42,000 US gallons; \$/bs

GOLD 180 troy oz: \$/troy oz

Sept Oct Nov Dec Jen March May July Sept Dec



COTTON 50,000 lb. cents/lb SOLABEAN MEAL 100 tons, 5/tor

Latest Prev High Low Close 19.26 16.94 19.28 19.01 Sept 199.1 19.07 18.80 19.12 19.88 Oct 199.1 19.07 18.80 19.12 19.85 Dec 192.2 19.00 18.76 19.03 18.85 Dec 192.2 19.00 18.77 19.00 18.85 Dec 192.2 19.00 18.77 19.00 18.85 Dec 192.2 19.00 18.77 19.04 18.90 March 190.2 19.90 18.78 19.84 18.90 March 190.2 18.96 18.78 18.96 18.90 July 190.2 18.96 18.80 18.95 18.90 19.95 18.90 18.95 18.90 18.95 18.90 18.95 18. SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 Bb; cents/lbs Close 15.80 15.91 16.26 16.42 16.76 17.00 17.20 17.30 17.27 17.25 Prev 15.73 15.79 16.15 18.30 16.60 16.85 17.10 17.08 17.12 High: 16.95 16.06 16.44 18.80 16.90 17.15 17.35 High Low Oct 15.90 15.73 15.95 16.06 16.03 457.2 Jan 16.42 16.30 18.90 17.00 16.85 17.15 18.90 18.90 18.90 17.20 17.10 17.35 18.90 18.90 18.90 17.20 17.10 17.35 18.90 1

Prev 457.8 468.8 462.7 465.5 471.8 483.3 484.6 496.9 496.4 503.9 506.5 511.1 512.8 525.7 527.6 and Harman silver buillon 750.5 Sept (748.5) cents per troy punce. New Dec York tin 319-319 (seme) cents per March nound.

East Coast: Sept 153.00 seller. Barley: English feed: Oct/Dec 104.50, Jan/March 105.50 buyer.

HGCA — Locations\ ex-ferm spot prices. Feed barley: Eastern 95.60, E. Midlends 96.80, N: East 23.70, Scotland 94.60. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday September 14, will remain unchanged.

SPOT PRICES: Chicago loose lard 5.50 (15.00) capta per pound. Handy

POTATOES

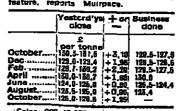
The merket was aervous throughout the moming with appeulation rits as to likely outcome of talks taking place between the MAFF and the NFU. April opened 50p down at 2133.00 and traded heavily here before moving up £2.00 and closing at lunch near the morning highs. The alternoon asw no confirmation of any action regarding import controls. Consequently values fell away to close at the day's lows, reports Coley and Harper.

Month | Yesterday's Previous Business done Sales: 818 (416) lots of 40 tonnes.

Latest | Change CRUDE OIL-FOB (8 per barral) Sept.

Heavy fuel Oil... SOYABEAN MEAL

Prompt delivery of (Sper tonne)



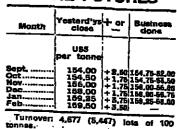
SUGAR

LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw augus S155.00 (£36.60), up \$8.40 (up £5.20) a tonne for September-October delivery, White augus \$184.00, up \$2.00.

No. 5 Whites

Sales: No 6 6,582 (2,388) lots of 50 tonnes: No 5 2,386 (2,301). Tate and Lyte delivery price for granulated basis augar was £198.00 (£192.50) a tonns for export. International Sugar Agreement—(US cants per pound fob and stowed Caribbean ports). Prices for September 8: Daily price 5.53 (5.48): 15-day everage 5.49 (5.51).

PARIS—(FFr per tonne): Oct 1085-1088, Dec 1098-1098, March 1124-1128, May 1145-1152, Aug 1169-1180, Oct 1183-1203. GAS OIL FUTURES



MEAT

MEAT COMMISSION—Average fat-stock prices at representative merkets. GB—Cartle 95.23p per kg iw (-0.93). GB—Sheep 162.61p per kg est dow (-2.31). GB—Pigs 75.00p per kg iw (+1.68). GB—AAPP 95.44p per kg dw (+0.14).

RUBBER

PHYSICALS Closing prices (buyers):
Spot 70.00p (69.75p): Oct 68.75p
(68.50p): Nov 69.00p (68.75p). The
Kuela Lumpur fob prices (Melay/Singapore cents) per kg was RSS No 1
285.0 (same); SMR 20 240.5 (238.5).

AND ELE

CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Nervous ahead of trade figures

STERLING—Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 1.6885

were no new factors, apart from confirmation from Opec that some members are in violation of out-

The pound fell 85 points to \$1.6505-1.6515. It also retreated to

put quotas.

THE DOLLAR closed around the divergence limit, where the Danhighest levels of the day in nerish Central Bank is expected to your trading, shead of tomorrow's take action.

ish Central Bank is expected in take action.

The D-Mark opened in Copenhagen at DKr 3.8710, and was fixed at DKr 3.8825 compared with DKr 3.8835 in late trading on hopes the political stalemate Denmark will soon be resolved. vous trading, shead of tomorrow's US trade figures.

A July deficit of \$165n has been widely forecast, compared with \$15.71bn in June, and dealers were unsure about the impact of another large deficit, or whether the US Federal Reserve would again raise its discount rate if the dollar comes under renewed pressure. against the donar in 1987 is 1.8883 to 1.4710. August average 1.5985. Exchange rate index fell 0.3 to 72.9, compared with 72.4 six months ago. Sterling remained on the side-lines yesterday, but weakened as the dollar staged a minor recovery in late Lopdon trading. There

Fear of central bank intervention kept a floor under the US currency, and the dollar was sup-ported by rumours that more Japanese companies are suffering large losses on Government bond trading

The dollar rose to DM 1.7955 from DM 1.7925; to FFr 6.0125 from FFr 5.9950; and to SFr 1.4870 from SFr 1.4840; but eased to Y141.55 from Y141.70. On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 100.4 from 100.1

The Danish krone came under The Danish krone came under pressure following the inconclusive result of Denmark's general election. Mr Poul Schlueter, the Conservative Prime Minister resigned, after failing to achieve a working majority, but it was also doubted whether the opposition Social Democrats could form a coalition government.

The Danish krone came under y223.75 from Y235.25.

DMARK—Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 1.5365 to 1.7690. Angust average 1.8573.

Exchange rate index 147.2 against 146.3 six menths aga.

The D-Mark was little changed against the dollar in Frankfurt.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY II.

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social Democrats could form a coalition government.

This led to speculaion about another election soon, although it was also suggested Mr Schlueter was making behind the scenes efforts to form an administration Nervousness about the political situation further weakened the krone, which was already at the bottom of the European Monetary System. Yesterday's news pushed the currency near to its alarm bell.

£ IN NEW YORK

Sept.	9	. Lat	est		Previous Close	
£ Spot 1 month 3 month 12 mont	5	1.04-1	1.6600 1.34pm 1.01pm 2.74pm		600-1.66 0.36-0.35 1.05-1.02 2.96-2.80	PIE PIE
Forward U.S. dol	prem lar.	iums an	d discos		apply to	4
STERL	JNG	IND	<u> </u>	_		_
	JNG	IND	Sept		Previou	_
8.30	20	IND	Sept. 73.1	_	73.3	_
		IND	Sept. 73.1		73.3	_
8.30 9.00 10.00 11.00	200 200	IND	Sept. 73.1 73.1 73.2 73.2		73.3 73.3 73.2 73.2	_
8.30 9.00 10.00 11.00 Noon	200 200 200 201	IND	Sept. 73.1 73.1 73.2 73.2 73.1		73.3 73.3 73.2 73.2 73.1	_
8.30 9.00 10.00 11.00	200 200 201 201		Sept. 73.1 73.1 73.2 73.2 73.1 73.2		73.3 73.3 73.2 73.2 73.1 73.1	_
8.30 9.00 10.00 11.00 Noon 1.00	200 200 200 201		Sept. 73.1 73.1 73.2 73.2 73.1		73.3 73.3 73.2 73.2 73.1	_

1501.89 163.026 7.61.493 139.005 7.31149 1.71.430

CURRENCY RATES

Sept. 9	Bank of England Index	Morgan Guaranty Changes %
Sterling U.S. Dotter	72.9 100.4	-20.6 -6.6
Caradian Dollar Asstriae Schilling	78.0 137.9	-10.1 +10.2
Belgian Franc	100.1 90.7 147.2	-4.6 +0.7 +23.8
Swiss Franc	173.4 135.4	+23.1
French Franc	71.4 47.2	-13.1 -18.3
Yen	223.9	+67.0

CURRENCI	ES
£	S
3.9330-3.9505	2,3750-2,3840 1,3685-1,3695
80.7960-81.2195	48.7900-49.034
225.40-229.05	135.90-138.10
317.80*	70.55*
0.46336-0.46380	803.00-809.60 0.27970-0.2798
4.1505-4.1525	37.30-37.40 2.5065-2.5085
2.6530-2.6580	1513.00-1514.00 1.6015-1.6035
3.4535-3.4590	3,7500-3,7510 2,0855-2,0875
3.3460-3.3615 5.4290-5.6140	2,0250-2,0290 3,2785-3,3900
49,80-49,05 6.0835-6.0890	30.05-30.15 3,6725-3.6735
	\$\frac{1}{3.9330.3.9505}\$ 2.2675-2.2705 80.7960-81.2715 80.7960-81.2715 225.40-229.05 117.80* 132.855-1344.90 0.46330-0.46330 4.1505-4.1525 2503.50-2508.70 4.1505-4.1525 2503.50-2508.70 3.4505-4.1525 3.4535-3.4590 6.7120-6.2175 3.4505-3.6140 4.804-9.05

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates higher as pound falls

interest rates were slightly firmer at the longer end in London yesterday, reflecting concern about a weaker pound and firmer rates in the US. Equities and bonds in New York took another knock ahead of tomorrow's US assistance and bills maturing in the constitutions that trade figures and suggestions that official hands together with a take

UK clearing bank base lending rate 10 per cent since August 7

On the other hand short dated money rates remained low, reflecting an ample supply of short term credit. Overnight interbank, money opened at 9% per cent and prices. Sentiment shead of these was less than bullish and period rates were marked up as a conse-

interest rates were more likely to prize than fall.

In Loudon, traders were circulation of 285m. In addition anxious ahead of next week's seconomic data which includes bank lending figures and PSBR as well as retail sales and producer transactions which added 2440m.

The forecast was revised to a The forecast was revised to a fiat position and there was no intervention by the Bank in the

morning or in the afternoon. in Frankfurt the Bundesbank accepted bids of DM 14.4bn at its

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Gilts and bonds lower

note. However gift prices moved. 89.54 and eased to 89.40 down from

CHICAGO

Close High Low Prev. 113-19 114-10 113-17 114-26 113-22 114-15 113-77 114-31 113-25 — 115-02 volume 25,571 (20,727) ay's open let. 30,552 (31,344)

6% NOTIGNAL LONG TERM JAPANESE GOVE ROND Y100m 100ms of 100%

Dec. 99.90 100.65 99.40 101.50 Blarch 99.30 99.64 99.64 100.70 Extinated Volume 700 (973) Previous day's open int. 470 (531)

Close High Low Prev. L. 225.40 227.10. 225.40 227.90 . 230.85 231.06 229.90 232.60 stated volume 2,393 (1,733) shas day's open int. 6,891 (6,528)

Latest High Low Prev 1.6545 1.6590 1.6545 1.6625 1.6450 1.6500 1.6450 1.6540 1.6360 1.6370 1.6360 1.6445 1.6280 1.6365

CURRENCY FUTURES

POUND—\$ (FOREIGN EXCHANGE)

LIFFE US TREASURY ROWN POTTURES 89THONS
Sirike Calls—Last, Price—Last,
Price Det March Dec March
76 645 6.07 0.37 0.55
78 5.06 4.93 0.62 1.27
80 3.40 3.29 1.32 2.13
82 2.29 2.15 3.13
84 1.29 1.43 3.21 4.27
86 0.49 1.07 4.61 5.55
88 0.25 0.45 6.17 7.29
90 0.13 0.27 8.05 9.11
Estimated volume total, Calls 421 Puts 322
Previous day's open int: Calls 429 Puts 429

Frites Sept. Oct. Hov.
1.45 20.20 20.20 20.20
1.50 15.20 15.20 15.20
1.55 10.20 10.20 10.20
1.60 5.20 5.22 5.48
1.65 0.60 1.90 2.45
1.70 0.00 0.41 0.82
1.75 0.00 0.05 0.20
1.75 0.00 0.05 0.20

93.41 92.77 92.39 92.17

Sept. Dec. Mar. Jone Sept. Dec. Mar. June

Sept. Dec. Mar. June

GILT PRICES fell in the London
International Financial Futures
Exchange yesterday, depressed by
a weaker trend in US bonds and a
fall in sterling.

Traders reported a good deal of
uncertainty ahead of tomorrow's
US trade figures and a host of UK
economic data due for release

up initially from opening levels in
the belief that recent falls may
bave been overdone. However
speculators made little headway
and with sterling slipping away
during the afternoon so values
would have to tighten its monetary
would have to tighten its monetary
three-month sterling deposits

International Financial Futures
Exchange yesterday, depressed by
a weaker trend in US bonds and a
fall in sterling.

Traders reported a good deal of
uncertainty ahead of tomorrow's
US trade figures and a host of UK
economic data due for release
next week. These include bank
lending and PSBR figures as well
as industrial prodetion, retail
sales and unemployment.

There appeared to be little

the belief that recent falls may
have been overdone. However
and with sterling slipping away
during the afternoon so values
were marked down, finishing just
above the day's lows.
Three-month sterling deposits
were also depressed Most traders
saw the next move in UK interest
fates as being upwards and with
cash rates on the defensive after a
weaker nound so prices in the The dollar closed at DM 17940, compared with DM 17930 previously. The Bundesbank bought \$16.6m when the dollar was fixed at DM 17928 in Frankfurt, compared with DM 17928 at Data Tarakfurt, compared with DM 17928. There appeared to be little weaker pound so prices in the expectation of the market coming futures market declined. The through this period on a bullish December contract opened at

at DM 1.7928 in Frankfurt, compared with DM 1.7930 on Tuesday, JAPANESE YEN—Trading range against the dollar in 1937 is 189.45 to 139.35. Angust average 147.57. Exchange rate index 223.3 against 299.6 six memths age.

Trading was thin in Tokyo, and the Bank of Japan had no difficulty in keeping the dollar in a narrow range against the yen with small scale intervention.

The central bank entered the market in the morning to buy dol-LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OPTIONS
Strike Calis—Last Pas—Last
Prize Dec March Dec March
108 6.14 7.01 0.34 1.15
110 4.40 5.36 0.60 1.50
112 3.12 4.17 1.52 2.51
114 2.04 3.09 2.24 3.23
116 1.17 2.18 3.57 4.52
118 0.47 1.39 5.05 5.05
120 0.26 1.07 6.46 7.21
122 0.13 0.50 8.33 9.00
Estimated volume total, Calis 1,715 Pris 1,175
Previous day's open int: Calis 19,244 Pats 1,273 market in the morning to buy dol-lars at around Y141.50, and again in the afternoon at Y141.40. The dollar closed at Y141.45 in Tokyo,

Trading was very subdued, with attention focused on tomorrow's

US trade figures.

compared with Y141.70 on Tuesday. Mr Klichi Miyazawa, Japanese DM 2.9650 from DM 2.9750; to FFr 9.9275 from FFr 9.9475; to SFr 2.4550 from SFr 2.4625; and to Y232.75 from Y235.25. D-MARK—Trading range Mr Klichi Miyazawa, Japanese Finance Minister, said Japan's current account surplus is declining, but remains at a high level, while Mr Satoshi Sumita, Governor of the Bank of Japan, commented that the rise in the US discount rate will not immediately change Japanese monetary policy.

EMS EUROPE	an cur	RENCY UN	IT RATE	S	
	Ecu Central rates	Currency amounts against Ecu Sept 9	% change from Chotral rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergenc
eiglan Franc unish Krone erman O-Mark rench Franc unth Guilder rish Pont	42,4582 7,85212 2,05853 6,90403 2,31943 0,768411 1,483,58	43.0713 8.02472 2.07207 6.93522 2.33239 0.778639 1,501.89	+1.44 +2.20 +0.66 +0.45 +0.56 +1.33 +1.23	+0.70 +1.46 -0.08 -0.29 -0.18 +0.59 +1.14	# 1.5344 # 1.6404 # 1.0981 # 1.3674 # 1.5012 # 1.6684 # 4.0752
hanges are for Eco,	therefore po	sitive change de	notes a weak	currency.	

DAILING COAT_FADWARD AGAINST THE DOMINA

Sept 9	Day's spread	Close	One mouth	p.a.	Three mostls	% p.a.
5	1.6495-1.6505	1.6505-1.6615	0.34-0.31 cpm	2.36	1.01-0.96 pm	2.39
	21780-21905	21780-21790	0.16-0.06 c pm	16.0	0.39-0.256pm	0.60
letherlands .	3,33%-3,35		14-14 c pm	4.72	37-34pm	4.57
leighum	61.60-61.87	61.60-61.70	21-14 с рт	3.41	60-49 pm	3.54
enmark	11.47-11.55	11.47-11.48	I pm-te tire dis	0.39	14-5 08	0.11
reland	1.1123-1.1210	3 1150-1 1160	0.08-0.01ppm	0.48	0.20-0.05pm	0.45
I. Germany .	296-2972	2.96-2.97	112-11- of pro	5.82	43-47 ₀ pm	5.73
لحوياس	232.93-234.82	232.95-233.85	76-231.cds	-5.32	256-347 ds	-5.16
أ وأحد	199.15-199.97	199.15-199.45	122-156 c dis	-8.37	254-306 db	-5.62
<u> </u>	21474-21564	21484-21494	5-8 like dis	-3.63	15-20 dfs	-3.26
orway	10.89%-10.93%	10.89%-10.90%	33-43- are dis	-427	95-10°s #s	-3.72
racce	9.91%-9.95%	9.924-9.934	2-11 ₂ c pm	2.12	5 1, 41, pm	1.86
weden	10.464-10.514	10.463-10.473	3-4 Ore pro	0.72	21 ₂ -11 ₂ pm	0.79
2020	2331-2341-	2334-2344	13-11a y pm	6.42	35-31 ₂ pm	5.99
wstrla	20.83-20.94	20.83-20.86	10%-9% 910 pm	5.90	30°2-28°e pm	5.62
witzerland	2.45-2.464	245-246	112-114 c pm	6.72	4-3% pen	6.33

1.77-1.72 c ors. 12-month 2.86-2.76 pre

Sept. 9	Day's	Close	One worth	*	Three	%
	2h494g	2000		22	portis :	P.
UKT	1.6495-1.6630	1.6505-1.6515	0.34-0.33c am	236	1.01-0.96pm	2.3
irelandt	1,4815-1,4860	1,4835-1,4845	0.26-0.23c pm	1.96	0.77-0.67c pm	1.9
Carada	1.3150-1.3210	1.3200-1.3210	0.18-0.21c dis	-L77	0.58-0.61 ds	-18
Netherlands .	20125-20235	2.0215-2.0225	0.42-0.39c nss	241	1.15-1.10cm	22
Belefum	37.20-37.40	37,30-37,40	5-2 am	1.13	13.00-8.00mm	11
esserk	6.9216.961	6.9472-6.9574	0.90-1.40ore dis	-L99	3.50-4.25 dis	-22
N. Cermany .	17895-17975	1.7960-1.7970	0.56-0.53of pas	365	1.58-1.53om	3.4
Portugal	1414-1414	1411-1421				-7.3
02/2	12018-12062					-7.9
isty	1298-13021-			-6.00	17.50-19.00ds	-56
lorsen	6.58% 6.60%		3.50-3.80 ore dis	-645	9.90-10.20ds	-61
racce	5.994-6.023	600-600%	0.10-0.20c ds	-0.30	0.60-0.90 dis	-0.5
weder	6313-6345	634630	0.80-1.00eze dis	-171	240-260 ds	-1.5
	140.95 141.60		0,47-0.44y pm	387	1.30-1.25 mm	3.6
estria	12.603 12.625		3.90-3.50gro pm	- 352	10.75-9.7500	3.2
	14815-14875	1,4865-1,4875	0.54-0.49c pm	417	1.48-1.43 pm	3.9

† UK and tretund are quoted in US currency. Forward premiums and discounts apply to the US dollar and su to the individual currency. Beiglan rate is for convertible francs. Financial franc 37.30-37.40

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES						
Sept. 9	Short tenn	7 Days notice	One Month	Three Months	Six Montis	One Year
Sterling U.S. Dollar Can. Dollar Can. Dollar Sw. Franc Deutschmark Fr. Franc Italian Lire 8. Fr. (Fin.) Ven D. Kruse Asian SSing	94-9 77-74 9-84 54-54 14-1 313-35 74-74 12-10 64-64 64-54 54-54 34-34 74-7	94-94 74-74 9-84 54-54 12-14 4-54 7-2-74 15-13-2 64-64 62-6 32-35 109-10 74-74	9%-9% 7%-7% 9%-8% 5%-5% 3%-3% 4%-4 13%-13% 6%-6% 6%-6% 4%-4 10%-10 7%-7%	10+10+10+17-7-19-8-4-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5	10½-10½ 8å-8½ 10½-93 5å-5½ 4å-4½ 8½-8½ 13½-13½ 7å-7½ 4å-4½ 8å-8½ 13½-13½ 1½-1½ 1½-1½ 8å-8½	101-103 813-82 101-104 54-52 44-44 92-92 133-134 74-74 72-74 42-42 113-13 84-84

Long-term Eurodollars: Two years 9½,9½ per cent; three years 94,9½ per cent; four years 92,9½ per nt; five years 20½,9½ per cent nominal. Short-term rates are call for US Dollars and Jupanese Yea;

Sept.: 9	£	5	DM	Yen	F Fr.	S Fr.	H.FL	Lira	6.5	BF
<u>e</u>	0.605	1651	2.965	233.8	9.928	2.455	3.338	2149.	2179	61.6
\$		1.	1.797	141.6	6.013	1.467	2.022	1302.	1320	37.3
DM	-0.337	0.557	1	78.84	3.348	0.828	1,126	724.5	0,732	20.7
YEN	4.278	7.063	12.68	1000	42.47	10.50	14,28	9193.	9,320	263
F Ft. S.Fr.	1.007	1.663 0.673	2.987 1.208	235.5 95.21	20. 4.044	2.AT3	3.382 1.359	2164. 875.3	2194 0.887	22
H FL	0.300	0.495 0.768	0.888	70.04 108.8	2975 4.620	0.736 1.143	1 153	643.8 1000.	0.653 1.014	18.4 28.6
CS	0.459	0.758	1.36I	1073	4.557	1.127	1.532	986.3	1	28.3
BFr.		2.678	4.809	379.2	16.10	3.982	5.414	3485.	3.534	100

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING CD 00 a.m. Sept.9) 3 months U.S. dollars

bid 72) of	er 78		bid 8	1 0	ffer Bla
The fixing rates are offered rates for \$10s The banks are Nation Paris and Morgan G	n quoted by the ed Westminst	e market to f er Bank, Ba	ive referenç	e banks at 1	1,00 a.m. ea	ch working
MONEY RATE	3	-				
NEW YORK (Lunchtime)		P 10005	Treasury	Bills and 5.76 Tan 6.21 Foo	d Bonds	<u> </u>
Prime rate Bruker loan rate Fed. family Fed family Fed family Fed family at intervention	84 T 848 S 64 0	ree mouth Is mouth Pt year No year		6.57 Fine 6.98 See 7.71 10 y	year	$\equiv $
September 9	Overnight	Cae Month	Tae Ments	Three Months	Six Months	Lombert
Frankfeyt	3.70-3.80	3.85-4.00	385-4.00	385-4.00	4.20-4.35	5.0
ParkZerki	72-74	7&-7% 33-35	T-7	72:84	84-82	72
Ansiertin	53.55 3.28125	52.52	I =	32-33 52-57	I =	=
Tokys	3.28125	3.72875	– :	3.78125	(-	i –
Milan	111-124	117-125 67-62	-	12-12%	! - :	_
Dobtia	912-93	912-95	9段-9段	97-10	10%-10%	=
LONDON MO	VEY RAT	ES				<u></u>

money opened at 9% per cent and prices. Sentiment shead of these was less than bullish and period rates were marked up as a consecute was quence. Six-month interbank money was quoted at 10%-10% per cent of today, up from 10%-10% per cent of today, up from 10%-10% per cent were month of the three-month per cent were month of the three-month of the three-

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EUROPEAN STOCK/OTC MARKETS

A Euromoney Conference

The Plaza Hotel - New York City - October 1-2, 1987 ertenities for U.S. Corporations and Outlook for Institutional In Details: UK 81-236-3288 US 305-448-6593

CORPORATE SECURITY The FT proposes to publish this Survey on:

SEPTEMBER 21 1987 For further information please contact:

> NIGEL BICKNELL on 01-248 8000 Ext 3365



stance in order to contain infla-tion. At the same time tomorrow's

US trade figures are expected to be less than encouraging.

The December price in London opened at 81-30 down sharply from the previous close of 83-04 and touched a low of 81-19 before

LIFFE FT-SE 100 INDEX PUTURES CPTIONS
Strike Calls -Liest Puts-Last
Price Sept. Occ. Sept. Occ.
22750 3.15 8.20 4.25 4.25
23000 2.17 6.85 5.77 6.00
23250 1.43 5.66 7.53 7.31
23500 0.91 4.62 9.51 8.77
23750 0.55 3.73 11.65 10.38
24000 0.32 2.97 13.92 12.12
24250 0.18 2.30 16.28 13.99
24250 0.18 2.30 16.28 13.99
Estimated volume total, Calls 20 Pets 9
Previous day's open int; Calls 459 Puts 225

-Last Mar. 0.79 0.95 1.13 1.32 1.53 1.75 111 127 145 164 184 205 227

High 0.7095 0.7160 0.7225 0.7310

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IS PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE

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WORLD MARKETS

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS		WEDNES	DAY SEPTEM	(BER 9 1987		TUESO	AY SEPTEME	ER & 1987	Di	OLLAR IMI)EX
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency- Index	1987 High	1987 Low	Year ago (approx
Australia (93)	169.18	-0.7	151.92	154.04	2.43	170.35	152.19	155.39	170.35	99.92	77.94
Austria (16)		+0.0	88.36	91.73	2.25	98.35	87.86	91.65	101.62	85.53	92.8
400110 (19/		-23	114.15	117.08	4.04	130.13	116.25	120,18	134.89	96.19	92.0
Belgium (48) Canada (129)	133.59	-1.0	119.96	127.73	2.35	134.96	120.57	128.26	141.78	100.00	101.1
Jenmark (39)	117.94	-5.5	105.91	111.48	2.56	124.83	111.52	117.45	124.83	98.18	93.0
(191)	11/1/02	-0.8	103.11	108.29	2.61	115.72	103.39	108.83	121.82	98.39	96.8
TAIRE (LEL)	101.46	+0.8	91.11	94.76	2.00	100.66	89,93	93.80	104.93	84.00	94.4
vest Germany (72)	143.73	-0.3	129.07	143.90	2.49	144.12	128.75	144.32	147.36	96.89	78.9
10119 KONS (43/	143.50	1 -14	128.86	136.25	3.31	145.49	129.98	137.72	145.49	99.50	84.9
Hong Kennany (92) Hong Kenng (45) reland (14)	86.97	-0.9	78.10	84.53	217	87.73	78.37	85.10	112 11	84.22	991
Laly 1/6/	145.61	-0.8	130.75	130.28	0.52	146.71	131.07	131.41	161.28	100.00	100.2
арал (458)	179.20	+0.2	160.92	173.05	2.06	178.87	159.80	172.80	193.64	98.24	90.7
apan (458)	1/7.20	125	363.00	668.93	0.45	390.63	348.99	645.13	404.24	99.72	57.1
Mexico (14)	404.24	+3.5	112.48	115.60	3.89	125.00	111.67	115.10	131.41	99.65	96.7
letherland (37)	125.26	+0.2	118.07	111.88	266	132.71	118.56	113.30	132.71	83.93	70.6
lew Zealand (24)	131.48	-0.9		156.75	1.75	179.04	159.96	159.97	179.04	100.00	107.4
Norway (24) Singapore (27) South Africa (61)	174.98	-2.3	157.13		1.48	171.55	153.26	165.03	174.28	99.29	90.3
ingapore (27)	172.45	+0.5	154.86	165.82	3.14	187.46	167.48	135.49	198.09	100.00	99.9
South Africa (61)	184.86	-1.4	166.00	134.72		161.12		146.84	161.19	100.00	99.2
Spain (43) Sweden (33)	. 158.76	-1.5	142.56	144.99	2.74		143.94	123.03	131.45	90.85	96.0
Sweden (33)	. 130.46	-0.7	117.15	122.50	1.90	131.45	117.43			92.01	93.4
Switzerland (53)	J 107.63	+0.1	96.65	99.22	1.68	107.53	96.07	98.93	110.00		
Juited Kingdom (333)	152.38	-1.5	136.84	136.84	3.27	154.74	138.25	138.25	162.87	99.65	99.5
Inited Kingdom (333) ISA (588)	128.25	+0.1	115.17	128.25	2.86	128.07	114.42	128.07	137.42	100.00	102.7
urope (929)	126.11	-0.9	113.24	115.92	2.85	127.26	113.69	116.57	128.35	99.78	97.4
acific Basin (683)	146.46	-0.7	131.52	131.54	0.67	147.54	131.81	132.65	158.77	100.00	98.6
- 2011 C 20311 (002)	138.39	-0.8	124.27	125.31	1.46	139.50	124.62	126.24	143.65	100.00	98.1
uro - Pacific (1612)	128.53	+0.1	115.42	128.24	2.83	128.44	114.74	128.11	137.55	100.00	102.6
urope Ex. UK (596)	109.79	-0.4	98.60	102.92	2.49	110.19	98.44	103.07	111.97	98.02	96.1
acific Ex. Japan (225)	157.04	-0.5	141.02	147.21	2.40	157.81	140.99	148.13	157.85	99.92	78.5
World Ex. US (1816)	138.89	-0.8	124.72	125.82	1.52	140.01	125.08	126.72	143.38	100.00	98.2
World Ex. UK (2071)		-0.3	119.43	125.92	1.87	133.45	119.22	126.34	138.82	100.00	100.0
World Ex. So. Af. (2343)		-0.5	120.68	126.83	2.00	135.00	120.61	127.34	139,47	100.00	99.9
YOTH EX. 30. At. (2343)	129.52	-0.3	116.31	125.24	2.82	129.91	116.06	125.43	134.03	100.00	99.8
Vorid Ex. Japan (1946)	129.32	0.5									
he World Index (2404)	134.72	-0.5	120.97	126.93	2.01	135.34	120.91	127.44	139.73	100.00	99.9

EUR	OPEAN O	PTIONS	EXCH	ANGE

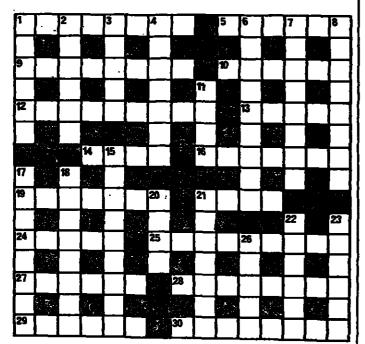
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FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 6,426

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 41,335 B=84d

C=Call

VIXEN



- ACROSS

 1 A bed-sit in the West Country for the sponger? (8)
 5 Call for silence that's the heartless lad's safeguard (6)
 9 A Communist holding others in custody (8)
 10 A hut is to be tidied up in the break (6)
 12 Tears of the inexperienced person one criticises (9)
 13 Depend on a guy keeping in key (5)
 14 Yarn connecting an army man with a politician (4)
 16 Repeat of a trite broadcast by egghead (7)
 19 A performer in a difficult part is terribly nervous (7)
 21 Figure on refuse to bring money (4)
 24 Judge a line to be about right (5)
 25 "Sleep shall neither night

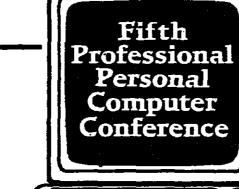
 4 Rise above plain work (7)
 6 The number stuffing poultry is increasing (9)
 7 The North-European, note, is an agitator (8)
 8 An attractive girl, Eve—and left to get in a mess! (8)
 15 Some people like a stiff drink (4)
 16 The number stuffing poultry is increasing (9)
 7 The North-European, note, is an agitator (8)
 8 An attractive girl, Eve—and left to get in a mess! (8)
 17 The North-European, note, is an agitator (8)
 8 An attractive girl, Eve—and left to get in a mess! (8)
 18 A rebellious individual ruins organisation man (9)
 19 A performer in a difficult part is terribly nervous (7)
 19 A performer in a difficult part is terribly nervous (7)
 20 Catch sight of Oriental agent (4)
 21 When playing none act natural (7)
 22 Keeping quiet about employment in an exhibition centre (6)
 23 (6)

- (5)
 (6)
 25 "Sleep shall neither night nor day hang upon his . . . lid." Shakespeare (Macbeth)
 (6)
 23 Grounds for respecting a certain issue (6)
 24 Save nothing in difficult

- (9)
 27 Serving men idle maybe, so get upbraided (6)
 28 The bounder swears but remains (8)
 29 Deny entry after the latter half of June (6)
 30 Their stock is extremely small—should grow though (8)
- up in Greece (6) 3 15 down put to flight (5)
- **DOWN** Worker must accept new lad, that's official (6)
 Article about transport set-

BASE LENDING RATES

	%		%		%
ASN 8=4	10	 Charlestonic Bank 	10	Nat Sk. of Keepit	10
Admit & Company	10	College NA	10	Nat Westernster	10
Altheol Arab (Ex Ltd	10	City Merchants Bank	10	Morthern Basik Ltd	10
ASSed Dealer & Co	10 -	Clydesdale Bank	10	Nemácio Gen. Trast	10
Allied Inth Bank	10	Comm. Bk. K. East	10	PK Fishers. Intl (UK)	10^{1}_{2}
Accericas Exp. 8k	10	Consulidated Cred	Iĝ	Provincial Trust Ltd	11
Acero Bank	10	Co-operative Bank *	10	R. Raphael & Sons	10
Heary Andreaster	10	Cypres Popular Bl	10	Recharghe 17 rantes	
AMZ Banking Group	10	Descar Lawrie	19	Royal Ek of Scotland	10
Associates Cap Corp	10	Equatir'i TstC'p pic	10	Royal Trest Bank	10
Authority & Co Ltd	10	Exeter Tires Ltd	1012	Smith & Willease Secs	10
Banco de Bilban	10	Francisi & Gen. Sec		Staniari Charterel	10
Bank Happaline	20	First Mal Fig. Comp	11	T58	
Bask Lesoni (UK)	10	First Mat. Sec. Ltd	11	UDT Martgage Exp 9	\mathbf{m}
Bank Credit & Comm	10	Robert Pleasing & Co	10	United Bit of Konset	10
Bank of Cypres	10	Rebert Fraser & Ptrs	11	United Allorati Clark	10
Bank of Ireland	10	Girobank	10	(Laity Trust PLC	10
Bank of India	10	Eriodays Bank	10	Western Treat	10
Bank of Scotland	10	● Gainness Madem		Westpac Bank, Corp	10
Bangane Belger Ltd	10	HFC Trest & Sarings	10	Whiteway Laidlan	
Bavdays Bask	10	● Harekro Bank	10	Yorkshire Back	10
Beachwark Tst Ltd	10	Heritable & Ges. Tst	10		
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London, 27 & 28 October, 1987

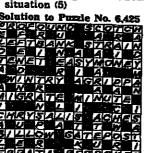
The professional personal computer business, now firmly established as a major industry in its own right, is going through major changes driven by commercial and technological pressures. The Financial Times Fifth Professional Personal Computer conference will examine these changes in the light of recent developments which are now presenting manufacturers and system builders with new challenges and opportunities. The authoritative panel of industry leaders will include:

IBM Europe

Mr Eckhard Pfeiffer

Mr Jim P Manzi President & Chief Executive Officer

Apollo Computer Inc



Mr	Brian	Utley		
Grou	p Dired	or, Work	Stations	

Senior Vice President, International Operations COMPAQ Computer Corporation

Latus Development Corporation Mr Thomas A Vanderslice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Mr Paul Helminger Managing Director ComputerLand Europe SA

Mr Gooff Shingles, CBE **Managing Director** Digital Equipment Company Limited

[6.][.	To: Financial Time Minster House, A	Onference Onference Organisation Thur Street, London ECAR SAX elec: 27347 FTCONF G Telefax: 01-	623 8 8 14
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10	deposits 5%. Savewise 7.66%. Top Tier—£2,500+ at 3 months	Adjusts TIK Consults 193.6
10	notice 9.31%. At call when	Atlanta Swiss Baltol Fo 45.7
10 Nidani Bask 18	£10,000+ remains deposited.	
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a shade off at 577p. Hammerson A. however, continued to attract

rallied 8 to 195p.
Oils opened firmer reflecting the situation in the Gulf and a rise in

international crude oil prices Brent for October delivery added

20 cents at \$18 abarrel ahead of today's meetings in Vienna of the Opec pricing and quota committees—but turned down later in the day to close with widespread falls.

But turnover in the sector remained a relatively low levels

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The clouds hovering over the US and Japanese stock markets reached out to embrace London yesterday. Government bonds fell 14 points and leading shares also dipped when investors lost confi-dence, fearing possible repercussions from the uncertainty sweepsions from the uncertainty sweep-ing both New York and Tokyo. Wall Street's performance on Tuesday set nerves tingling, although the Dow Jones index.

closed well above the worst, while another setback in the Nikkei Dow average yesterday reminded London of the far-from-rosy out-look in the Far East. The absence of any cash call by

Peninsular and Orient, mooted late the previous evening, brought some relief and equity traders were pleased with the group's mid-term earnings. These complemented trading statements from other leaders including British Telecom. BTR and BICC.
But the market soon encoun-

tered obstacles. Buyers were reluctant to commit fresh funds, and rumours of a large sell progand rumours of a large sell prog-ramme soon had marketmakers cutting dealing prices sharply. The volume of business indicated that trade was lighter than on many recent occasions, most cermajor sell-off, but the tone failed

to improve.
Professional operators began to unwind trading positions, realis-ing gains built up over the extended Account, and the sales brought sizeable losses to a range of stocks. Popular situation issues and speculative counters were among the worst hit.

New York showed a certain amount of resilience when business resumed vesterday but spirits remained downcast in London and the FT-SE 100 share index closed 25.1 down at 2,249.1 after showing a 27.6 fall at 2.48 pm. Facing a fuller economic calen-

dar next week and a possible start of when issued dealings in the first-ever long bond auction of UK stock, the Gilt-edged sector traded cautiously. Because of the over-night snake-out in the US bond market, where yields are approaching the level offered here, longer-dated Gilts opened a half-point down.

They quickly extended the losthrough the lack of support and eventually ended the session points. Sterling gave little comfort to a market currently guided by the trends of other international

in the news-the first-quarter results were announced and the annual meeting took place in the National Exhibition Centre in Birmingham. In a substantial turnover of 17m, the shares slipped a few pence on the trading results—pre-tax profits of £561m were in line with expectations—

but came under pressure on news of the retirement of Sir George Jefferson, the chairman at the end of September. Sentiment in the shares was also dented by another barrage of bad publicity in the

barrage of bad publicity in the national Press.

BICC jumped 13 to 415p and were a "real feature" according to traders who said the first-half pre-tax profits of £60.4m, 29 per cent up on the same period last year, easily outsripped the most primitive analysts' forcrasts. A optimistic analysts' forecasts. A substantial re-rating of the shares is almost certainly on the cards in

the near future, dealers said.

P & O, the shipping and property combine headed by Sir Jeffrey Sterling, moved erratically. Initially firm at 699p reflecting widespread relief that interim profits of just over £101m—well above most market estimates—had not been accompanied by a substantial rights issue, the share drifted back to settle only 3 dearer on balance at 687p.

on balance at 687p.
Fears of a large cash call depressed P & O's share price late on Tuesday, but Sir Jeffrey's comment "why should there be?" seemingly justified the scepticism expressed by a number of analysts at the group having any require-ment to raise capital in this

London International Group rose 8 to 330p as Salomon Brothers put out a buy recommendation to clients.

Analyst Steve Plag reckons that Analyst Steve riag recanns that the shares, down from a peak of 408p, have been oversold. He sug-gests group pre-tax profits will grow by more than 19 per cent per annum on a compound basis over the next five years, in the absence of any contribution from the Boots-Celltech fertility contraceptive kit.

Interest in the financial sectors was again focused on Hill Samuel, which announced on Tuesday the sacking of the two heads of its corporate finance department. Hill Samuel shares were heavily sold from the outset and dropped to 629p before steadying later and closing a net 28 down at 634p—a two-day decline of 48.

two-day decline of 48.

Dealers said the steep slide in the share price was arrested by news that the two major shareholders in the bank, Larry Adler's FAI Insurances and Kerry Pack-er's Consolidated Press, has raised their shareholdings in Hill Samuel to 14.7 per cent and 13.07 per cent respectively, following purchases of 200,000 by FAI and 450,000 by Consolidated.

The affair cast a shadow over

other merchant banks. Kleinwort Benson remained a weak market, dropping a further 23 to 528p — a two-day fall of 36 — ahead of the half-year figures due on Septem-ber 21. S. G. Warburg fell to 474p but steadied to close only 3 easier on balance at 477p. Morgan Grenfell were finally a couple of pence up at 524p, after 517p, while Hambros, reflecting a stock shortage, hardened 2 more to 363p.

The clearing banks see-sawed

Bond and share prices dip as markets show concern Leading Properties, boosted in recent days by fresh reports of buoyancy in the City of London office market and, to a lesser extent bid speculation, turned easier as light profit-taking developed Land Secartitles settled over international trends

9 8 7 4 3 ago Nigh Low Nigh Low High Low Government Secs 85.19 85.86 85.82 85.72 86.00 87.48 93.32 84.49 127.4 49.18 (8/5) (6/1) (9/1/35) (3/1/3) (8/5) (6/1) (9/1/35) (3/1/3		Sep.	Sep.	Sep.	Sea	Seo.	Year	19	87	Since Co	repliation
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Gold Mines	Fixed interest	91.52	91.60		!	92.20	94.24		(27)		
Ord. Dw. Yield 3 33 3 33 3 26 3 27 3 26 4 15 G/480 G/927 G/52833 C6/10713 Earnings Yid. %(full) 8 15 8 22 8 05 8 07 8 06 9.57 Indices Sep. 8 Sep. 7 P/E Ratio (net) (**) 15.02 14.94 15.25 15.21 15.23 12.83 Glit Edged Bargains 109.6 93.6 SEAQ Bargains (5 pm) 31,312 33,427 31,533 34,432 33,061 Glit Edged Bargains 228.9 231.9 Equity Turrever (Em) — 1071.73 804.67 1,057.39 933.01 534.86 5-Day Average 2166.2 108.1 108.9 Emity Bargains 35,333 35,792 35,730 31,443 23,095 Equity Bargains 224.6 226.8	Ordinary 🕈	37561	1775.2	1788.5	1782.1	17745	1331.1				
Earnings Yid. %(fult)	Gold Mines	448.6	454.2	458.5	451.2	452.8	302.6				43.5 (26/10/71)
P/E Ratio (net) (*) 15.02 14.94 15.25 19.21 15.23 12.83 Gilt Edged Bargains 109.6 93.6 SEAQ Bargains (5 pm) 31,312 33,427 31,533 34,432 33,061 — Equity Bargains 228,9 231,9 Equity Turnover (Em) — 1071.73 804.67 1,057.39 933.01 534.86 5-Day Average 26.8 Emity Bargains — 35,333 35,792 35,730 31,443 23,095 Equity Bargains 108.1 108.9 Exprise Bargains — 224.6 226.8	Ord. Div. Yield	3.33	3.33	3.26	3.27	3.26	4.15		S.E. AC	TIVITY	
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Equity Turnover (Em) 1071.73 804.67 1,057.39 933.01 534.86 Equity Valve 2166.2 1826.4 Equity Turnover (Em) 35,333 35,792 35,730 31,443 23,095 Galt Edged Bargains 106.1 106.9 226.8	P/E Ratio (net) (*)	15.02	14.94	15.25	15.21	15.23	12.83	Gilt Edged	Bargains	109.6	93.6
Equity Turnover (Em) 1071.73 804.67 1,057.39 933.01 534.86 5-Day Average 2166.2 1626.4 Equity Bargains 35,333 35,792 35,730 31,443 23,095 Gilt Edged Bargains 224.6 226.8	SEAQ Bargains (5 pm)	31,312	33,427	31,533	34,432	33,061		Equity Bar		228.9	231.9
Empity Bargains 35,333 35,792 35,730 31,443 23,095 Gilt Edged Bargains 106.1 108.9		_	1071.73	804.67	1,057.39	933.01	534.86			-1 2106.2	1626.4
224.6 Z26.8 Equity Bargains	Emity Bargains	_	35,333	35,792	35.730	31,443	23,095	Gilt Edged	Bargales	106.1	108.9
		-	-	352.3	506.5					2096.9	226.8 2094.7
♥ Opening 10 a.m. 11 a.m. Noon 1 p.m. 2 p.m. 3 p.m. 4 p.m.		1764.9		2.3	1755.0		1 p.m. 757.4	1755.		755.1	4 p.m.

and eventually closed with minor that the Cognac Hine operation is and Weelworths, 380p, down 9 and changes in either direction, but to be sold to Moet-Hennessy for 6 respectively. Mr George Davies' NatWest showed a 4 decline at 225m and that the Distillers CO2 Next fell 6 to 349p ahead of the 715p and Midland slipped 2 to business is also up for sale were 498p; Hongkong and Shanghai greeted favourably. 715p and Midland slipped 2 to 498p; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking denied buying the 7.5m shares that went through the market on Monday along with the 17.5m shares representing the rump of the £700m rights issue. Midland said that shareholders

rights.
Interim pre-tax profits at Prudential Corporation came out at £103m, around the top end of market forecasts, but there was slight disappointment with the dividend, dealers said, and the shares slipped back & to £10. Other life issues, firm recently in the wake of the bid for Equity and the wake of the bid for Equity and Law, gave ground on profit-taking. Legal and General suffered badly, closing 15 off at 318p and Lendon & Manchester dropped 12 to 324p. Brokers included a number of poor performers, notably Stewart Wrightson which dropped 20 to 539p and Willis Faber, 15 off at 388p. Dewey Warren, where Robert Holmes 4 Court has a 41.47 per cent stake and Kuwait Investper cent stake and Kuwait Investment Office 25.2 per cent, returned to the market after suspension and opened at 310p exrights before falling to 285p and closing at 285p ex-rights; the new years finally content at 272

had taken up 92.5 per cent of the

Brewries generally gave mod-est ground, although dealers were quick to emphasise that the undertone remained firm. A particularly lively business was transacted in Guinness, finally 2 off at 367p as investors took posi-tions ahead of the interim results which are scheduled for next Thursday; the announcements

were finally quoted at 37p

SE Activity 1974. *NU=14.77.

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 01-246 8026

business is also up for sale were in the present favourably.

A first glance at George Wimber's interim results sparked an immediate jump in the share price to 272p—profits were some as however, a more detailed analysis of the figures saw the price ease back to 260½p for a gain of 6½ on the day. Fellow housebuilder Barrat Developments gleaned some encouragement from the Wimpey results and firmed 4 to 212p, but to Costain lost 6 to 344p on Press suggestions that the recent bouyancy of the share price owed much to so far unfounded bid rumours. John Laing continued to attract buyers ahead of today's interim results and closed a shade dearer at 379p. Profit-taking developed among brick makers in the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and closed a shade dearer at 379p. Profit-taking the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and closed a shade dearer at 379p. Profit-taking the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and the wake of Wednesday's excellant the results and profit and the price settled 7 lower at 252p. Ladwood discource of an agreement with Fischer Pharmaceuticals, encountered the price settled 7 lower at 252p. Ladwood discource of an agreement with Fischer Pharmaceuticals, encountered the invertible offerings and ran back to 260½p for a gain of 6½ on the day. Fellow housebuilder Barmaceuticals, encountered the invertible offerings and ran back to 260½p for a gain of 6½ on the day. Fellow housebuilder Barmaceuticals, encountered the invertible offerings and ran back to 260½p with the A shares 15 dearer with the A shares 15 dearer at 225p as the furnity exception.

After the 19 to 3 app panean of the exceptionally firm on Tuesday. Button Tues developed among brick makers in the wake of Wednesday's excel-lent results from Distock Johnsen. Ibsteck came back 5 to 184p, while Steetley relinquished 8 at 353p. Elsewhere, Polypipe attracted sizeable demand, mainly from once source, and firmed 5 to 423p; the interim results are due on Sertember 23

September 23.
ICI drifted back to close 14 ECI drifted back to close 44 easier at £15%, while Laporte, a rising market recently, encountered light profit-taking and slipped 3 to 54sp. Brent Chemicals, reporting shortly, hardened a penny to 213p; BZW are looking for half-year profits in the region of £43m. Coalite came back 7 to 387p, but Blagden hardened a couple of pence to 210p fellowing details of a Belgian acquisition.

Stores gave ground across the board. Sizeable losses were sustained by Marks and Spencer, 225p,

45 58 30 40 16 25

28 支

60 75 38 53 17 30

57 66 34 47 21 32

215 250 190 225 170 205 155 185

62 76 38 54 22 35

2 66 47 91 31 27

390 72 85 100 3 420 48 68 84 8 460 22 42 58 22

98 63 35

10 19 - 5 10 44₂ 11 16 16 19 1 6 11 34 36

115 2 80 13 50 37

34 23 15

300 29 42 52 10 15 330 11 25 34 21 25 340 4 15 25 46 49 100 17 22 28 39 6 110 12 17 23 7 10 120 52 13 18 14 17 130 3 90 - 22 25

130 108 95

24 19 13

900 98 122 142 8 20 950 35 80 110 20 40 1000 33 60 83 45 65

360 36 53 61 7 390 19 34 42 19 420 8 23 31 38

120 20 25 30 130 14 19 25 140 8 15 20 650 95 57 68 700 16 35 47

70 = 12 42 = 5

127 8 87 18 57 47

| Nov | Feb | May | Nov | Feb | May | 50 | 70 | 82 | 15 | 25 | 32 | 30 | 50 | 45 | 70 | 77 | 82 |

19

11 21 40

85 110 135

18 36 72

10 22 27 40 70 75

6 14 35

390 35 420 17 460 5

41 18 9

44 19 6

300 72 330 45 360 18 390 8

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

around 5 per cent...55m shares— has almost cartainly been accumulated in recent weeks, dealers said.

dealers said.

Awaiting today's interim figures—the first since privatisation,—Rolls-Bayce—were actively traded before closing 3 down on the day at 111p. Some 10m shares the read hands however, continued to attract buyers on talk that a major stake may change hands and the close was 3 up at 693p; dealers expressed doubts about rumours circulating in the market on Wednesday concerning an out-right bid for the company from British Land Preperty Security and Investment, deemed oversold, rallied 8 to 1950.

changed hands. The chairman's confident statement at the annual meeting failed to sustain ASDA-MFI which drifted off to close a couple of pence cheaper at 194p; dealers were hoping to hear some rather more positive about the proposed sale of the MFI business, but the chairman stated that no news on this score is expected until next month. Rowntree encountered occasional offerings awaiting today's half-timer and settled 10 lower at 561p, but Dalgety, reporting shortly, hardened 7 more to ting shortly, hardened 7 more to 397p. Suggestions of uninspiring dairy sales depressed Unigate white closed 5 down at 370p and, echoing 'Unigate's weakness, Northern Foods shed 7 to 283p. Nurdin and Peacock dipped 10 to 181p following disappointing interior populis

interim results.

Trusthouse Forte enjoyed a lively two-way business—some 5m shares changed hands including two blocks of Im shares—and the

shares changes hands yesterday after the 19m turnover that took place on Tuesday.

Far Eastern buyers were again in the market yesterday, as London securities houses continued to sell the shares. A stake of gamed the upper hand in Rritish Acrespace, down 14 at 495p, following conflicting views on the group's prospects following the interium figures. Interium the contrast continued to respond to the bumper annual results and rose 11 more to 550p.

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987

420 443 460

-52

106 108

75 **3**6 I

MEW HIGHS (30)

Tr. 114% 1991 (*102)

State Circle (*452)

FT-SE 2150 hales 2200 (*2254) 2250 2350 2350 2400 2450

NEW HIGHS (30)

AMERICANS (1), Image Storage.

BUILDINGS (1), Polypipe. CNEMIGALS
(1), Perstop. STORES (1), Smallbone.
ELECTRICALS (2), Applied Holographics, Do Warrants.
ENGINEERING (2), Carcio Eng., Stothert and Pitt. FUODS (1), Dalgety.
IMDUSTRIALS (9), ASD, Alamasc, Brown and Tawsa, Euro Ferries Pref., Kenyon Securities, Monks and Crane, Spandex, Spear (J. W.), TNT.
INSURANCE (2), Devey Warres, FAI.
INSURANCE (2), Devey Warres, FAI.
INSURANCE (2), Devey Warres, FAI.
INSURANCE (2), Lefsure Inv.
BANKS (1), MCorp. ELECTRICALS (3), Admiral Computing, ITL Int Tects, Mitel.
INSURANCE (2), Devey Warres, FAI.
BANKS (1), Artours. TRUSTS (2), Liberty Ail-Star. Independent Resources.

MINES (1), Mosto Expin.

CALLS

Feb. May Nov. Feb. May
58 67 6 12 12
40 50 14 22 25
25 - 30 35 53 65 28 16 23
33 42 30 35 40

17 2b 21 25
122 135 37 52
70 85 67 77
47 -- 105 107
-- 95 -- 32 40
-- 62 -- --

6 10 92 14 15 19

45 56 34 46 22 33

| Sept | Dec | Mar | Sept | Dec | 140 | 32 | 42 | 50 | 1 | 8 | 150 | 44 | 15 | 180 | 4 | 18 | 30 | 14 | 24 |

67 70 --47 53 65 18 31 44 4 16 30

77 47 16 28

ē 30

- 48 26 37 15 21

25 - 18 26 9 18

29 33 16 23 9 13

120 175 24 70 95 150 50 95 75 130 85 125 57 305 130 155 43 87 180 190

5 22

3¹2 10 21

85 - 1 55 72 3 27 42 26 12 25 70

to announce interims on Friday, lost 6 to 305p. Barmah eased 3 to 596p in front of today's half-timet, Greenwell are going for pre-tax profits of £52.5m against £37.6m in the same period last year. Triceatrel, 3 cheaper at 117p. also report interim results today.

Although below the levels established on Tuesday, traded option volume still amounted to a respectable 40,509 contracts. Call trading highlighted BP which attracted 4.297 trades, 2,000 of which were struck in the January 330 series. Activity in puts was dominated by British Gas which contributed 9,473 trades to a put total of 19,722. Most of the business in the class was directed on the October and April 180 series which recorded 4,001 and 5,450 trades respectively.

Traditional Options

First dealings Sept 1
Last dealings Sept 18
Last declaration Dec 3

trades respectively.

• For Settlement Dec 14
For rate indications see end of London Share Service Call options were taken out in Southend Stadium, Wheway, Astra Holdings, Howard Holdings, FKI, Habings, Howard Heldings, FAL,
Platignum, Storehouse, Moergace
Mercantile, Metal Boz, Ahaco,
Amstrad, Carless Capel, Virgia,
Greenwich Resources, New
England Properties, Control
Securities, Sound Diffusion,
Trinnoco and Unigate, Puts were arranged in Aquascutum A and Preperty Trust, while double options were transacted in Eleca Holdings and Acorn Computers.

remained a relatively low levels according to dealers who said much of the day's business was done between market makers.

British Gas remained out of favour and dipped 2½ to 167p, while BP, after initially edging up to 368p, settled 6 off at 360p. Shell were ½ off at \$13%. British suffered a sharp reversal with the shares slipping 8 to 315p, after an early 325p. Enterprise, scheduled TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

ı	- Accords	Volume DOO's	Closing	Cysnae nal.z	Stock	OOC's	· Drice	
3	Stock					2,700	447	-7
	ASDA-MFI	3,800 2,200	194	-21 ₂ -4	Ladbroke	1,600		<u>-1</u>
	Allied Lyons	3,000	415 169	-73	Legal & Gez	1,700	577 318	-1
;	Arretrad	2,200 2,200	410	-‰	Lloyds Bank	813	358	
3	Assoc. Brit. Foods	2200 89	361		Lonrito	1,600	304	+3
	BAT	1,500	£52	6	LICES	519	728	-ž
•	BET	533	245	-4	MEPC	1,400	544	
ı	BICC	1,900	415	+13	Marks & Spencer	6.200	544 225	-9
2	80C	994	536	-1	Midland Bank	3 000	498	-2
	80C 8P8 inds	310	393	-4	Natwest Bank	1,500	715	-4
•	8DCC	1,400	374	-10	Next	761	349	-6
•	BTR	3.700	344	-6	PearsonP & 0	429	777	-8
	Bartlays	895	568		P&0	2,200	687	+3
	Bass	237	977	-2	Pilidington Bros	1,000	296	_
•	Beecham	3,200	531 452	+2 -11	Plessty Prudertial	3,900	184	-3
ł	Bitte Circle	1,000	304	-4	Racal	727 6,900	£10 295%	_8
•	Brit, Airways		304 197	_	Rank Org.	267	684	-1
3	Brit. Aero	1,800	495	-14	DUM VERT OF SERVICE	1,000	321	-6
3	Reft & Course	626	486	3	RHMRecktt & Col	456	ញ់ធ	ŦĬ.
E	British Gas	10.000	167	-2-2	Rediand	545	519	+1 +1
	Britoil	4.100	315	-82	Reed Intl	541	529	-11
í	'BP	7.400	368	-6 ⁻	Renters	179	861	-3
•	Brit, Telecom	17,000	262	− ₹	RMC	708	487	-3
•	8wg1	1,500	235	-2	RTZ	539	Ω2 7	-
_	Burton	1,200	302	-3	Rolls-Royce	9,900	ш,	-3
	Cable & Wire	16,000	452	+2	Roundree	1,000	561	-10
	Carbury Schwps	4,900	269	-4	Ryi Bank Scotland	283	398	- <u>1</u>
	Coats Vivella	285	365 364	-8	Royal Insurance	1,300	553	-2
	Comm. Union	1,000	204 £144⊾	-1 +4	STCSaatchi	4,500 664	2887 ₂ 642	-51 +1
Ł	Cors. Gold	658 410	812	3*∵	Sainsbury	359	267	Ħ
	Cookson	188.	485	-î	Scott & Newcastle	2,300	248	4
	Dee Corps	2,900	223	<u>ج</u> څ .	Sears	3,700	1652	
	Divine Govern	598	363	-i	Sedgre/kk	680	295	-3 -2
:	Dixons Group English China Clays.	893	478	-2	Shell Traps	1.900	£133.	
i	Fisons	812	353		Swith & Nephew	2,700	16312	-2
Ł	Gen. Accident	609	EIO,		Standard Chart	A18	800	-9
٠	Gen, Elect	2,900	210	-3	Storehouse	2,300	364	_
	Glazo	2,000	£168	-6	Sun Alliance	103	£104	_
	Globe Investment	373	17712	-b	T\$8	3,200	142	-1
	Gracada	3,300	333	- ∳	<u> Tavet</u>	2,400	298	-4
,	Grand Met	516 552	536	– 8	Tesco	1,100	183	-3
	GUS "A" Georgian R.E	562 312	EES#	-} -}	Toom EMI Trafaigar House	249	664	4
	GKN	1,400	£10% 383½	<u> </u>	Thouse Forte	195 6.000	364 252	- <u>1</u>
	GUIGNESS	£ 800	367	-ź	Vitramer	2400	200	- 2
١	Hadieserson	6,400 1,300	<i>6</i> 93	+3	Unigate	2,400 1 100	200 370	-4
ı	Hanson Trust	4.200	1872	-2-	linkeer	1 106	614	-5 -
Į	Hawker Skid	234	573 °	-5	United Biscuits	385	319	=
1	Hillsdown Hides	4,200 234 2,500 -	317	- 3	Wellcome	1,100 385 1,200	437	
ļ	Hillsdown Hidgs	2/00	£153a	<u> </u>	WINDLESDW	466	345	-2
	Jaguar	1,100	539°	3	Woolworth	466 1,700	360	-ī
1	l					-		_
		rises	S AND	FAL	LS YESTERD	AY		
1	11							

rises and falls y	ESTER	DAY	
British Funds Corporations, Dominion and Foreign Bonds Industrials Financial and Properties Plantations Mines Whiters	Rises	Falls 110 17 722 194 53 1 76 137	Same 2 38 612 307 45 12 83 64
Totals	436	1,310	1,163

LONDON RECENT ISSUES

EQU	EQUITIES										
issue Price	Assosat Pald	Lates Research	ľ	X87	Stack	Closing	+ 00	NeL		Gross	
170g	•	Date	High	Low	<u> </u>	Prior	-	Diz.	Cov'd	Yield	Re
\$110	F.P.	1879	121	108	Adscene	108	-3	125		3.2	22
245	100	2845	147	130	BAA	135		166	24	32	127
11	F.P.	-	84	65	BHP Gold Mines ASO.25	. 77		ii			١-
80	F.P.	I ==	108	85	*ChemEx, Intl	101	+11	I —	l I	_	1-
\$50	F.P.	97	22	68	#Corp. Estates Props. Sp	. 76	-2	(42.75)	24	13	İ43
10	F.P.	-	124	2	EFM Dragon Trust Sp.	124	-4	i ⊸	l — I	I — I	, <u> </u>
700	F.P.		114	103	F'st Spanishtmy.Tst_Upits	. 209		.	l — i	_	١.
111		~	118	25	#Goldehouse Grp. 1p	95	-5	l —'	_		3
	F.P.	-	100	70	Do, Warrants	_70		· —	l — i	 	-
121	F.P.	26-8	154	.78	Ketson	143	+4	! —	i — i	 -	i -
\$140 \$100	F.P.	2000	215 145	180 108	Kingsgrange 10p	195		225	26	26	29
92	F.P.	∼	126	114	Klagston Oli & Gas 50p	118			11	l — 1	-
1001	FF.	=	155	116 115	Leating Leisure	117		0.9	3.1	2.0	33
1007	F.P.	=	98	55	*Medirace 10p	153	-2	_	_ !	_	-
6110	F.P.	4/8	281	185	Moorgate Inv. Warr,	90			! — I		۱.
50.58	F.P.		SIT.	525	Portugal Fund \$0.01	256		RLS	42	0.8	40
120000	F.P	25/8	118	95	PRural Planning 30.	\$1712		l —	I — !	l — I	-
· _1	F.P.	~	118	104	Stoger&Fr dlander 100 _	93	i -	RLA	29	24	20
10	F.P.		166	143	Zetters Leisure 10p.	108 163	+2		- 1	— I	
	•		100		Zecters Leisure 100.	عمد		115	3.7	13	29
FIX	FIXED INTEREST STOCKS										
later .	Amo	ad La		100	-				1	-	_

Price	Amount Paid	Latest Remov			Stock	Closing	1.
E	#	Dane	High	Low		Price	1.
Wig	FR. FR. FR. FR. FR. FR. MI	25-9 17/11 25-9	1950 9912 1459 100 1001 1002 2532 2709 3990	130p 99 993 ₁ 100 123 ₄ 200p 2ppm	Capital & Counties 53/% Car. Prf. ChesterBeld Props Stape Cr. Car. Prf. Merill tall. Carn. Red. Car. Prf. Wirds Angles 10% Set 19/98 Do. 10/3 % Set. 22/8/88 Do. 10/3 pr. 12/9.88 Do. 10/3 pr. 12/9.88 North Housing Assoc. 58/% God.in. 2037 Do. Zero Corp. Lr. 2027 Yelserton Inn. 8% Car. Una. Ln. 1997	103p 991 ₂ 140p 994 994 100 151 ₂ 215p 10pm	1
trase Price	Antoni Pald	Lmest Resund Date		987 Low	Stock	Closing Price	+0
280 8 166 650	ATE ME ME	Ē	24pm 24pm 3pm 103pm	20pm 10pm 11-pm	BOM Holdings	24pm 13pm 13pm	77

_T	NII	25/9	270p 3ppm	200p 2000	Do. Zero Corp. La. 2027 Yeherton tor, 8% Cov. Usa. La. 1997		_				
RIGHTS" OFFERS											
Issue Price	Automi Pald	Latest Resursc			Smit	Closing					
TIME	-	Date	High	Lipe	1	Price D	+0				
280	AIK		24m		AAF						
. 6	樋	i	24pm	10pg		24pm	+4				
166	NE	_	3pm			13pm	-1				
6 166 450 330 810 37 50	Ne		103cm			11 ₂ 0m					
330	制	9710	40pm;			98pm	-5				
810	NE	970	42mm			17pm	+1				
37	Na	1970	24pm			10 upm					
30	MII :	7/10	162pm				-1				
27	MI		37pm								
32 90	WIL	23/10	98pm	(83pm	Downlearae 10p	37pm					
<u>, 20</u>	NH	27/10	36pm				-8				
182	MU		_2,700	, spon	FIG Electrical 10p	25pm	-3				
90	NE	159	1400	_Spm	Goal Pet. 50 SGoothead Print 20p Keiteck Trace In	-epm					
190	MH	167	26pm	16pm	9-Goodhead Print 20n	13pm	+12				
57	NS	169	900	5pm	Kellock Trest 1p	16pm	-2				
45	NA	239	2400	l inter	Norfolk Capital Sp.	Spor :					
400	NII	2/10	535pm	500pm	Owen & Robinson Sp.	_ 14200					
65	NB	14/10	43m	26pm	Paul (M) Leisure Sp.	535pm					
83	NI .		24 ¹ 2001	20pm	Queens Most	26pm	-2				
184 210	NIL	.16/10	23pm	16pm	Robertson Research 10pm	20pm	-242				
	MH	5/10	700	11 _{20m}	*Huchenod Hidgs 10p		-1 ⁻				
140	NN		Sport	13,000	Stage: & Friedlande 10p						
	NU	2/10	_36pm	26pm	Startey (A.G.) 5p.	_2pm,	-1				
35	NI	610	71200	22	Tabes 50	36pm					
	MI	30/10	51 pm			61 _{SDER}	-12				
-	مدد مدا				Uptes (E.)	48pm	-2				
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ad on or	papachus	ne nikite	ر ماحادر م احادالک		to divident and yield after scrip issue. F	ne gerigging District	en no				
er offici	d egissel	er for 1	907 I E	چىلىدىمىد ئىمىدىداراد	ed dividend and yield after scrip issee. F for 1986/7. H. Dividend and Yield base	ALTERNATION OF	-				

FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EQUITY GROUPS	W	/ednes	Wednesday September 9 1987						Fri Sep	Year ago (approxi)
F	& SUB-SECTIONS Igures in perestheses show number of stocks per section	index No.	Day's Change %	Est. Earnings Yleid% (Max.)	Gross Din. Yield% (Act at (27%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	ni adi. 1987 ta date	Index No.	index No.	lasten No.	Index No.
1	CAPITAL GOODS (212)	954.96	-0.9	7.22			14.50	964.88			
2	Building Materials (30)	1209.09		7.54	2.90		17.82	1217.90		,	825.93
3	Contracting, Construction (33)	1734.26		6.95	2.80	19.29	26.05	1737.86			
4	Electricals (12)	2457.43		4.91	2.76		41.07	2460.35	2477.54		
5	Electronics (35)	1993.06		8.08	2.50		33.73				
6	Mechanical Engineering (60)	516.18 567.49	-1.1 -0.9	7.71 7.87	3.28 2.88	16.32 17.17	8.99 6.86	521.92 572.49			
8	Metals and Metal Forming (7)	381.54	-8.8	7.66	2.00 2.91	15.29	5.40	384.65	577.60 384.63		286.54
30	Other Industrial Materials (21)	1652.38		5.77	3.91	20.59	24.27	1671.73			
21	CONSUMER GROUP (184)	1298.45		619		20.62	16.52	1313.28	1317.50		250
22	Brewers and Distillers (22)	1178.62	-89	7.95	3.03	15.93	15.79	1189.42			
25	Food Manufacturing (24)	997.08	-0.8	7.27	3.09	17.82	15.60		1011.01	1014.29	
26	Food Retailing (16)	2402.62	-13	6.01	2.42	22.15	36.46		2442.48		
27	Health and Household Products (10)	2435.63	-0.6	4.19	1.65	27.87	16.41	26056	2466.12		
29	Leisure (31),,	1379.30		5.95	3.20	20,98	24.25	1397.28	1481.05	1383.36	935.86
31	Padaging & Paper (15)	673.12	-11	6.38	2.67	29.64	8.51	688.34			47.52
32	Publishing & Printing (14)	4627.57		4.49	3.07	28.52	59.63	46%.80	4717.14		
34	Stores (36)	1065.50	-1.7	6.64	2.73	20.46	13.30	1084.26	1004.39		
35	Textiles (16)	831.99	-1.1	7.44	2.69	15.60	11.83	841.22	839.29		
40 41	OTHER GROUPS (87)	1122.68 1689.19	-11	7.72	3.14	16.17	18.12	1134.84	1141.52		788.92
42	Agencies (16)	1459.94	-0.4 -1.2	3.59 6.73	1.33 3.12	36.65 18.18	14.64 31.48	1695.46	16%.27		_0.0
43	Chemicals (22)	1420.44	-12	7.31	331	15.66	20.26	1477.15 1437.26	1477,9 <u>1</u> 1447,48		778.38
45	Shipping and Transport (11)	2257.95		7.12	3.53	18.69	39.02	2258.93	22/LSt		1565.94
47	Telephone Networks (2)	1063.92	-1.9	9.53	3.80	13.99	18.98	1084.85		1080.57	77.36
48	Miscellaneous (24)	1658.94	-0.5	9.18	2.84	13.00	21.14	1660.02		1666.12	
49	INDUSTRIAL GROUP (483)	1176.72	-1.1	6.88	2.84	18.35	16.81	1189.36		1188.26	859.52
51	Oil & Gas (17)	2187.94	-1.3	7.55	4.31	16.39	56.53		2232.30		
59	500 SHARE INDEX (500)	1262.59	-1.1	6,98	3.06	18.04	20.24	1276.66	1282 28		983.68
61	FINANCIAL GROUP (118)	823,74	-0.6		3.71		16.87	828.99	824.97	819.97	619.16
62	Banks (8)	823.26	-8.3	16.21	4.72	8.15	25.65	826.10	817.18		634.66
65	Insurance (Life) (9)	1104.55	-21		3.87	- 25	21.89				
66	Insurance (Composite) (7)	628.42	-0.2	_	4.39	_	13.39	629.93	620.46	£28.61	48948
67	Insurance (Brokers) (9)	1202.06	-17	9.26	4.71	13.83	26.47	1222.90		1229.32	
68	Merchant Banks (11)	484.35	-1.1	_	2.82	~	6.92	499,73	492.44	493.76	351.21
69	Property (46)	1282.99	-0.2	3.78	2.31	34.26	13.34	1285.09	1285,49	1264.12	773.15
70	Other Financial (28)	560.32	0.5	5.96	2.73	21.27	7.91	563.68	561.66	561.64	352.88
71	Investment Trusts (92)	1132.49		- 7	2.14		13.02	1132.08	1133.76	1136.28	809.53
81	Mining Finance (2)	676.24	+0.7	4.99	2.46	23.01	6.79	<i>67</i> 1.21	674.90	677.33	297.21
91	Overseas Traders (10)	1213.46		7.47	3.88	15.90	29.58	1214.18	1718.30		689.23
99	ALL-SHARE INDEX (722)	1150.58	<u>-0.9</u>		3.12		19.00	1261.58	1164.92	1161.14	\$22.63
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1 2 3 4	Irredeemables	120.48 133.32 140.55 154.58 131.24	-9.28 -0.30 -1.09 -1.11 -0.69	120.82 134.39 142.10 156.32 132.15	- - -	7.68 9.88 9.48 8.81	7	Afediana Coupers High Coupers	5 years	9.82 10.47 19.23 19.00 10.55 16.40 10.04	9.70 10.31 19.08 9.85 10.39 18.26 9.90 9.92	9.51 9.89 9.81 9.68 9.96 9.98 9.79 9.39
6 7 8	All stocks Index-Linked 5 years Over 5 years All stocks	119.46 111.34 111.85		119.64 112.03 112.49	- 6.20 0.18	9.11 2.18 2.60 2.55	13 14 15	Bebs &	5yrs Over 5 yrs 5 yrs Over 5 yrs 5 years	347 438 341 437	3.42 4.05 3.35 4.04	3.70 3.44 2.45 3.29
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pening index 2275.0; 10 am 2263.0; 11 am 2260.8; Noon 2250.5; 1 pm 2252.7; 2 pm 2249.8; 3 pm 2248.8; 3.30 pm 2254.5; 4 pm 2253.2

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Continued on Page 41

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FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS



Dow edges up amid sporadic efforts at rally

WALL STREET

SPORADIC attempts at a rally surfaced on Wall Street yesterday as the pace of trading moderated, and blue chips, after a number of false starts, took the broader market slightly higher, writes Gordon Cramb in New York.
The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age closed 4.15 up at 2, 549.27. Advancing issues managed an 812 to 759 big board lead over declines as the NYSE composite index crawled 0.20 higher to 175.79. Volume at 164.9m shares was sharply below the 242.9m units which changed hands on Tuesday.

Debt markets discovered a firmer foothold after the tumbling prices have taken in the past week, but aggressive buying remained absent.

In the stock market, Texas banks showed muted responses to the rescue of First City Bancorp, its own shares reopening \$4 down at just \$1%. First RepublicBank, strengthened by its June merger with interFirst, edged up \$1/4 to \$21.

MCorp, which hopes to see through alone its attempts to improve asset quality, was steady at

Of the money centre banks, Bankers Trust rose \$\% to \$45 on consideration of its \$250m share issue. This only partially restored a £2 fall on Tuesday, though. Citicorp at \$58% was down \$%.

Airlines showed some sharp adjustments as the industry attempts discounting continues to be found stricted to certain flights. However, a number of the larger internal car- cent. riers are now attempting to in-

good August traffic figures. Texas
Air, which owns Eastern among
CANADA others, went \$1 higher to \$26% in active dealings. Delta added \$½ to

ment retains hotel and car hire in. announced tomorrow.

SOUTHAFRICA

the market.

Among blue chip gold stocks, Vaal Reefs shed R2.50 to R465, Rand-

\$1 to \$213, almost recouping the previous session's \$1¼ fall. Although some profits have now been taken, comment about its new cholesterol agent remains enthusiastic, Eli Lilly at \$92% was down \$1. SmithKline Beckman shed 5% to \$57%. Carter-Wallace, a drugs and toiletries group, picked up \$\% to

Ames Department Stores, heading the big-board actives, was shoved \$3% downward to \$18% as a large block was unloaded. This followed an overnight announcement of an earnings slump and an inquiry into inventory shortages. The Limited, sales patterns which had been found disappointing, eased \$% more to \$40 after Drexel Burnham Lambert crossed one

200,000-unit parcel at that price. Philip Morris, among those stocks which moved ex-dividend yesterday, still managed to firm \$% to \$110%. Loews, which has interests in tobacco, insurance and hotels, advanced \$1% to \$81.

\$63% on improved annual earnings of \$3.81 a share against \$3.45. Gen-Hale and Cadbury Schweppes.

Credit markets viewed unhappily a further run-up in the federal funds rate to touch 8 per cent. Although this largely reflected settlement day pressures, operators were not much impressed with the auon domestic tourist routes, for seats thorities offer of \$2bn in customer requiring advance purchase and re-repurchase arrangements to aid li-

None the less, federal bonds crease prices on heavily used busi-ness routings.

Note the ress, reteat builds found some stability and at the 30-year end managed a 12 rally to

operator of United is returning to prices in Toronto, as did estimates its core business but for the mo- of the US trade deficit for July to be

In the technology sector IBM blue chips posted gains. Seagram, dipped 5% to \$157% while the re- which reported higher second quarcently preferred Digital Equipment, ter earnings, gained CS% at CS97%. unveiling a new product range, Alcan advanced CS% to CS42 and shed S% to \$182. Unisys at \$41% was base metals were mixed despite an \$1% better and Control Data on advance by Noranda which was up

and Harmony lost R1 to R54.50.

Diamond and platinum shares

Mining houses were also easier.

followed golds down. De Beers eas-

A WEAKER bullion price caused gold shares in Johannesburg to close mostly easier in light trading. There was some selective buying and selling from London evident in

fontein lost R2 to R428 and Driefontein slipped R1.50 to R92.

sults, Campbell Soup was up 🖏 at eral Cinema weakened \$1% to \$53% on its nine-month outcome which it said was held back by costs of its in-

quidity. Funds edged back to 7% per

AMR, parent of American Air-leave the 8% per cent issue at 92% lines, ran up \$2 to \$57%, also on where it yielded 9.63 per cent.

53%. FEARS OF rising interest rates and Allegis receded \$% to \$96% – the inflation continued to depress share

Against the lower trend, selected

Among the cheaper issues, Si Helena moved down R1.50 to R63.50

3000

up DM3 at DM752.

ed 50 cents to R52.50, Rustenburg DM355. Industrial shares closed mostly

Poll upset for Danish markets

BOND AND SHARE prices fell sharply in Copenhagen yesterday following the unexpected outcome to Tuesday's parliamentary elections, which produced no clear result, write Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen and Alison Mait-land in London.

The weakness of the Danish

krone on the foreign exchange markets, where it fell to DKr388.25 per DM100 before firming slightly, also under-mined the securities markets. In the equity market, where capitalisation is only about 15 per cent that of the bond market, the share price index tumbled

nies, both heavily dependent on movements in the bond market, were hard hit, with falls of 5 per

11.5 per cent to 204.88 and all sec-

cent to 10 per cent.

Among blue chips, Dansk Suk-kerfahrikker lost DKr19, or 6 per cent, to DKr299, Jyske Bank was down DKr45 at DKr520, a fall of 8 per cent, and Privathanken fell DKr25, or 8.7 per cent, to

DKr262.

points lower but there were signs of recovery after the official close, when the popular 2006 9 per cent mortgage bonds were traded % of a point above the of-

Brokers stayed open through-out Tuesday night and there was substantial late-night dealing as Local dealers believe that markets are likely to stabilise again after last night's upset for the ruling coalition. J.P. Brokers

theless, be a new non-socialist Government, so little had

In London, Mr Brian Knox of Kleinwort Grieveson said the re-sults had left Denmark "on a tightrope".

'It couldn't be a more desperately ambiguous result," he said.
"The immediate future looks pretty messy... People on the whole want to wait and see if a viable-looking Government gets put together."

Brokers Phillips & Drew also took the view that the market was in for a period of uncertainty, especially if fresh elections had to be held and the krone remained under pressure. "It's not a market where you're going to see the best return on your money for the next month or so," said

EUROPE

Small-lot selling sends Brussels sharply lower

LONDON

The FT-SE 100 index closed 25.1 lower at 2,249.1 and the FT Ordinary was down 19.1 at

desbank sold DM98.7m of paper af-

Amsterdam drifted quietly higher although uncertainty over the dol-

lar and US trade deficit figures

dampenend buying interest. The

ANP-CBS index, calculated at mid-

session, slipped 0.2 to 330.8 and did

not take into account a mild rally

stable dollar to partially recover

from a spate of selling and wide

spread losses the previous day. The

Crédit Suisse index added 22 to

In the industrial sector, Alusuisse

bearers were up SFr5 to SFr880 af

ter the company reported a return to the black in the first half of 1987

Paris remained subdued as inve

tors were sidelined awaiting the US

July trade figures due out tomor

row. Continuing weakness on the fi

nancial futures market and longer term concern over the dollar also

The CAC index slipped 1.6 to

Blue chips were mainly weaker with Lafarge Coppée losing FFr23 to FFr1,680, Thomson-CSF slipping

FFr18 to FFr1,338 and Peugeot

Oslo ended a string of seven con-

secutive records and closed sharply

Nickel, Cash

(London)

down FFr17 at FFr1,594.

depressed activity.

429.1.

following broad restructuring.

595.5 in moderate turnover.

ter selling DM7.4m on Tuesday.

1,756.1. Details, Page 38.

bourses in Europe move gently tors remained cautious over the long-term prospects for the US cur-rency. Belgian shares suffered from a second day of sell orders and to profit-taking after recent adv-

Brussels was hit by a wave of selling orders, particularly from private investors which pushed the market sharply lower. The Brussels stock index lost 126.4 to 5,021.4, its largest one-day fall for more than Brokers said that the end of the

and Wall Street's recent losses depresed the market, while speculation was felt to be over in major holding company Société Générale. A major loser was blue chip oil group Petrofina, which closed BFr700 lower at BFr12,850. Royal Dutch was down BFr75 at BFr4,775 late in the session.

summer run, an overbought market

Blue chips posted selected gains with Unilever up Fl 2.30 to Fl 136.80, and Solvay shed BFr100 to Holdings followed the trend with Akzo adding FI 1.90 to FI 189.20 and GBL BFr80 lower at BFr4,100 and Royal Dutch up 20 cents to Fl 260.
Sidro down BFr100 at BFr2,500. Reserve, the share of Société Générale, slipped BFr40 to BFr3,660 on

Frankfurt was helped by the more stable dollar and a few large buying orders which lifted prices modestly higher after a weak

Daimler-Benz showed the way upwards with a gain of DM40.50 to DM1.092.50 on a report that it planned to buy a 5 per cent stake in the French electronics and defence group Matra. Buying was also spurred by its plans for a joint ven-ture with Mitsubishi of Japan.

Other cars followed the lead with VW rising DM4 to DM402 and BMW

Among banks, Deutsche Bank added DM1.50 to DM682, Commerzbank firmed DM2 to DM295 and Dresdner edged up DM2.50 to Bonds ended firmer in a technical

Industrials posted the largest de-THE CLOUDS hovering over the clines with Hafshund losing NKr23 to NKr640 and Orkla Borregaard US and Japanese stock markets reached out to embrace London terday. Government bonds

down NKr23 at NKr586. Stockholm moved lower as interiell 1¼ points and leading shares est rate fears and the overnight fall also dipped when investors lost on Wall Street hurt the market. The

J & P index fell 7.1 to 3,087.8 in active trade.

Milen fell across the board in light trading with insurers and blue chips posting the largest declines. The MIB stock index dropped 6 to 833 as uncertainty over the 1988 budget was compounded by a call

for a vote of confidence over the

Government's decision to send a na-

Madrid moved broadly lower on profit-taking pushing the general index 5.38 lower to a close of 306.92.

Nikkei drops as telecom stocks fall from grace

TOKYO

TELEPHONE and telecommunications stocks turned sharply lower on profit-taking in Tokyo yesterday and took the Nikkei stock average below 25,000 for the first time in a month, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The index slid 266.16 points to 24,937.93, falling below 25,000 for the first time since August 7 when it closed at 24,937.93. Turnover increased from Tuesday's 546.07m to 620.03m shares. Declines outnumbered advances by 595 to 301, with

144 issues unchanged. Nippon Steel, Kawasaki Steel and other large-capital steel stocks were among the best performers. Some stocks related to Nippon Telegraph and Telephone (NTT) fell

on profit-taking after the previous day's strong gains largely initiated by securities companies' buying. OKI Electric Industry ended Y5

up at Y853 after surging Y23 at one step on an active volume of 31.18m shares. Toyo Communication Equipment shed Y90 to Y1.950, lower on heavy profit-taking. The all-share index fell 6.74 to 411.00 in Tamura Electric Works was down Y50 at Y1,230, Ando Construction lost Y30 to Y865 and Fujikura Cable Works shed Y15 to Y850.

By contrast, Iwatsu Electric advanced Y100 to Y1,180 and Nitsuko closed Y280 up at Y1,900 after gaining a maximum Y300 to Y1,940 at one stage, reflecting the widespread view that their prices were far too low compared to other NTT-linked

High-technology issues were sold almost across the board after firm performances the previous day. Selling was triggered by rumours that a major monthly magazine will publish a story on Japanese companies which have allegedly violated the rules of the Paris-based Coordinating Committee (Cocom) for controls on exports to the Communist

THE SECURITIES Exchange of Thailand (SET) yesterday opened a separate trading board exclusively for foreign-owned, legally registered shares, Reuter reports

from Bangkok. It will guarantee foreigners that shares they buy are legally held despite strict limits on foreign ownership, officials said. Some foreigners have been un-

able to register shares they have bought because overseas owner ship has already reached or exded the legal limit. That laws limit foreign ownership to 25 per cent of commercial banks and 49 er cent of most other compa-

Officials said foreign shareholders could try to sell shares on the main board if they could not find buyers on the new board.

The move is part of SET efforts which has already contributed to the Thai bourse's strong rally over the past 15 months.

NEC eased up Y10 to Y2,000, Mitsubishi Electric lost Y15 to Y599 and Sony was down Y160 at Y4,890.

Fujitsu closed Y30 lower at Y1,290 on the fifth largest volume of 13.07m shares, after shedding Y50 at one point in the session. Large-capitals sprinted ahead on

rumours that the Bank of Japan may reduce its discount rate. Kobe Steel headed the active list, with 60.95m shares traded, and firmed Y25 to Y305. Nippon Steel gained Y13 to Y347 and Kawasaki Steel added Y12 to Y297.

The cash bond market fell sharply following steep declines of fu-

The yield on the 5.1 per cent government bond maturing in June 1996 rose from Tuesday's 5.350 per cent to 5.440 per cent in block trading on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

HONG KONG

THE WAVE of selling and profitin Hong Kong in heavy trading, pushing the Hang Seng index down 23.90 to 3,577.64 for a two-day loss of 68,69.

The Hong Kong index ended 12.40 lower at 2,351.70 in trading worth nearly HK\$2.3bn. Most major sectors fell but the utility index.

The utility sector saw Hongkong Telephone rise 40 cents to HK\$15.80

amid rumours of an imminent Most active stock was Hongkong Bank, off 20 cents at HK\$10.60

SINGAPORE

FOREIGN and local buying was interspersed with some profit-taking in Singapore but the mood remained more bullish than last veek. The Straits Times industrial index added 5.90 to 1,464.17 and volume edged up to 30.8m shares.

Among actively traded stocks, Sime Darby held steady at S\$3.54 on 919,000 shares after its recent gains. Blue chip gains included most of the banks as well as Inchcape, 15 cents higher at SS6.80,

AUSTRALIA

FALLS ON major world markets gave Australian investors the jit-ters and the All Ordinaries index lost 19.3 points to 2.188.5 in fairly heavy national turnover of 175m

dampened by lower New York commodity prices. Resources leader BHP ended 5 cents easier at A\$10.15.

Banks ended mixed after strong gains earlier in the week.

Maria Carlo

a Bergin

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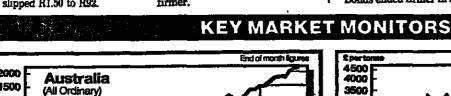
Two-by-two seating. Generous leg room. And more. Individual service from dedicated staff through- fort and privacy. In a class of its own. out the trip. A completely redesigned interior.

A wide choice of high quality meals - served with carefully selected chateau bottled wines.

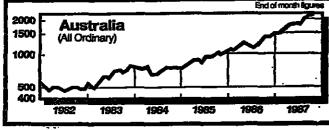
A uniquely Dutch compliment - colourful tiles to take home. Plus those small touches which make all the difference. Toothpaste and toothbrush. A shaving kit. And an eye mask.

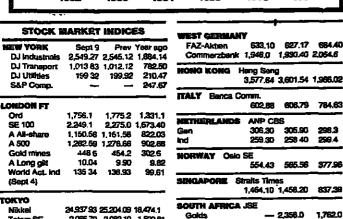
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